



# RF Power LDMOS Transistor

## N-Channel Enhancement-Mode Lateral MOSFET

This 220 W CW high efficiency RF power transistor is designed for consumer and commercial cooking applications operating in the 2450 MHz ISM band.

**Typical Performance:**  $V_{DD} = 26 \text{ Vdc}$ ,  $I_{DQ} = 50 \text{ mA}$

Frequency (MHz)	Signal Type	$G_{ps}$ (dB)	PAE (%)	$P_{out}$ (W)
2400	CW	14.0	61.5	230
2450		13.9	62.0	224
2500		11.5	61.8	214

### Load Mismatch/Ruggedness

Frequency (MHz)	Signal Type	VSWR	$P_{in}$ (W)	Test Voltage	Result
2450	CW	> 10:1 at all Phase Angles	20 (3 dB Overdrive)	28	No Device Degradation

### Features

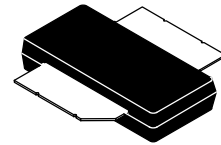
- Characterized with series equivalent large-signal impedance parameters and common source S-parameters
- Internally pre-matched for ease of use
- Qualified for operation up to 28 Vdc
- Integrated ESD protection
- 150°C case operating temperature
- 225°C die temperature capability

### Target Applications

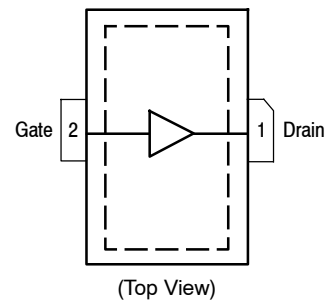
- Consumer cooking
- Commercial cooking

## MHE1003N

**2450 MHz, 220 W CW, 26 V  
 RF POWER LDMOS TRANSISTOR  
 FOR CONSUMER AND  
 COMMERCIAL COOKING**



**OM-780-2L  
 PLASTIC**



Note: Exposed backside of the package is the source terminal for the transistor.

**Figure 1. Pin Connections**



**Table 1. Maximum Ratings**

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Drain-Source Voltage	$V_{DSS}$	-0.5, +65	Vdc
Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GS}$	-6.0, +10	Vdc
Operating Voltage	$V_{DD}$	28, +0	Vdc
Storage Temperature Range	$T_{stg}$	-65 to +150	°C
Case Operating Temperature Range	$T_C$	-40 to +150	°C
Operating Junction Temperature Range (1,2)	$T_J$	-40 to +225	°C
Total Device Dissipation @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Derate above 25°C	$P_D$	833 4.17	W W/°C

**Table 2. Thermal Characteristics**

Characteristic	Symbol	Value (2,3)	Unit
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case Case Temperature 88°C, 220 W CW, 26 Vdc, $I_{DQ} = 100$ mA, 2450 MHz	$R_{\theta JC}$	0.24	°C/W

**Table 3. ESD Protection Characteristics**

Test Methodology	Class
Human Body Model (per JESD22-A114)	2, passes 2500 V
Machine Model (per EIA/JESD22-A115)	B, passes 250 V
Charge Device Model (per JESD22-C101)	IV, passes 2000 V

**Table 4. Moisture Sensitivity Level (MSL)**

Test Methodology	Rating	Package Peak Temperature	Unit
Per JESD22-A113, IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020	3	260	°C

**Table 5. Electrical Characteristics** ( $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
----------------	--------	-----	-----	-----	------

**Off Characteristics**

Zero Gate Voltage Drain Leakage Current ( $V_{DS} = 65$ Vdc, $V_{GS} = 0$ Vdc)	$I_{DSS}$	—	—	10	$\mu\text{Adc}$
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Leakage Current ( $V_{DS} = 26$ Vdc, $V_{GS} = 0$ Vdc)	$I_{DSS}$	—	—	1	$\mu\text{Adc}$
Gate-Source Leakage Current ( $V_{GS} = 5$ Vdc, $V_{DS} = 0$ Vdc)	$I_{GSS}$	—	—	1	$\mu\text{Adc}$

**On Characteristics**

Gate Threshold Voltage ( $V_{DS} = 10$ Vdc, $I_D = 303$ $\mu\text{Adc}$ )	$V_{GS(th)}$	1.6	2.0	2.4	Vdc
Gate Quiescent Voltage ( $V_{DS} = 26$ Vdc, $I_D = 100$ mAdc)	$V_{GS(Q)}$	—	2.48	—	Vdc
Drain-Source On-Voltage ( $V_{GS} = 10$ Vdc, $I_D = 3.7$ Adc)	$V_{DS(on)}$	—	0.15	—	Vdc

**Dynamic Characteristics**

Reverse Transfer Capacitance ( $V_{DS} = 26$ Vdc $\pm$ 30 mV(rms)ac @ 1 MHz, $V_{GS} = 0$ Vdc)	$C_{rss}$	—	5.8	—	pF
---	-----------	---	-----	---	----

1. Continuous use at maximum temperature will affect MTTF.
2. MTTF calculator available at <http://www.nxp.com/RF/calculators>.
3. Refer to AN1955, *Thermal Measurement Methodology of RF Power Amplifiers*. Go to <http://www.nxp.com/RF> and search for AN1955.

**Table 6. Typical Performance**In Freescale Reference Circuit, 50 ohm system,  $V_{DD} = 26$  Vdc,  $I_{DQ} = 50$  mA,  $P_{out} = 220$  W,  $f = 2450$  MHz

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Power Gain	$G_{ps}$	—	14.1	—	dB
Power Added Efficiency	PAE	—	63.5	—	%
$P_{out}$ @ 1 dB Compression Point	P1dB	—	206	—	W
$P_{out}$ @ 3 dB Compression Point	P3dB	—	245	—	W
Gain Variation over Temperature (+25°C to +125°C)	$\Delta G$	—	-0.035	—	dB/°C
Output Power Variation over Temperature (+25°C to +125°C)	$\Delta P1dB$	—	0.0046	—	dB/°C

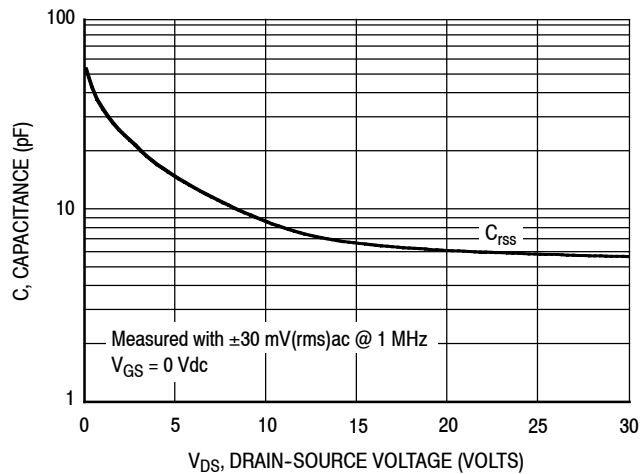
**Table 7. Load Mismatch/Ruggedness**In Freescale Reference Circuit, 50 ohm system,  $I_{DQ} = 50$  mA

Frequency (MHz)	Signal Type	VSWR	$P_{in}$ (W)	Test Voltage, $V_{DD}$	Result
2450	CW	> 10:1 at all Phase Angles	20 (3 dB Overdrive)	28	No Device Degradation

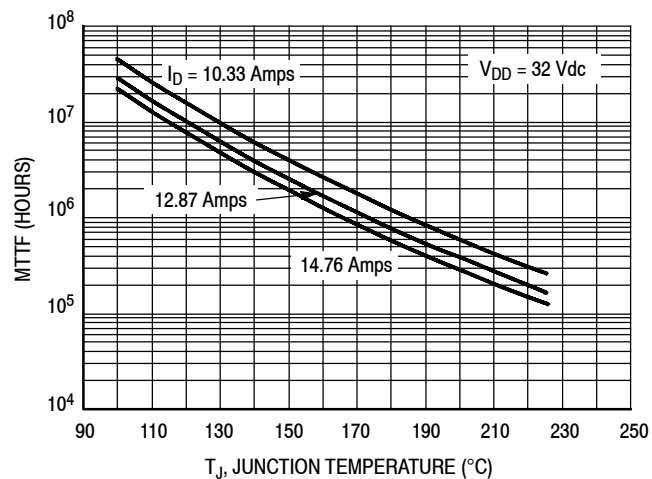
**Table 8. Ordering Information**

Device	Tape and Reel Information	Package
MHE1003NR3	R3 Suffix = 250 Units, 32 mm Tape Width, 13-inch Reel	OM-780-2L

## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



**Figure 2. Capacitance versus Drain-Source Voltage**



**Note:** MTTF value represents the total cumulative operating time under indicated test conditions.

MTTF calculator available at <http://www.nxp.com/RF/calculators>.

**Figure 3. MTTF versus Junction Temperature - CW**

**Table 9. Load Pull Performance — Maximum Power Tuning**

$V_{DD} = 26$  Vdc,  $I_{DQ} = 53$  mA, Pulsed CW, 10  $\mu$ sec(on), 10% Duty Cycle

f (MHz)	$Z_{source}$ ( $\Omega$ )	$Z_{in}$ ( $\Omega$ )	Max Output Power					
			P1dB					
			$Z_{load}^{(1)}$ ( $\Omega$ )	Gain (dB)	(dBm)	(W)	$\eta_D$ (%)	PAE (%)
2400	3.93 – j8.86	4.27 + j8.95	1.14 – j4.72	14.5	54.6	289	51.6	50.7
2450	8.57 – j10.3	8.96 + j10.0	1.16 – j4.84	14.5	54.7	297	52.0	51.0
2500	15.1 – j4.11	15.9 + j3.48	1.25 – j4.99	14.5	54.4	278	49.9	49.0

f (MHz)	$Z_{source}$ ( $\Omega$ )	$Z_{in}$ ( $\Omega$ )	Max Output Power					
			P3dB					
			$Z_{load}^{(2)}$ ( $\Omega$ )	Gain (dB)	(dBm)	(W)	$\eta_D$ (%)	PAE (%)
2400	3.93 – j8.86	4.55 + j9.34	1.16 – j4.82	12.4	55.5	353	55.1	53.4
2450	8.57 – j10.3	9.94 + j10.2	1.22 – j4.98	12.3	55.5	358	55.3	53.5
2500	15.1 – j4.11	16.5 + j1.87	1.29 – j5.21	12.2	55.3	337	51.9	50.4

(1) Load impedance for optimum P1dB power.

(2) Load impedance for optimum P3dB power.

$Z_{source}$  = Measured impedance presented to the input of the device at the package reference plane.

$Z_{in}$  = Impedance as measured from gate contact to ground.

$Z_{load}$  = Measured impedance presented to the output of the device at the package reference plane.

**Table 10. Load Pull Performance — Maximum Efficiency Tuning**

$V_{DD} = 26$  Vdc,  $I_{DQ} = 53$  mA, Pulsed CW, 10  $\mu$ sec(on), 10% Duty Cycle

f (MHz)	$Z_{source}$ ( $\Omega$ )	$Z_{in}$ ( $\Omega$ )	Max Efficiency					
			P1dB					
			$Z_{load}^{(1)}$ ( $\Omega$ )	Gain (dB)	(dBm)	(W)	$\eta_D$ (%)	PAE (%)
2400	3.93 – j8.86	4.67 + j9.21	2.48 – j3.31	16.4	52.5	178	63.7	62.8
2450	8.57 – j10.3	9.99 + j9.85	2.22 – j3.22	16.5	52.5	179	65.3	64.4
2500	15.1 – j4.11	16.0 + j1.96	2.08 – j3.34	16.5	52.4	174	62.9	62.1

f (MHz)	$Z_{source}$ ( $\Omega$ )	$Z_{in}$ ( $\Omega$ )	Max Efficiency					
			P3dB					
			$Z_{load}^{(2)}$ ( $\Omega$ )	Gain (dB)	(dBm)	(W)	$\eta_D$ (%)	PAE (%)
2400	3.93 – j8.86	4.98 + j9.55	2.31 – j3.37	14.5	53.4	218	65.6	64.1
2450	8.57 – j10.3	11.0 + j9.96	2.06 – j3.26	14.6	53.3	216	67.0	65.4
2500	15.1 – j4.11	16.1 + j0.27	2.00 – j3.38	14.5	53.2	209	64.5	63.1

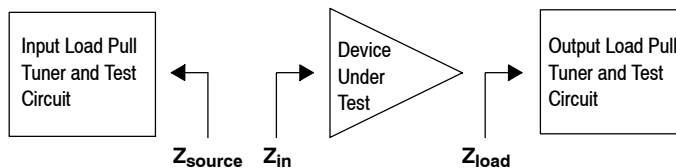
(1) Load impedance for optimum P1dB efficiency.

(2) Load impedance for optimum P3dB efficiency.

$Z_{source}$  = Measured impedance presented to the input of the device at the package reference plane.

$Z_{in}$  = Impedance as measured from gate contact to ground.

$Z_{load}$  = Measured impedance presented to the output of the device at the package reference plane.



### P3dB – TYPICAL LOAD PULL CONTOURS — 2450 MHz

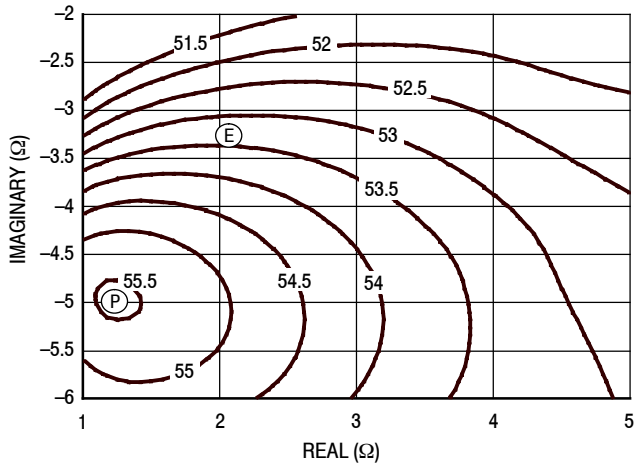


Figure 4. P3dB Load Pull Output Power Contours (dBm)

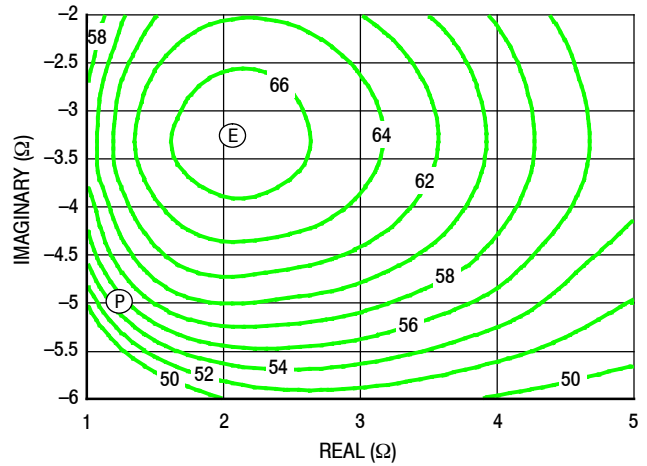


Figure 5. P3dB Load Pull PAE Contours (%)

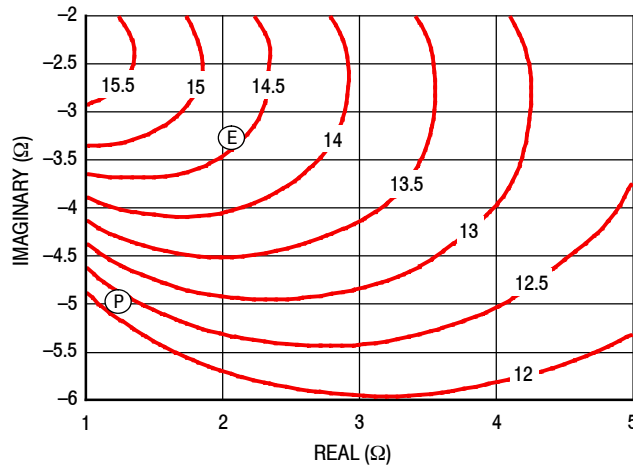


Figure 6. P3dB Load Pull Gain Contours (dB)

**NOTE:** (P) = Maximum Output Power  
(E) = Maximum Power Added Efficiency

- Gain
- Power Added Efficiency
- Linearity
- Output Power

## 2450 MHz REFERENCE CIRCUIT — 2" x 3" (5.1 cm x 7.6 cm)

**Table 11. 2450 MHz Performance** (In Freescale Reference Circuit, 50 ohm system)

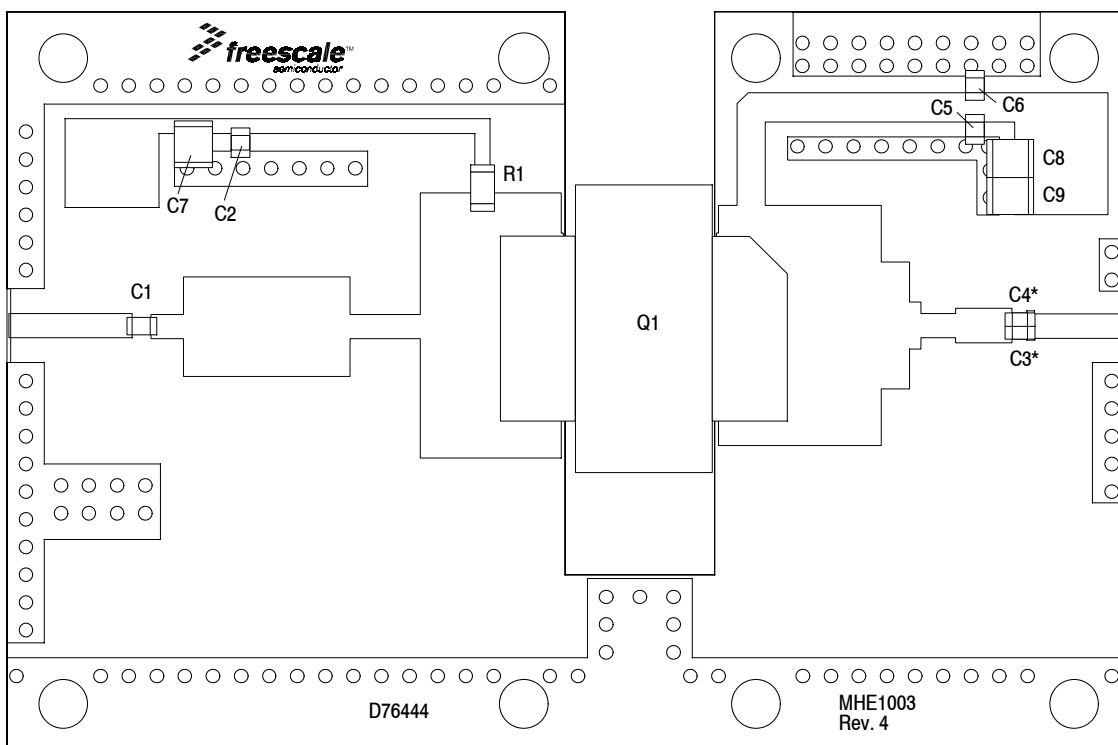
$V_{DD} = 26$  Vdc,  $I_{DQ} = 50$  mA,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

Frequency (MHz)	$P_{in}$ (W)	$G_{ps}$ (dB)	PAE (%)	$P_{out}$ (W)
2400	9	14.0	61.5	230
2450	9	13.9	62.0	224
2500	15	11.5	61.8	214

**Table 12. Load Mismatch/Ruggedness** (In Freescale Reference Circuit)

Frequency (MHz)	Signal Type	VSWR	$P_{in}$ (W)	Test Voltage, $V_{DD}$	Result
2450	CW	> 10:1 at all Phase Angles	20 (3 dB Overdrive)	28	No Device Degradation

2450 MHz REFERENCE CIRCUIT — 2" x 3" (5.1 cm x 7.6 cm)



\*C3 and C4 are mounted vertically.

Figure 7. MHE1003N Reference Circuit Component Layout — 2450 MHz

Table 13. MHE1003N Reference Circuit Component Designations and Values — 2450 MHz

Part	Description	Part Number	Manufacturer
C1, C2, C3, C4, C5, C6	27 pF Chip Capacitors	ATC600F270JT250XT	ATC
C7, C8, C9	10 $\mu$ F Chip Capacitors	GRM32ER61H106KA12L	Murata
Q1	RF Power LDMOS Transistor	MHE1003N	NXP
R1	10 $\Omega$ , 1/4 W Chip Resistor	CRCW120610R0JNEA	Vishay
PCB	Rogers RO4350B, 0.030", $\epsilon_r = 3.66$	D76444	MTL



TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS — 2450 MHz REFERENCE CIRCUIT

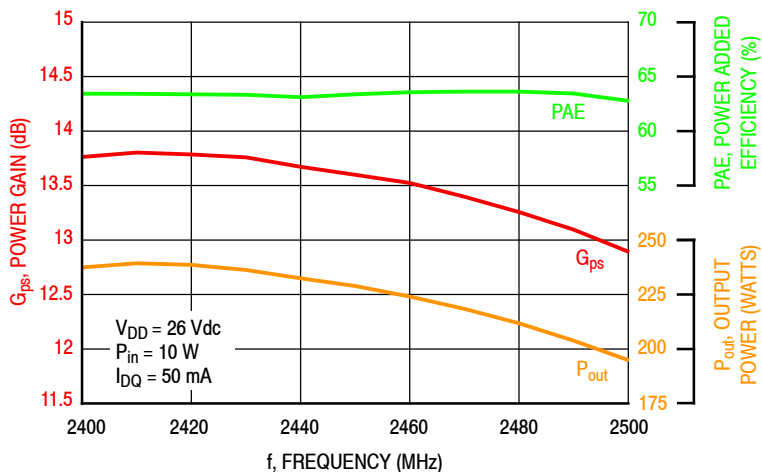


Figure 8. Power Gain, Power Added Efficiency and Output Power versus Frequency at a Constant Input Power

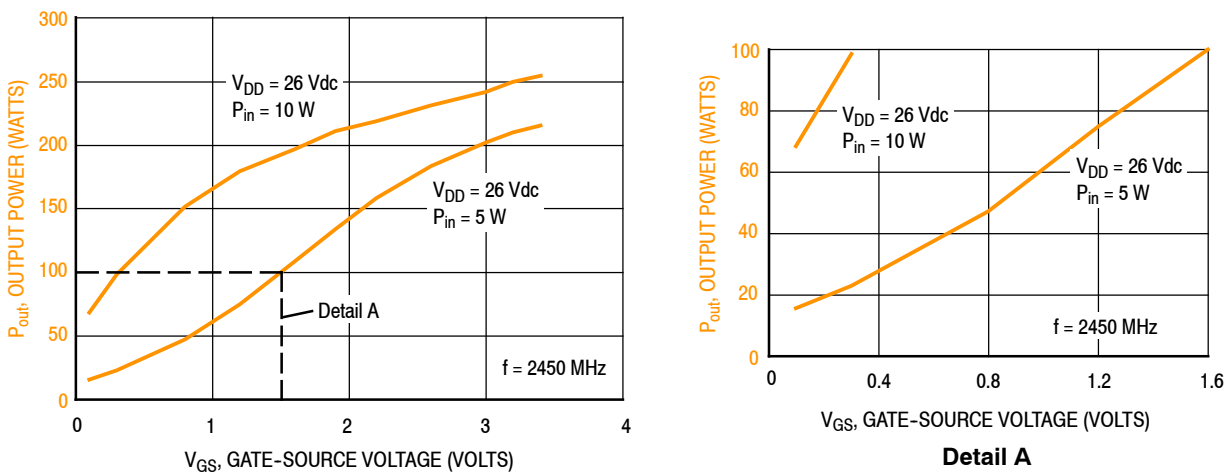


Figure 9. Output Power versus Gate-Source Voltage

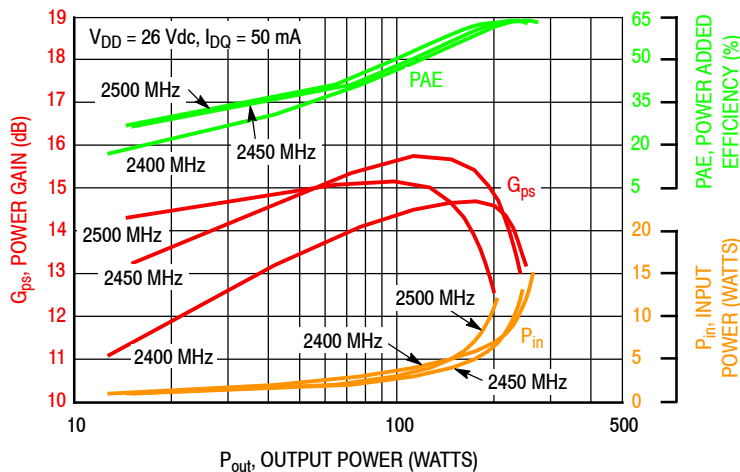
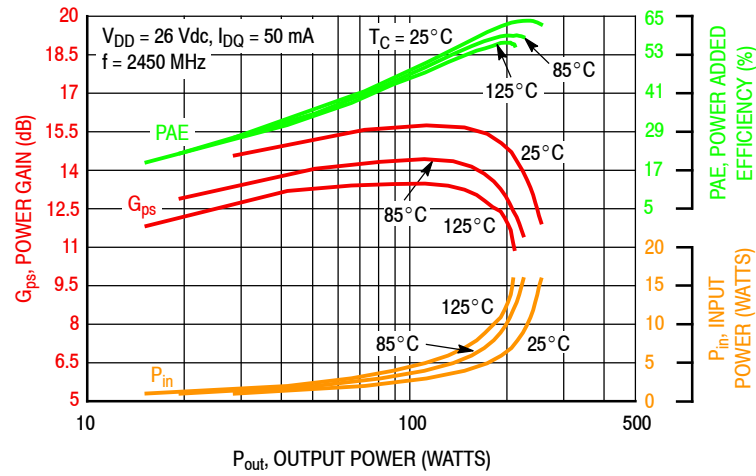
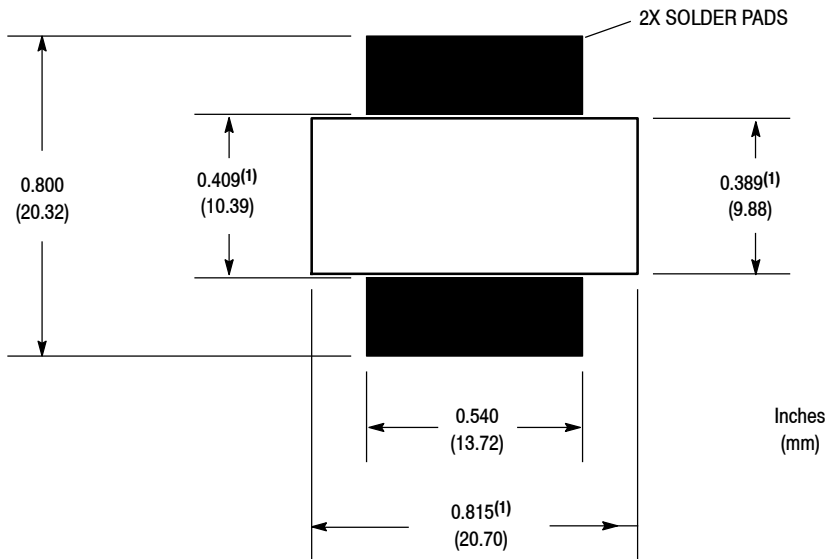


Figure 10. Power Gain, Power Added Efficiency and Input Power versus Output Power and Frequency

## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS — 2450 MHz REFERENCE CIRCUIT

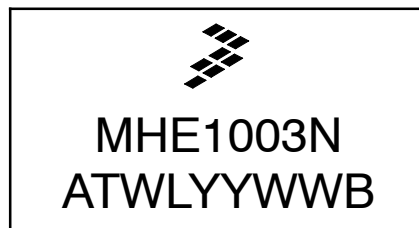


**Figure 11. Power Gain, Power Added Efficiency and Input Power versus Output Power and Temperature**



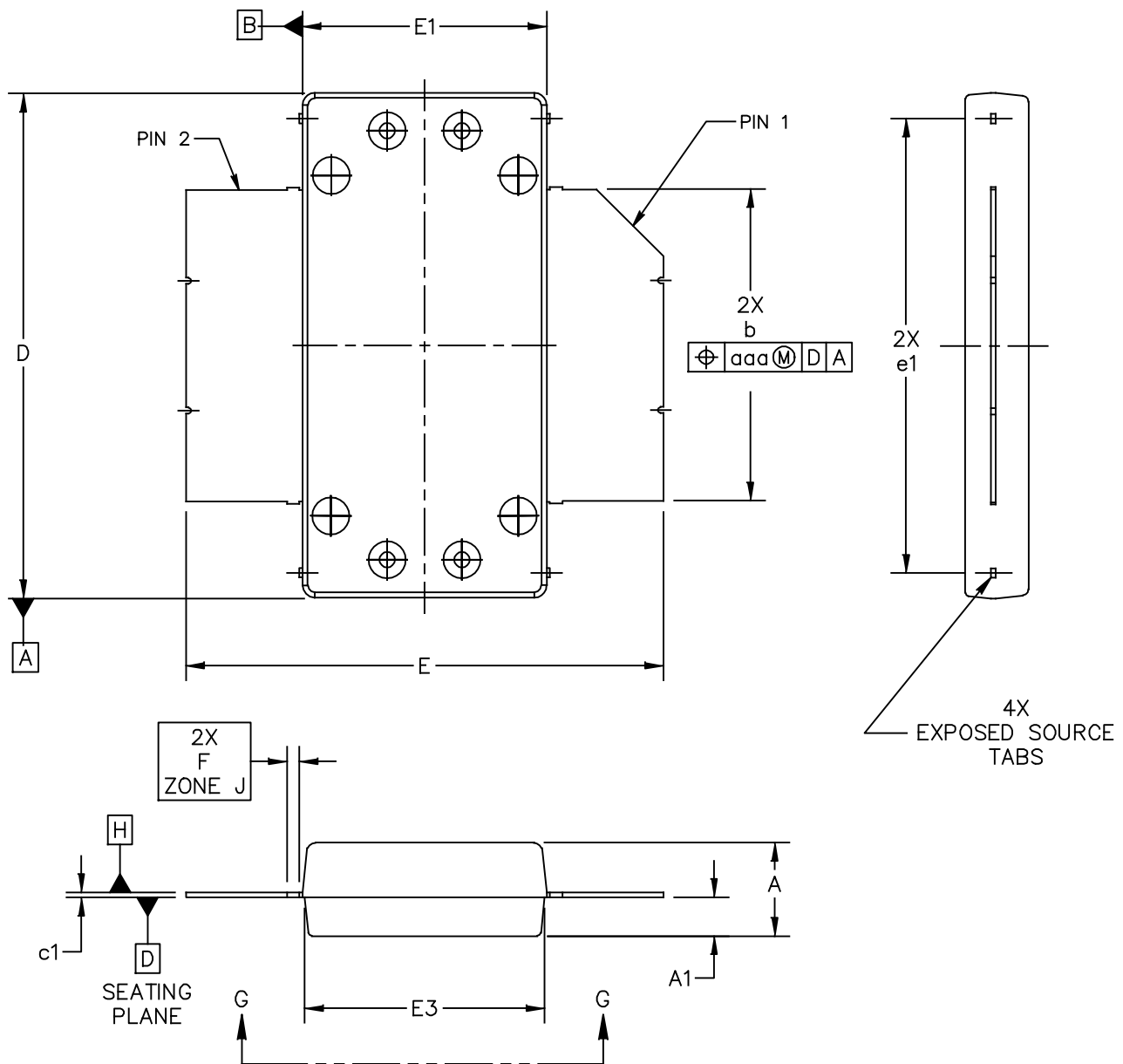
1. Slot dimensions are minimum dimensions and exclude milling tolerances

**Figure 12. PCB Pad Layout for OM-780-2L**

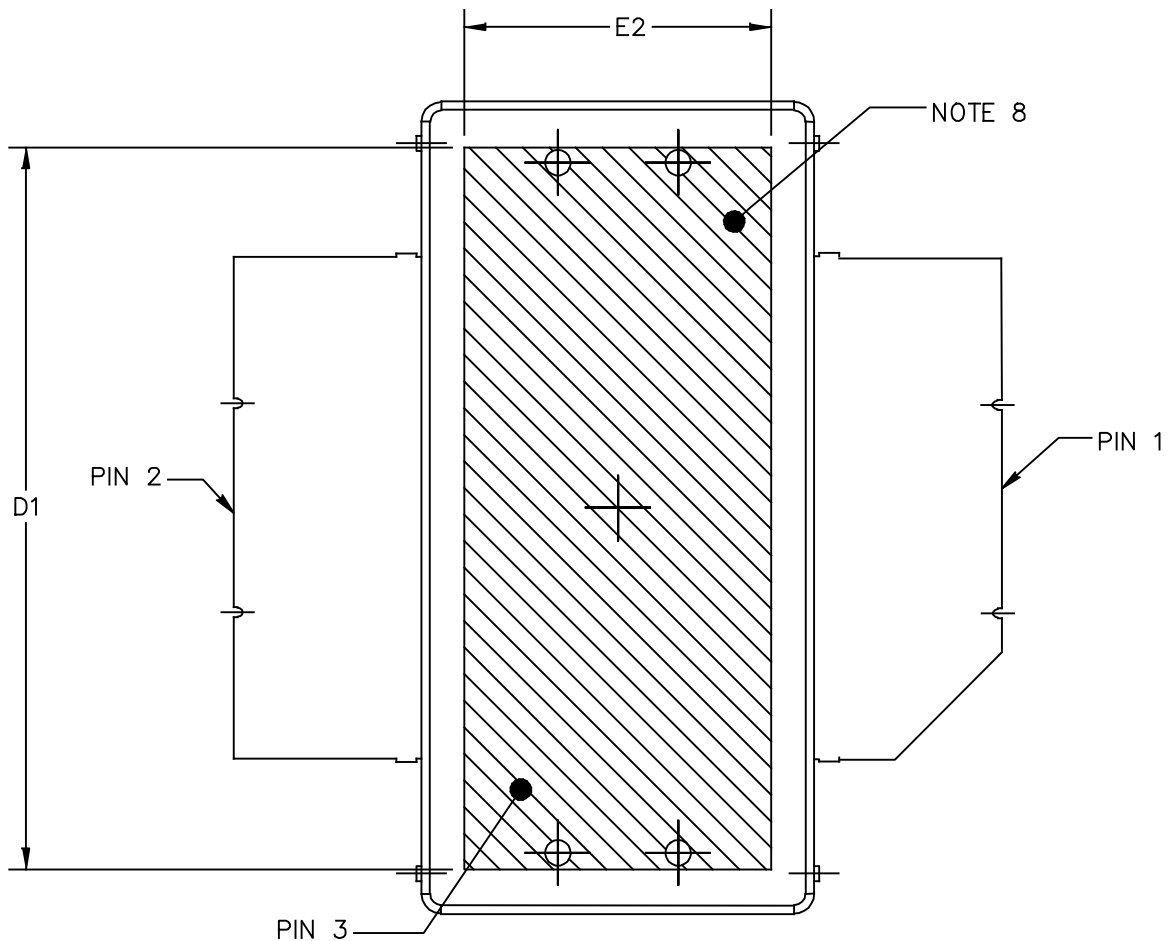


**Figure 13. Product Marking**

### PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



© NXP SEMICONDUCTORS N.V. ALL RIGHTS RESERVED	MECHANICAL OUTLINE	PRINT VERSION NOT TO SCALE
TITLE: <b>OM780-2 STRAIGHT LEAD</b>	DOCUMENT NO: 98ASA10831D	REV: C
	STANDARD: NON-JEDEC	
	SOT1693-1	22 JAN 2016



BOTTOM VIEW  
VIEW G-G

© NXP SEMICONDUCTORS N.V. ALL RIGHTS RESERVED	MECHANICAL OUTLINE	PRINT VERSION NOT TO SCALE	
TITLE: OM780-2 STRAIGHT LEAD		DOCUMENT NO: 98ASA10831D	REV: C
		STANDARD: NON-JEDEC	
		SOT1693-1	22 JAN 2016

NOTES:

1. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH
2. INTERPRET DIMENSIONS AND TOLERANCES PER ASME Y14.5M-1994.
3. DATUM PLANE -H- IS LOCATED AT TOP OF LEAD AND IS COINCIDENT WITH THE LEAD WHERE THE LEAD EXITS THE PLASTIC BODY AT THE TOP OF THE PARTING LINE.
4. DIMENSIONS "D" AND "E1" DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD PROTRUSION. ALLOWABLE PROTRUSION IS .006 PER SIDE. DIMENSIONS "D AND "E1" DO INCLUDE MOLD MISMATCH AND ARE DETERMINED AT DATUM PLANE -H-.
5. DIMENSION b DOES NOT INCLUDE DAMBAR PROTRUSION. ALLOWABLE DAMBAR PROTRUSION SHALL BE .005 TOTAL IN EXCESS OF THE b DIMENSION AT MAXIMUM MATERIAL CONDITION.
6. DATUMS -A- AND -B- TO BE DETERMINED AT DATUM PLANE -H-.
7. DIMENSION A1 APPLIES WITHIN ZONE "J" ONLY
8. HATCHING REPRESENTS THE EXPOSED AREA OF THE HEAT SLUG. THE DIMENSIONS D1 AND E2 REPRESENT THE VALUES BETWEEN THE TWO OPPOSITE POINTS ALONG THE EDGES OF EXPOSED AREA OF HEAT SLUG.

STYLE 1:

- PIN 1 - DRAIN
- PIN 2 - GATE
- PIN 3 - SOURCE

DIM	INCH		MILLIMETER		DIM	INCH		MILLIMETER	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX		MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	0.148	.152	3.76	3.86	b	.497	.503	12.62	12.78
A1	.059	.065	1.50	1.65	c1	.007	.011	0.18	0.28
D	.808	.812	20.52	20.62	e1	.721	.729	18.31	18.52
D1	.720	----	18.29	----					
E	.762	.770	19.36	19.56	aaa	.004		0.10	
E1	.390	.394	9.91	10.01					
E2	.306	----	7.77	----					
E3	.383	.387	9.73	9.83					
F	.025 BSC		0.635 BSC						
© NXP SEMICONDUCTORS N.V. ALL RIGHTS RESERVED			MECHANICAL OUTLINE			PRINT VERSION NOT TO SCALE			
TITLE:  OM780-2 STRAIGHT LEAD					DOCUMENT NO: 98ASA10831D      REV: C				
					STANDARD: NON-JEDEC				
					SOT1693-1		22 JAN 2016		

## PRODUCT DOCUMENTATION, SOFTWARE AND TOOLS

Refer to the following resources to aid your design process.

### Application Notes

- AN1907: Solder Reflow Attach Method for High Power RF Devices in Plastic Packages
- AN1955: Thermal Measurement Methodology of RF Power Amplifiers

### Engineering Bulletins

- EB212: Using Data Sheet Impedances for RF LDMOS Devices

### Software

- Electromigration MTTF Calculator
- RF High Power Model

### Development Tools

- Printed Circuit Boards

### To Download Resources Specific to a Given Part Number:

1. Go to <http://www.nxp.com/RF>
2. Search by part number
3. Click part number link
4. Choose the desired resource from the drop down menu

## REVISION HISTORY

The following table summarizes revisions to this document.

Revision	Date	Description
0	July 2016	• Initial Release of Data Sheet

## ***How to Reach Us:***

**Home Page:**  
[freescale.com](http://freescale.com)

**Web Support:**  
[freescale.com/support](http://freescale.com/support)

Information in this document is provided solely to enable system and software implementers to use Freescale products. There are no express or implied copyright licenses granted hereunder to design or fabricate any integrated circuits based on the information in this document.

Freescale reserves the right to make changes without further notice to any products herein. Freescale makes no warranty, representation, or guarantee regarding the suitability of its products for any particular purpose, nor does Freescale assume any liability arising out of the application or use of any product or circuit, and specifically disclaims any and all liability, including without limitation consequential or incidental damages. "Typical" parameters that may be provided in Freescale data sheets and/or specifications can and do vary in different applications, and actual performance may vary over time. All operating parameters, including "typicals," must be validated for each customer application by customer's technical experts. Freescale does not convey any license under its patent rights nor the rights of others. Freescale sells products pursuant to standard terms and conditions of sale, which can be found at the following address: [freescale.com/SalesTermsandConditions](http://freescale.com/SalesTermsandConditions).

Freescale and the Freescale logo are trademarks of Freescale Semiconductor, Inc., Reg. U.S. Pat. & Tm. Off. All other product or service names are the property of their respective owners.

© 2016 Freescale Semiconductor, Inc.

