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# AN494

# An HC11-Controlled Multiband RDS Radio

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This application note describes the software and hardware features of the microcontroller (MCU) of a synthesized multiband radio which includes RDS (radio data system) decoding (FM, band II). It uses an MC68HC(7)11 MCU whose program can be on-chip or contained in an external EPROM (erasable programmable read-only memory). ROM versions are available.

Both LCD (liquid crystal display) and VFD (vacuum fluorescent display) 16-character dot matrix display modules can be used to display RDS and tuning information. Traffic messages, initiated by the reception of EON (enhanced other networks) data (group 14B) or TA = TP = 1 (traffic announcement = traffic program = 1) on the current frequency, are handled. The station carrying the TA is tuned for the duration of the message, followed by a return to the original frequency. A tuning knob employing an incremental encoder is supported.

#### Introduction

**Figure 1** shows a block diagram of the application. The controller hardware and software are described in detail here. The other hardware is not covered to the same depth, because that varies between different implementations, the intention being to describe a controller which could

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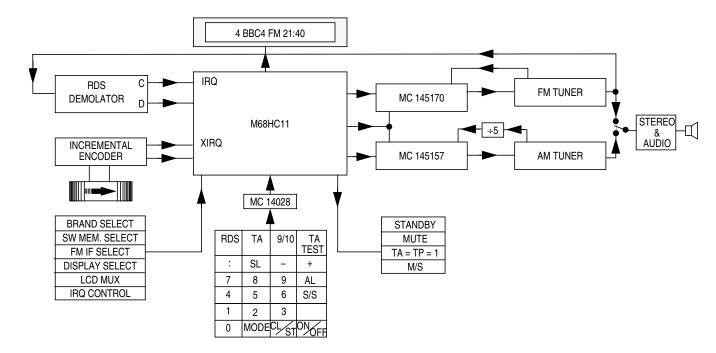
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be added to an existing radio or to one which includes only one or two of the possible bands.

Separate FM and AM PLLs (phase-locked loop) are shown. This is not essential, but it reduces the amount of band switching necessary and simplifies hardware fault finding. The illustrated configuration corresponds to that used by the author for software development and debugging.





The MCU used is the MC68HC(7)11. The MC68HC711K4 (K4) [and similar chips such as the MC68HC711P2 (P2) and MC68HC711PH8 (PH8)] can be used in expanded mode, but this application has been included in the ROM of an E32 and a PH8.

To use the ROMed parts in this application, the first three bytes of EEPROM (electrically erasable programmable ROM) should contain an extended jump to the appropriate start address. The E32 (ZC403311) requires \$7E, \$90, and \$00 at addresses \$B600, \$B601, and \$B602, while the PH8 (ZC428200 or ZC428202) requires \$7E, \$40, and \$00 at



addresses \$0D00, \$0D01, and \$0D02. This can be done using either PCbug11 or the BUFFALO (bit users fast friendly aid to logical operation) monitor (see reference 5). The E32 version uses all the input/output (I/O) and can, therefore, be used only in single-chip mode. The circuit diagram of the HC11E controller is shown in **Figure 3** and the circuit diagram of the K4/PH8 in **Figure 4**. The K4/PH8 version shows the additional hardware (within the dotted line) used to develop and debug the software on a K4 using PCbug11. This implementation uses two of the K4's chip selects to enable external memories allowing debug to be done with the code in RAM and the PCbug11 talker in an EPROM. This arrangement requires a further four I/O (input/output) lines, leaving 30 for use in the application. The description of the application, and the listed software, corresponds to the E32 ROMed version (ZC403311). Later sections list the port allocation and functional differences which apply to the PH8 ROMed versions (ZC428200 and ZC428202).

Forty programs (10 on FM, 10 on MW and 20 on SW) can be stored using the HC11E's on-chip EEPROM (the PH8 has 20 additional SW (shortwave) programs). Each contains frequency, an 8-character name [PS (program service) name on a station with RDS] and, on FM only, PI (program identification) code and a TA inhibit bit. For stations with no RDS (for example, all AM stations), the saved name can be manually entered. Programs saved with no name use their frequency instead. The SW banks are selected by an I/O line (two for the PH8). When the MCU is reset, or any of the band or memory select inputs are changed, the last used program in the selected band is tuned. This feature does not require that the MCU is permanently powered up, as this information is also stored in non-volatile EEPROM.

The keyboard uses an MC14028 decoder to minimize the number of I/O lines used. Either LCD or VFD 16-digit dot matrix displays can be used. The VFD display driver supported is the MSC7128, and the LCD driver the HD44780. This driver on its own provides a 16-way multiplexed LCD. In conjunction with an HD44100, it can facilitate an 8-way multiplexed higher contrast display. The input level on a port pin selects the appropriate type of multiplexing to match the display in use. To minimize the I/O activity, only one display is driven, the choice between LCD and VFD again being determined by an I/O line.

MC145170 and MC145157 PLLs are supported, using the same data and clock lines as the VFD driver, along with dedicated chip selects. The MC145157 requires an external prescaler for frequencies above 20 MHz, but the MC145170 has an on-chip 160-MHz capability.

A tuning knob can be included by using an incremental encoder. This can utilize either IRQ or XIRQ. As IRQ is used for the RDS clock, XIRQ is most appropriate for the tuning function. The possibility of using IRQ (see information described later) has been included to facilitate debug with PCbug11, which can employ XIRQ for its communication with the PC. Edges detected on the encoder execute the PS edit and alarm setup functions of the +/– (plus/minus) keys, depending on the direction of rotation. This provides a quick and convenient method of editing the PS name and changing the alarm time. A difference in function between the encoder and the +/– keys applies in normal mode. The program number is not affected by the tuning knob. In this mode, when the +/– keys control the program number, the tuning knob increments or decrements the frequency.

Two I/O lines are used to select the band. These lines are regularly monitored; if they change, the radio is retuned to the last used station in the selected band. Table 1 shows the bands which are available.

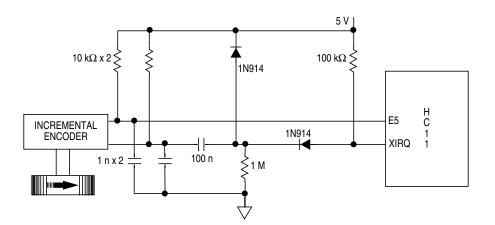
- Band 2 is intended for single-conversion (low IF, intermediate frequency) MW or SW radios. The large step size of 9 or 10 kHz is suitable for MW rather than SW, but the small step size of 1 kHz is suitable for either SW or MW.
- Band 3 is for dual-conversion (10.7-MHz first IF) SW designs. The FM IF offset is selected as + or –, according to the level on port A, bit 2 (high: LO high; low: LO low).
- Bands 0 and 1 both are intended for VHF/FM, the difference between them being in the use of the M68HC11's IRQ pin. It is possible to use IRQ interrupts for both RDS and the tuning knob, as the two functions are not required simultaneously. To facilitate this, the band-select inputs affect the function performed when an edge is detected in the IRQ pin. When band 0 is selected, an RDS bit is read, but in any other band the incremental encoder function is performed. This enables automatic selection of function if bit 0

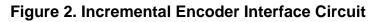


on port A is taken high when movement is detected from the shaft encoder. This facility can be disabled (RDS function only) by holding bit 3 of port A low. This should be done if XIRQ is being used for the tuning knob. As XIRQ is level-sensitive, some additional components are required to interface it with the incremental encoder. **Figure 2** shows a simple circuit which can be used for this purpose.

Band	PA1	PA0	IF Offset	Step	Memory	Use	Prescaler MC145157 Only
0	0	0	+/-10,700	50, 10	10	VHF	10
1	0	1	+/-10,700	50, 10	10	VHF	10
2	1	0	455	9 (or 10), 1	10	MW/SW	_
3	1	1	10,700	5	20/40	SW	5

Table 1.	Available	Bands
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#### **Application Note**

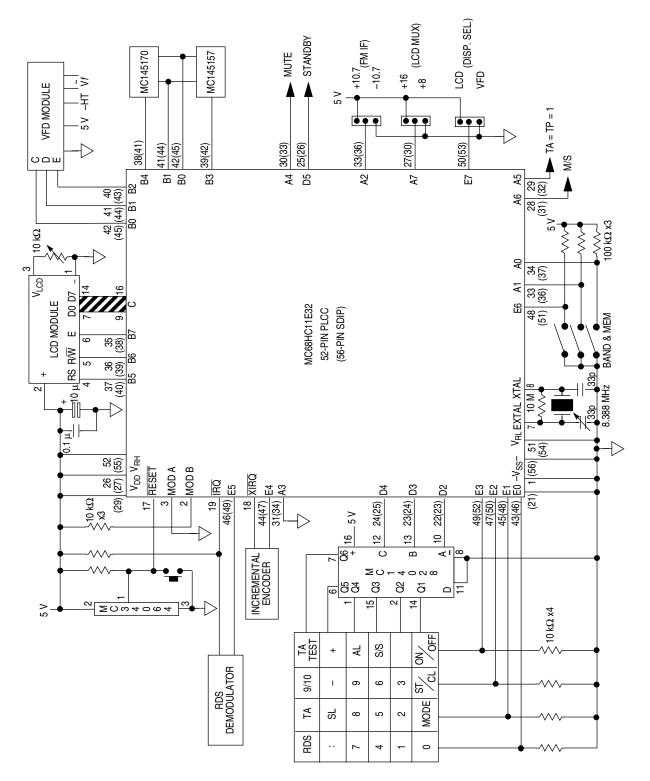


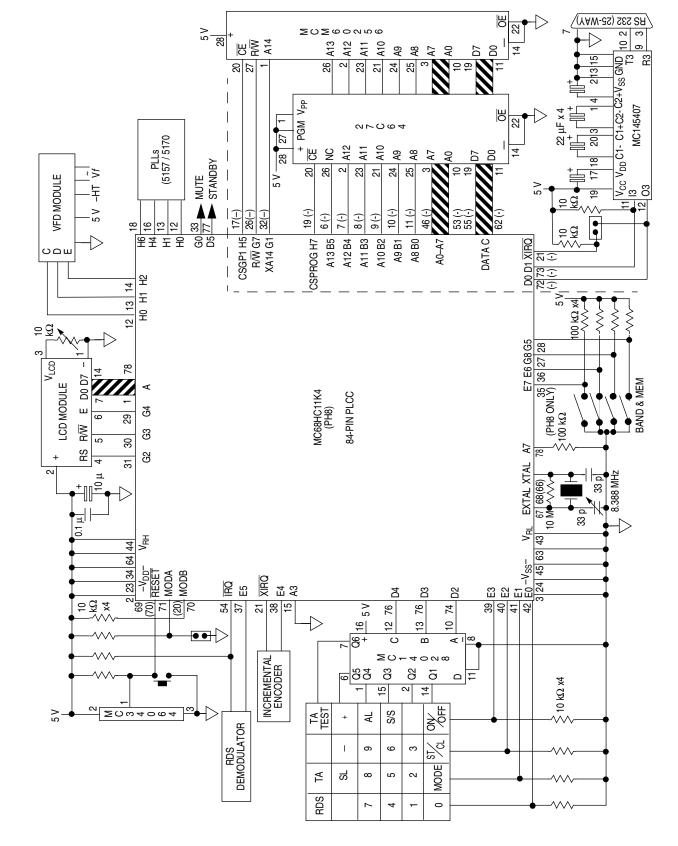
Figure 3. MC68HC11E32 Circuit



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Figure 4. MC68HC11K4 and PH8 Circuit



#### **Frequency Synthesis**

Synthesis of the local oscillator (LO) in a superheterodyne radio provides many advantages over mechanical tuning. The main benefits are:

- Tuning accuracy
- Stability
- Storing of often-used frequencies.

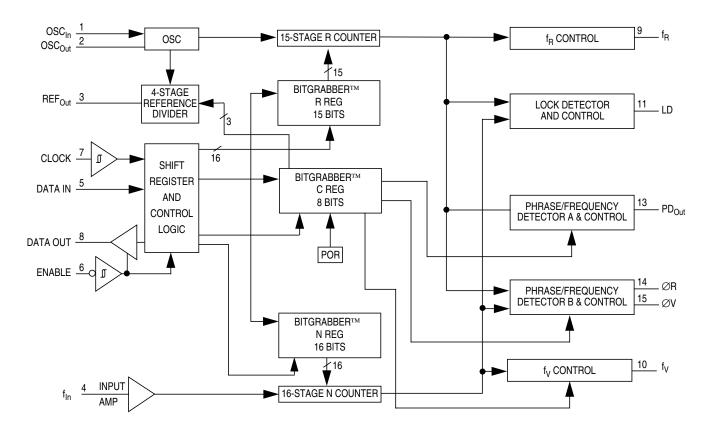
The accuracy and stability result from the fact that the LO is phaselocked to a crystal oscillator. In conjunction with RDS, frequency synthesis provides the additional facility of allowing the radio to retune itself to a traffic announcement or news bulletin. A synthesizer can be retrofitted to most radios by replacing the tuning capacitor with a varicap diode. The voltage biasing the varicap is supplied by the synthesizer and also can be used to provide RF (radio frequency) tuning. Alternatively, manual preselector or no RF tuning can be employed.

Motorola's MC145157 and MC145170 synthesizers are two of a series offering a variety of options including serial or parallel interfacing and single or dual modulus prescaling. The MC145157 requires a prescaler for frequencies above 20 MHz but the MC145170 can handle input frequencies up to 160 MHz. The MC145157 has been included to retain compatibility with hardware developed for use with the MC68HC05B4 synthesizer described in ANE416 (reference 1).

**Figure 5** shows the block diagram of the MC145170. It uses the Motorola bitgrabber system, whereby the number of bits sent determines the register which is written to. There is, therefore, no need for the control bit which is required by the MC145157.



Application Note Frequency Synthesis





The reference counter divides the 8-MHz crystal oscillator (10 MHz for the MC145157) down to the reference frequency (in this case, 1 kHz for the MC145157 and 10 kHz for the MC145170) at which the comparison is made with the (also divided down) local oscillator. The filtered output of the phase comparator supplies the tuning voltage to the local oscillator. The numbers chosen as the divide ratios determine the frequency at which this oscillator stabilizes. The equation that follows shows the relationship between the various frequencies where P is the LO prescaler (MC145157 only). The received frequency can be changed by altering the LO divide ratio. The MCU takes care of the decimal-tobinary conversion, IF offset, and the other arithmetic required.

LO frequency = RF + IF = P x [(Xtal frequency) / (ref. divide ratio)] x LO divide ratio

The MC145157 is specified to operate up to 20 MHz, so prescaling is required on FM and SW (10.7-MHz IF). For this SW band, divide-by-5

prescaling is used; for FM, divide-by-10 is used. This increases the minimum step size to 10 kHz of FM, which is ideal for this band, and to 5 kHz on SW, which is suitable for almost all broadcast stations. The MC145170 does not require any prescaling even on the FM band and can use this to advantage by allowing the use of a higher reference frequency, making the low-pass filter design less critical.

An important part of any PLL is the loop filter. The filter in **Figure 6** is an active filter using the double-ended phase detector outputs from the MC145170 feeding a CA3460 operational amplifier. This dual op-amp allows the simple double-ended low-pass filter to be followed by a second order Sallen and Key filter. An active filter has the added advantage of increasing the available voltage swing beyond the supply rail of the MC145170/MC145157.

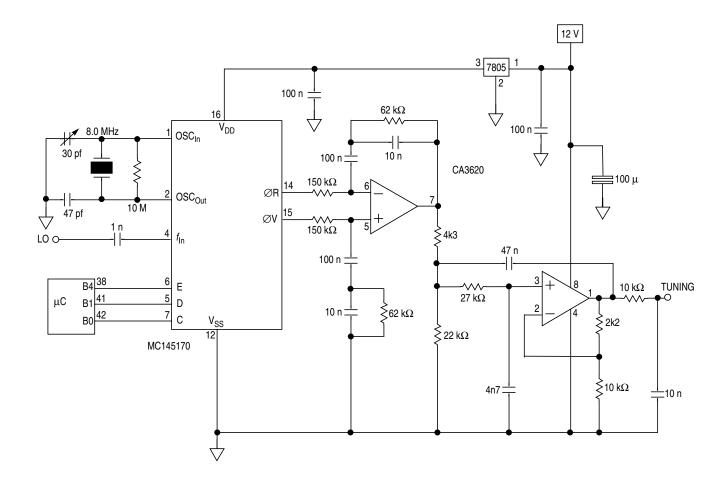


Figure 6. MC145170 Circuit



The combination of active filter and double-ended phase detector outputs makes it simple to select the correct relationship between voltage and frequency. Usually, the fixed side of the varicap diode is grounded, so increased voltage increases the frequency of the oscillator; in some oscillator designs, the fixed side may be taken to the supply rail, and increasing the voltage will decrease the frequency. With the filter design shown here, the choice can be made simply by swapping the phase detector outputs from the PLLs.

#### **Radio Data System**

The radio data system (RDS) adds a digital data capability to the FM VHF transmissions on band II (87.5 to 108 MHz). The specification is defined in CENELEC EN 50067 (formerly EBU Technical Document 3244, see reference 2). An MC68HC05E0 implementation of RDS is described in AN460, (reference 5). It monitors the RDS activity on the MPX signal of a VHF radio but is not able to tune the radio and, therefore, cannot, use AF (alternative frequencies) or EON data. This application can tune the radio and uses EON data to retune the radio when a traffic announcement is taking place on another frequency. An announcement is initiated by a packet 14B and the radio retunes if TAs are enabled. At the end of the TA, the original station is re-tuned. TAs are not active in standby mode (standby line high).

To transmit the data, a subcarrier is added at 57 kHz. This subcarrier is amplitude-modulated with the shaped bi-phase coded data signal. The subcarrier itself is suppressed to avoid data modulated cross-talk in phase-locked-loop stereo decoders and to maintain compatibility with the German ARI system which uses the same subcarrier frequency. Information is sent in groups of four 26-bit blocks. Each group of 104 bits is one of several types containing different information. It is up to the broadcaster to decide which features are transmitted as long as the specified format is adhered to and PI, PTY, and TP are included. Each group contains a different subset of the RDS features; a list of all currently defined features is shown in Table 2.

The retrieval of data is carried out by demodulation hardware, which generates clock and data signals that can be used by the MCU. Suitable devices which can perform this function include SAA6579, SAA7579T (plus an external filter), TDA7330, LA2231, and RDS hybrids.

Feature	Information
PI	Program identification
PTY	Program type
PS	Program service name
RT	Radiotext
СТ	Clock time and date
AF	Alternative frequencies
ТА	Traffic announcement
ТР	Traffic program
MS	Music/speech switch
DI	Decoder identification
PIN	Program item number
EON	Enhanced other networks
TDC	Transparent data channel
INH	In-house data

Table 2. RDS Features

This application supports PI, PTY, PS, RT, CT, TP, TA, MS, DI, PIN, and EON. These features facilitate permanent display of the 8-digit station name (PS) and time (CT), and, on request, can display program type (PTY), radiotext data (RT), and the status of the other RDS information (see Table 5).

EON data can be displayed and used to switch to traffic announcements, but the retuning features associated with AF are not supported, as they are appropriate only for a radio intended for use in a vehicle. In a car radio, AF data would be used to tune the radio to the strongest signal carrying the selected service. PI is a 2-byte number which identifies the



country, coverage area, and service. It can be used by the control MCU but is not normally intended for display. A change in PI code causes the initialization of all RDS data as it indicates that the radio has been retuned. This application facilitates the display of the current PI code.

PTY is a 5-bit number which indicates the current program type. At present, 16 of these types are defined. Examples include "no programme type," "Current affairs," and "Pop music," although the actual syntax which is displayed is determined by the software of the controlling MCU. In this example, PTY can be displayed on request; **Table 3** shows the display used for each PTY code.

PS is the 8-character name of the station and is permanently displayed (except in standby mode). In the absence of RDS (for example, AM bands), the name can be entered manually. If none is entered, then the frequency is used as the station name when the program is stored in EEPROM.

Radiotext (RT) constitutes a string of up to 64 characters which give additional information regarding the service or program currently being transmitted. In this application, RT is displayed on request on the 16-digit dot matrix displays, using scrolling. The data often contains extra spaces to center the text on a 2 x 32 character display. As these are not appropriate for a 16-character scrolling display, the software reduces all sequences of two or more spaces to a single space.

CT (clock time and date) data is transmitted every minute on the minute and provides a very accurate clock, traceable to national standards. The (modified Julian) date and local time variation are also transmitted. Time is permanently displayed. In standby mode (see information later), the date is displayed instead of the PS name. The MJD number, which is the form in which the date is received, can also be displayed. The MCU converts this number into day-of-week, day-of-month, month and year.

AF would be used by a car radio to retune to the strongest signal carrying the selected service. AF data, along with TDC (transparent data channel) and INH (in-house data), is not used in this application.

TA and TP are flags. TP is set if the transmitter normally carries traffic information and TA is set if a traffic announcement is in progress. The

combination — TA = 1 and TP = 0 — is used to indicate that EON data is being used to supply information on other networks, including traffic announcements. A port line (port A, bit 5) is asserted (low) when TA = TP = 1. This can be used to demute or switch from another source (for instance, cassette when a TA occurs).

PTY	Display
0	no program type
1	News
2	Current affairs
3	Information
4	Sport
5	Education
6	Drama
7	Culture
8	Science
9	Varied
10	Pop music
11	Rock music
12	Easy listening
13	Light classics
14	Serious classics
15	Other music
16–31	no program type

Table 3. PTY Types

M/S is a single bit indicating either music or speech and is intended to be used to make a tone or volume adjustment to a radio's audio stage. The M/S bit is displayed on request. A port line (port A, bit 6) is asserted (low) when M/S = 1. This can be used to control external hardware.



Decoder information (DI) constitutes four bits indicating the type of transmission (mono, stereo, binaural, etc.). Currently, it is not in use in the United Kingdom, but it can be displayed as a number between 1 and 15.

Program item number (PIN) is used to identify the program currently being broadcast. The format is a 2-byte number which includes the scheduled time and date (day of month) of the start of the program. PIN can be displayed as four hexadecimal digits or fully decoded to day of month and time.

EON (enhanced other networks) replaces the older ON format. If type 14 groups are used to provide EON data, then type 3 groups (ON) will not be used. Type 14A groups are used to send information about other networks. The PS name and principal frequency of up to 16 other networks can be displayed. Type 14B groups are used to switch to traffic announcements; they include the PI code of the station carrying the announcement. This PI code is searched for in NVM, and the required station is tuned if it is stored in NVM. This method allows the user to select which TAs are allowed (they will not occur if the station is not in NVM or if its TA inhibit bit is set) and avoids attempts to jump to an announcement which is not relevant or not receivable with sufficient signal strength to be useful.

Keyboard

The keyboard has 23 keys. **Table 4** shows the layout and **Table 5** contains a summary of key functions against mode.

	PE0	PE1	PE2	PE3
Q6	RDS	Traffic	MW step	TA test
Q5	Time colon	Sleep	_	+
Q4	7	8	9	Alarm
Q3	4	5	6	Store
Q2	1	2	3	
Q1	0	Manual	Clear/Step	On/Off

#### Table 4. Keyboard Layout



The following functions are available.

described later in this application note.

On/Off



Sleep SLEEP When pressed, the 1-hour sleep timer starts, leaving the standby line low (radio on) until the sleep time has elapsed. At this time, the line is switched to the standby mode (high). In the normal display mode, the sleep timer running causes the decimal point to appear on the display modules' first character. The sleep timer can be cancelled by pressing ON/OFF. The sleep time can be reduced in increments of five minutes by repressing or holding down the SLEEP key.

This key is intended as an on/off control for the radio. It sets a port line low for on and high for standby and can be used to control the power

supply to the radio. Its status affects the behavior of other keys as

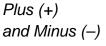
# Alarm

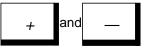
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The alarm key selects the alarm display mode and toggles the alarm armed status. When the alarm is not armed, the legend ALARM-OFF is displayed. When it is armed, the alarm time is shown and adjustment of the alarm setup can be done by selecting the field (5/7 day, hours, or minutes) with the STORE/SET key. The selected field (hours or minutes) flashes and can be adjusted with the +/– keys or the tuning knob. The alarm setup display returns to normal three seconds after the last adjustment. If the radio is in standby mode and the alarm is set, the alarm time is displayed instead of the date. The radio will come fully on (standby line low) at the alarm time. After a 500-ms delay to allow power supplies to stabilize, the program which was tuned when the radio was last used is retuned. When set to the 5-day alarm, the alarm will not occur on Saturdays and Sundays.





Pressing + or –, while in normal mode, increments or decrements the program number. The program number wraps round at 0 and 9. The mute line is set high before retuning and returned low 100 ms after the new frequency has been sent to the PLL. Changing the tuned program using the +/– keys (or the 0–9 keys) disables PS name clearing if RDS information is absent or contains multiple errors.



Application Note Radio Data System

In PS-edit mode (see entry that follows), the + and – keys are used to change the character at the cursor position. This function is duplicated on the tuning knob incremental encoder. In the alarm setup mode, the + and – keys are used to change the alarm time as described earlier. The field which is currently selected for adjustment (using the STORE key) flashes. This function is duplicated on the tuning knob also.

In manual mode, these keys increment and decrement the current frequency in steps of 10 kHz or 50 kHz (FM) as selected by the CLEAR/STEP key. The default is 10 kHz. On the SW band, 1-kHz (455 kHz IF only) or 5-kHz steps are available; on the MW/LW band, 1- or 9-kHz steps are available. In the U.S.A., 10 kHz is appropriate instead of 9 kHz; this can be selected with a special key (see entry that follows). This function is duplicated on the tuning knob both in this mode and in normal mode. Use of the +/– keys (or the incremental encoder) to adjust the frequency enables PS name clearing if RDS information is absent or contains multiple errors. In normal mode, on the AM bands, use of the tuning knob displays the frequency in the PS name field, facilitating simultaneous display of frequency and time.

Store/Set



In normal modes (not manual or alarm), the store key selects the PS-edit mode in which the first character of the displayed PS-name flashes and can be changed by the + and – keys or the tuning knob. Subsequent presses of STORE move to the next character. A space is shown as a hyphen (–). This mode returns to the normal display mode 10 seconds after the last key press. This mode can be used to give a name to a station with no RDS PS name (all AM stations or an FM station with no RDS or unusable quality). See the entry that follows for the method of saving this name in EEPROM. Entry of a PS name in this way requires that PS name clearing is disabled. This is achieved by changing the program number (by using the +/– or 0–9 keys). Fine tuning enables PS name clearing (see +/– key description). Direct frequency entry does not affect the PS name clearing status.

In the alarm setup mode, STORE selects what will be changed when the + or – keys or the tuning knob are used (5/7 day, hours, or minutes). Hours or minutes flash when they are selected.

Manual

MANUA

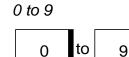
#### Application Note

In manual mode, STORE enters a special manual store mode in which the 9–0 keys save, rather than recall, a program. After pressing STORE, the program number flashes to indicate this change of function. Alternatively, a second press of STORE saves the current tuning information into the current program number. The current frequency, PI code (FM), PS name, and TA inhibit flag (FM) are saved in EEPROM. The TA inhibit status can be changed using the TRAFFIC key (see entry that follows). If the PS edit mode has been used, then manual store mode should be used to save the entered PS name.

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Select manual entry of frequency; a second press returns to normal mode if the tuned frequency has not been changed. If it has been changed, the second press returns to the new frequency and an additional press is required to return to the normal mode. In manual mode, frequency is displayed instead of the time; the + and – keys or the tuning knob enable incrementing and decrementing of the current frequency. Direct entry of frequency can be made using 0–9 keys. In this mode, the STORE key enters the manual store mode in which the program number flashes, allowing storing of the tuned program and PS name into the current, or a different, program number. A second press of STORE saves the current frequency, PS name, PI code, and TA inhibit bit (FM) in EEPROM.

In manual mode, the TRAFFIC (TA) key controls the TA inhibit bit, which can be stored with each program. If the current station has its TP flag high, the least significant digit of the frequency will alternate with a decimal point. Pressing TP toggles the NVM inhibit bit. When inhibited, the decimal point between the MHz and kHz becomes a "–". A subsequent press of STORE saves this bit in NVM along with the frequency, PI code, and PS name.



These keys are used both for direct frequency entry and for recalling the 40 available programs. In all modes, except standby and manual, when a 0–9 key is pressed, the selected program is tuned. Changing the tuned program using the 0–9 keys (or the +/– keys) disables PS name clearing if RDS information is absent or contains multiple errors. In manual mode, these keys are used for the direct entry of frequency. After entering the required frequency, pressing MANUAL retunes to the new frequency.



RDS

Traffic

TRAFFIC

Clear/Step

CLEAR/STEP

RDS

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Application Note Radio Data System

The mute line is set high before retuning and returned low 100 ms after the new frequency has been sent to the PLL. In manual store mode, the program number flashes and the 0–9 keys save the tuned program into the selected program number in EEPROM.

The first press displays scrolling RT data. Subsequent presses display PTY code, PI code, TA and TP, PIN code (two formats), MJD, MS and DI, last TA PI code, the reason for returning from last TA and EON (up to 16 networks with their principal frequency). See **Table 5** for the display formats. The RDS key is operational in all modes except standby.

Enable/disable traffic switching. When disabled, this is indicated by a decimal point in the 11th character of the dot matrix displays. Default at power-up is enabled. The TRAFFIC key works in all modes except standby. During manual mode and manual store mode, it toggles the TA inhibit status, which can subsequently be saved in NVM.

Toggles between 10-kHz and 50-kHz steps on the FM band or between 1 and 9 kHz (or 10 kHz) on the MW band. There is no indication on the dot matrix displays. In manual mode, the displayed frequency is cleared to facilitate the entry of a new frequency. If the clear is followed by use of the + or – keys or the tuning knob, the original frequency is retained, allowing a change of step size only. In PS edit mode, the clear key clears the current PS name.

Pressing TA test simulates the arrival of a group 14B. The PI code of the other network is embedded in the code (C5B1, Radio Clyde in the ROMed version).

Time Colon

TA Test

TA TEST



This key enables or disables the flashing colon in the time display. This can be used to prevent unnecessary I/O activity thus reducing RFI. Disabling the colon prevents 1-Hz updating, as the display modules are only updated if the data to be displayed has changed.



MW Step

MW STEP

This optional key selects 9- or 10-kHz steps on MW. Nine kHz is appropriate in Europe and 10 kHz in the United States. The default is 9 kHz, and the key need not be implemented if 10 kHz will never be required.

 Table 5. Key Function by Mode

	On/Off	Sleep	Alarm	+/	Store	Manual	ТР	RDS	0–9	Clear
Standby (OFF)	mode normal (ON)	mode sleep (ON)	mode alarm		_	_	_	_	_	_
Normal (ON)	mode standby (ON)	"	"	+/– prog.	mode PS-edit	mode manual	toggle traffic enable flag	display RT	tune prog.	toggle step 10/ 50 kHz
PS edit	"	"	"	+/- ASCII	next char.	"	"	PTY PI	"	"
A off	"	"	mode alarm on	+/– prog.		"	"	TA TP PIN hex	"	"
on A R	"	"	mode	5/7 day toggle	mode setup	"	"	PIN dec MJD	"	"
M setup	"	"	alarm off	+/– hour/min	hour/min toggle	"	"	M/S DI TA ret.	"	"
M A N U	"	66	mode alarm	+/– freq.	mode store	mode normal	toggle traffic	TA PI EON (16)	input freq.	"
A store L	"	"	"	"	save prog.	"	enable NV bit	"	save prog.	& clear freq.



#### Circuit

The circuit is in two distinct parts. The circuit for the MC145170 synthesizer is shown in **Figure 6**. The synthesizer board is the only part of the synthesizer controller which actually needs to be in (or close to) the radio. A local oscillator signal to supply the synthesizer should be taken from a low-impedance point so that the oscillator is not significantly loaded. Pulling of the oscillator frequency is not a problem as the PLL circuitry will compensate, but loading the tuned circuit itself is not recommended unless a high-impedance buffer is included. This prevents affecting the tuning range or the "Q" of the oscillator.

The MC145157 requires a divide-by-10 prescaler for FM and divide-by-5 for band 3. The MC145170 does not require prescaling. The standard LP1186 FM tuner does not have an LO take-off but a signal can be taken, without other modification, from the emitter of the oscillator BF195 (near the center of the PCB).

The Mullard LP1186 is unusual in having its local oscillator low. More recent tuners, for instance, the Larsholt 7254/55, almost always have their local oscillator above the tuned frequency. This selection can be made using port A, bit 2.

A 16-digit LCD (parallel) or VFD (serial) dot-matrix display module can be driven. The two display modules show the same data (within the limitations of their character ROMs). The VFD display driver supported is the MSC7128 and the LCD driver, the HD44780. On its own, this driver can be used to provide a 16-way multiplexed display, but an 8-way multiplexed higher contrast display is possible if the module also incorporates an HD44100. In an application which drives an LCD module (for instance, a ROMed PH8) and the module is not connected, a 10-k pulldown resistor should be added to bit 7 of port A. This prevents the software hanging up waiting for the busy line to go low.

**Figure 3** and **Figure 4** show the circuit diagrams of the controllers. **Figure 3** gives the pin numbers for the 52-pin PLCC HC11E with the numbers for the 56-pin SDIP (if different) in brackets. With the E32, the display in use can be selected by the level on port E, bit 7 (high for LCD and low for VFD) and the LCD multiplexing by port A, bit 7 (high for



divide-by-16, low for divide-by-8). The SW bank is selected by the level on port E, bit 6.

**Figure 4** shows pin numbers for the 84-pin PLCC K4, with the differences for the PH8 in brackets. Debug on the K4 using PCbug11 (reference 5) requires some additional hardware (within the dotted line) and port D bits 0 and 1 (SCI), port G bits 1 and 7 (XA14 and R/W), and port H bits 5 and 7 (CSGP1 and CSPROG), leaving 30 input/output (I/O) lines for use in the application. The display selections are not available on the PH8 ROMed versions, but there are four SW banks of 10 program memories; they are selected by port E, bits 6 and 7.

Since different demodulator devices can be used, the circuitry for the demodulator is not shown. The clock from the demodulator interrupts the microprocessor on each positive edge. At this time, a data bit is available and is read on bit 5 of port E.

#### Software

An assembled listing of part of the HC11E32 ROMed version (ZC403311) of the application is included. The software is in three modules and was assembled and linked using the Introl re-locatable assembler and linker. The first module is listed. It contains all the main control routines, including the main loop and keyboard scanning, and the function to be performed by each key.

The second module contains the RDS and display functions, while the third module is the 4-function, 9-digit integer BCD arithmetic required for the MJD date calculations.

The second and third modules are described and listed in AN495 (reference 4). EB419/D (reference 5) describes and lists additional debug code contained in the ROMed parts.

The code which is executed only on startup (power-on or reset) begins at the label START on the third page of the first module's listing, while the main loop starts at the label IDLE on the next page. The idle loop is quite long, as many functions and checks have to be carried out.



These include:

- Pacing the loop using the main timer
- Checking to see if the display needs updating or if a transient display has timed out
- Checking if alarm is armed and, if so, comparing its time with the current time
- Sleep timer operation
- Traffic announcement timing and return
- Keyboard scanning and selected function execution
- Incremental encoder execution
- Checking for changes in the band and memory selection inputs
- Timing band changes
- Updating TA = TP = 1 and M/S outputs

The keyboard subroutine (KBD) is executed at 64 Hz from the idle loop and checks to see if a key is pressed. If the same key is pressed on three consecutive tries, its function is performed. The remainder of the first module constitutes the subroutines performed by each key and the arithmetic and serial activity required to tune the synthesizers. The batch files used for linking the modules are shown as comments at the end of the listing, along with the pseudo-vectors required by PCbug11 during debug.

The displays are only updated when there is a change in the displayed data. At 8 Hz, a check is made to see if any characters have changed; if there has been a change, the display update routine is executed. This is done to minimize interference caused by communication with the displays. The colon between the hours and minutes of the time display changes at 1 Hz. This can be disabled (colon permanently displayed) by using the time colon key. The display routine (MOD) is executed in the idle loop if the flag bit 3 of STAT2 is set. It is set every 125 ms by timer B interrupts. If flag bit 4 of STAT2 is set, the display is initialized, indicating no valid RDS data. The dot-matrix modules are then updated, if necessary, with new data. Each time, before anything is written to the LCD module, the subroutine WAIT is used; this checks that the controller

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**Application Note** 

in the module is not busy. The different display formats are selected by checking the various flags and the relevant routine executed. The normal display permanently shows PS name and time. As the locations in RAM used for hours and minutes contain binary numbers, they are converted to BCD before being written to the relevant bytes in DISP. Once all 16 bytes in DISP have been loaded, loops are used to send the data to the display modules. The standby display (alarm not enabled) shows date and time. After a power-up, the display "Mon 0 inv 0:00" indicates that the date and time are invalid. The date and time will be correct once a valid RDS CT group has been received.

The VFD routine sends the same data as is shown on the LCD module to the serial VFD module. The display driver used has a different character set from the standard ASCII set used by the LCD module. The table VTAB is used to convert ASCII data into the required character in the VFD module. The small table INITF is used to send the required initialization bytes to the VFD module. This module does not require a busy check but does require a delay between successive bytes. This is satisfied by the wait loop within the serial output loop VFDL. The LCD and VFD routines are in the second software module (see reference 4).

	Display Mode	Format		
Standby Off	Alarm off Alarm off, no CT Alarm on	Thu 12 May 21:35 Mon 0 inv 0:00 0659 alarm 21:35		
Normal On	With RDS PS name Without RDS Auto name Tuning knob (AM)	4 BBC 4 FM 21:40 5 21:40 6 9410 21:40 6 9415 21:40		
Alarm	Alarm off Alarm on/setup	Alarm — OFF 5-day alarm 0659		
Sleep		Sleep 60 minutes		

Table 6. Display Formats



Display Mode	Format	
RDS RT	Kaleidoscope	_
PTY	Culture	
PI	PI code - C204	
TA & TP	TP - 0 $TA - 1$	
PIN (hex)	PIN no 655E	
PIN (decoded)	12th at 21:30	
MJD	MJ day — 49484	
MS & DI	M/S M DI 01	
last TA 1.	last TA PI C514	
2.	TA rtrn: EON PI	
EON (16)	BBC 3 FM 92.10	
	BBC Gael 103.70	
	BBC Nwcl 96.00	
	BBC Scot 94.30	
	BBC Scot 92.50	
	BBC Scot 94.70	
	BBC Scot 93.50	
	Classic 101.70	
	BBC Eng 107.90	
	BBC 1 FM 99.50	
	BBC 2 FM 89.90	
Manual	6 Classic 101.70	

#### Table 6. Display Formats (Continued)

#### **Traffic Announcements**

The radio can respond to EON-initiated traffic announcements if they are enabled by the TRAFFIC (TA) key. This status is indicated by a decimal point at the 11th character on the dot-matrix displays. A switch to a TA on another frequency will only occur if the station has previously been stored in NVM; the EON data which can be displayed using the RDS key is not used for TA switching. The PI code of the last TA (or attempted TA) can be displayed by pressing the RDS key eight times. A further press displays one of the TA return/inhibit messages shown here. TAs which are the result of TA = TP = 1 on the current frequency do not update the last TA PI or TA return/inhibit messages.



When a 14B group is received, the following occurs:

- Check traffic flag; if enabled, proceed; otherwise, set TA rtrn/inhb message to:
   TA inhb: flag Traffic key inhibit flag (d.p. at the 11th character position)
- Search for TA PI code in NVM; if found, proceed; otherwise, set TA rtrn/inhb message to: TA inhb: EON PI — The PI code given in 14B is not in the NVM.
- Check station TA inhibit flag in NVM; if clear, proceed; otherwise, set TA rtrn/inhb message to: TA inhb: NVM — User inhibit of station using bit stored in NVM
- Retune to frequency stored in NVM against EON PI code. The PS name display changes to show the PS name of the service carrying the traffic announcement and the time display is replaced by the new frequency. If the service has its TP flag high, then the 10s of kHz digit will flash as in the manual mode display. After one second, check TP flag at the new frequency. If high, then proceed; otherwise, return to original frequency and set TA rtrn/inhb message to:

TA rtrn: TP low — TP station does not have TP bit high.

- Check PI code at new frequency. If correct (same as 14B EON TA PI code), then proceed; otherwise, retune to original frequency and set TA rtrn/inhb message to: TA rtrn: PI code — PI code of TP station was not as expected.
- After an additional two seconds, start to monitor the TA flag; if high, remain on current frequency, if low, return to original frequency and set TA rtrn/inhb message to: *TA rtrn: TA low — TA flag of TP station low. This is the normal return method.*
- If, during a TA, the radio is manually retuned, the TA rtrn/inhb message is set to: *TA rtrn:manual — User-initiated manual return*



Table	7.	MCU	I/O
Iabio	•••		

K4 and P	H8	Function	E32	
Port A bits	0–7	LCD module data bus	Port C bits	0–7
Port B bits	0–7	High-order addresses (K4)	N/A	_
Port C bits	0–7	Data bus (K4)	N/A	_
Port D bits	0–1 2–4 5	Debug (PCbug11 or BUFFALO) Keyboard rows (via 14028 encoder) Standby (high:standby, low:on)	Port D bits	0–1 2–4 5
Port E bits	0–3 4 5 6 7	Keyboard columns Shaft direction (XIRQ) RDS data in or shaft direction (IRQ) Short-wave memory select 1 Short-wave memory select 2 (PH8 only)	Port E bits N/A	0–3 4 5 6
Port F bits	0–7	Low-order addresses	N/A	_
Port G bits	0 1 2–4 5–6 7	Mute XA14 (K4 only) LCD control lines (RS, R/W, and clock) Band select R/W (K4)	Port A bit N/A Port B bits Port A bits N/A	4  5–7 0–1 
Port H bits	0–1 2 3 4 5 6 7	Serial clock/data for VFD and PLLs VFD chip enable (PH8: +/- 10.7 MHz) Port E, bit 5 input control MC145170 PLL chip enable CSGP1 (K4 only) MC145157 PLL chip enable CSPROG (K4 only)	Port B bits Port B bit Port A bit Port B bit N/A Port B bit N/A	0-1 2 3 4 
N/A		FM IF select (+/- 10.7 MHz	Port A bit	2
N/A		TA = TP = 1	Port A bit	5
N/A		M/S = 1	Port A bit	6
N/A		LCD multiplex select (8/16)	Port A bit	7
N/A		Display module (LCD/VFD) select	Port E bit	7



#### **Setup and Testing**

An effective method of fault finding a PLL circuit is to initially do the tuning with a potentiometer, leaving the output of the filter disconnected from the VCO. As the radio is tuned through the frequency setup in the synthesizer, the filter output should switch from one extreme to the other. Until this test passes, it is not useful to close the loop, as it is difficult to distinguish the cause of a problem from its effects.

Check operation of the MC34064 LVI circuit. As the supply voltage is lowered, it should pull the reset pin low. This should occur between 4.70 and 4.50 volts. Adjust trimmer on the EXTAL pin of the M68HC711 for accurate timekeeping in the absence of RDS CT information. (Radio should be detuned or tuned to a station known not to provide RDS.) The trimmer on pin 2 of the PLL chip (MC145157 or MC145170) should be adjusted to provide an accurate reference frequency. This adjustment can be made simply to tuning to a strong broadcast of known frequency and adjusting for optimum reception or symmetric adjacent-channel response.

#### **PH8 ROMed Application**

The ROMed PH8s (ZC428200 and ZC428202) differ from the described E32 version of this application as follows:

- 1. 40 short-wave programs can be stored instead of 20. These are accessed by the use of a second memory-select line (port E, bit 7).
- There is no display selection; both LCD and VFD signals are generated. If an LCD module is not connected, a pulldown on port A, bit 7 should be included (see Figure 4).
- 3. LCD multiplexing is fixed at divide-by-8.
- 4. Traffic announcement (retune to TA frequency) is not fully implemented in the ZC428200.



- 5. Time colon FLASH defeat key is not implemented; the display modules are always updated at 8 Hz.
- 6. TA = TP = 1 and M/S outputs are not implemented.
- 7. 10-kHz MW steps are not available (no 9/10 key).
- +/-10.7-MHz IF selection (FM) is carried out on port H, bit 2 which is read after reset but before it is set up as an output. A pullup or pulldown resistor will determine the IF selection (pullup for LO high and pulldown for LO low) without affecting the pin's subsequent function as an output (VFD chip enable).
- 9. The 500-ms delay at switch-on between the standby line moving and the PLLs being retuned is not implemented.
- 10. The sleep d.p. flashes during operation of the sleep timer.

#### References

- 1. *A Radio Synthesizer Using the MC68HC05B4*, Motorola document order number ANE416/D
- 2. CENELEC EN 50067, Specifications of the Radio Data System (RDS), formerly EBU technical document 3244
- 3. An RDS Decoder Using the MC68HC05E0, Motorola document order number AN460/D
- 4. *RDS Decoding for an HC11 Controlled Radio*, Motorola document order number AN495/D
- 5. ROMed HC11E32 and HC11PH8 Including BUFFALO Monitor and PCbug 11 Talker, Motorola document order number EB419/D



**Application Note** 

**Code Listing** 

*	MC68HC1	1E32 RDS multiband r	adio. *
*			* גפרס אגפרס 11 *
۰ ۲	Used with F	RDSE.S11, FNCE.S11 & 1	RDRAME.SII. *
	Topping		April '94 *
* * * * * * *	* * * * * * * * * * * * *	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	**********
	IMPORT	SDATA, TINTB, INITD	,MOD,CLOCK,MJDAT,WAIT,CLREON,CBCD, PROC, TH
	EXPORT	DCON2,NEW,CLTR,SH	AFT
	LIB	RDRAME.S11	
PORTA	EQU	\$00	PORT A ADDRESS
PORTB	EQU	\$04	" B "
PORTC	EQU	\$03	" C "
PORTD	EQU	\$08	" D "
PORTE	EQU	\$0A	" E "
PORTCD	EQU	\$07	PORT C DATA DIRECTION REG.
PORTDD	EQU	\$09	D " "
-		\$24	
IMSK2	EQU		
PACTL	EQU	\$26	
OPTION INIT	EQU EQU	\$39 \$3D	
	~		
RBO	EQU	\$1000	REGISTER BLOCK OFFSET
PPROG	EQU	\$3B	EEPROM CONTROL REGISTER
ND	EQU	9	No. DIGITS
	SECTION.S	.RAM1,COMM	
BMJD	RMB	3	BINARY MJD
Q	RMB	9	WORKING NUMBER 1 - RDS
TMQ	RMB	9	SCRATCH
R	RMB	9	WORKING NUMBER 2 - RDS
TMP	RMB	9	MULT. OVER. OR DIV. REMAINDER
R	RMB	9	WORKING NUMBER 3 - RDS
MJD	RMB	9	MODIFIED JULIAN DAY NUMBER
YR	RMB	9	YEAR
MNTH	RMB	2	MONTH
1.ITA T T T		2	DATE
	RMB	2	
DOM DOW	RMB RMB	1	DAY OF WEEK
DOM DOW * * * * * * * * *	RMB		DAY OF WEEK
DOM DOW * * * * * * * * *	RMB * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	1	DAY OF WEEK
DOM DOW * * * * * * * * * * * *	RMB ************** RAM alloca	1 ************************************	DAY OF WEEK *** * *
DOM DOW * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	RMB **************** RAM alloc: *****	1 ************************************	DAY OF WEEK *** * * *
DOM DOW ********* * * * * * DIST	RMB ************** RAM alloca ***************	1 ************************************	DAY OF WEEK *** * * * * TRANSIENT DISPLAY, TIMEOUT,COUNTER
DOM DOW ******** * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	RMB ************** RAM alloca *************** RMB RMB	1 ************************************	DAY OF WEEK *** * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
DOM DOW ********* * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	RMB ************** RAM alloca ***************	1 ************************************	DAY OF WEEK *** * * * * TRANSIENT DISPLAY, TIMEOUT,COUNTER
DOM DOW ******** * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	RMB ************** RAM alloca *************** RMB RMB	1 ************************************	DAY OF WEEK *** * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
DOM DOW ********* * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	RMB ************** RAM alloca *************** RMB RMB RMB RMB	1 ************************************	DAY OF WEEK *** * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
DOM DOW ********* * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	RMB ************** RAM alloca ************** RMB RMB RMB RMB RMB	1 ************************************	DAY OF WEEK *** * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
DOM DOW ********* * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	RMB *************** RAM alloc: *************** RMB RMB RMB RMB RMB RMB	1 ************************************	DAY OF WEEK *** * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
DOM DOW ********* * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	RMB ************** RAM alloca **************** RMB RMB RMB RMB RMB RMB RMB RMB RMB RMB	1 ************************************	DAY OF WEEK *** * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
DOM DOW ********* * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	RMB **************** RAM alloca *************** RMB RMB RMB RMB RMB RMB RMB RMB RMB RMB	1 ************************************	DAY OF WEEK *** * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
DOM DOW ********* * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	RMB ***************** RAM alloca ***************** RMB RMB RMB RMB RMB RMB RMB RMB RMB RMB	1 ************************************	DAY OF WEEK *** * * * TRANSIENT DISPLAY, TIMEOUT, COUNTER SLEEP TIMER MINUTES COUNTER RDS TIMEOUT COUNTER PS DISPLAY POINTER SERIAL DATA BUFFER TEMPORARY GROUP DATA COMPLETE GROUP DATA PROGRAM-TYPE CODE (CURRENT) PROGRAM TYPE CODE (PTY SCAN)
DOM DOW ********* * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	RMB ****************** RAM alloca ************************************	1 ************************************	DAY OF WEEK *** * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
DOM DOW ********* * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	RMB ***************** RAM alloca ************************************	1 ************************************	DAY OF WEEK *** * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
DOM DOW ******** * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	RMB ************************************	1 ************************************	DAY OF WEEK *** * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
DOM DOW ******** * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	RMB ************************************	1 ************************************	DAY OF WEEK *** * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
DOM DOW ********* * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	RMB ************************************	1 ************************************	DAY OF WEEK *** TRANSIENT DISPLAY, TIMEOUT, COUNTER SLEEP TIMER MINUTES COUNTER RDS TIMEOUT COUNTER PS DISPLAY POINTER SERIAL DATA BUFFER TEMPORARY GROUP DATA COMPLETE GROUP DATA PROGRAM-TYPE CODE (CURRENT) PROGRAM TYPE CODE (CURRENT) PROGRAM IDENTIFICATION CODE PROGRAM IDENTIFICATION CODE PROGRAM ITEM NUMBER VALID BLOCK LEVEL BIT LEVEL
DOM DOW * * * * * * * * * * * *	RMB ************************************	1 ************************************	DAY OF WEEK *** * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *



Application Note Code Listing

CONF	RMB	1	SYNDROME CONFIDENCE
TH32	RMB	1	
			TICS (SECONDS/32)
TH8	RMB	1	EIGHTHS OF SECONDS
SEC	RMB	1	SECONDS
MIN	RMB	1	MINUTES
OUR	RMB	1	HOURS
AMIN	RMB	1	ALARM MINUTES
AOUR	RMB	1	ALARM HOURS
DISP1	RMB	1	RT DISPLAY POINTER #1
DISP2	RMB	1	RT DISPLAY POINTER #2
		6	
RQ	RMB	6	WORKING BCD NUMBER 1 RADIO
RP	RMB	6	" " 2 "
RR	RMB	2	
W1	RMB	2	W
W2	RMB	2	0
W3	RMB	2	R
W4	RMB	2	K
W5	RMB	2	I
Wб	RMB	2	Ν
W7	RMB	2	G
KEY	RMB	1	CODE OF PRESSED KEY
KOUNT	RMB	1	KEYBOARD COUNTER
DIG2	RMB	1	2nd DIGIT TIMEOUT COUNTER
CARRY	RMB	1	BCD CARRY
COUNT	RMB	1	LOOP COUNTER
NUM1	RMB	2	1ST NO. POINTER (ADD & SUBTRACT)
NUM2	RMB	2	2ND NO. POINTER (ADD & SUBTRACT)
LED	RMB	1	STATION NUMBER
SMEM	RMB	2	
			CURRENT FREQUENCY
REARET	RMB	1	LAST TA REASON FOR RETURN
RTDIS	RMB	1	RDS DISPLAY TYPE
DI	RMB	1	DECODER IDENTIFICATION
SCHAN	RMB	1	SCAN CHANNEL
*******	**********	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	* * * * * * *
*			*
*	Flage 6	pages 1-2.	*
*	riago, a	pages 1 2.	*
			, de de de de de de de de
		**************	
STAT	RMB	**************************************	0: MODE 1: STATION, 0: FREQ
STAT *			
STAT			0: MODE 1: STATION, 0: FREQ
STAT *			0: MODE 1: STATION, 0: FREQ 1: STEP 1: 50KHz, 0: 10KHz
STAT * *			0: MODE 1: STATION, 0: FREQ 1: STEP 1: 50KHz, 0: 10KHz 2: CLRQ 1: CLEAR IF NO. KEYED 3: TIMER MS BIT TOGGLE (64 Hz)
STAT * *			0: MODE 1: STATION, 0: FREQ 1: STEP 1: 50KHz, 0: 10KHz 2: CLRQ 1: CLEAR IF NO. KEYED 3: TIMER MS BIT TOGGLE (64 Hz) 4: RDS DATA CLEARING ENABLE
STAT * * *			0: MODE 1: STATION, 0: FREQ 1: STEP 1: 50KHz, 0: 10KHz 2: CLRQ 1: CLEAR IF NO. KEYED 3: TIMER MS BIT TOGGLE (64 Hz) 4: RDS DATA CLEARING ENABLE 5: KEY FUNCTION PERFORMED
STAT * * * *			0: MODE 1: STATION, 0: FREQ 1: STEP 1: 50KHz, 0: 10KHz 2: CLRQ 1: CLEAR IF NO. KEYED 3: TIMER MS BIT TOGGLE (64 Hz) 4: RDS DATA CLEARING ENABLE 5: KEY FUNCTION PERFORMED 6: KEY REPEATING
STAT * * * * *	RMB	1	0: MODE 1: STATION, 0: FREQ 1: STEP 1: 50KHz, 0: 10KHz 2: CLRQ 1: CLEAR IF NO. KEYED 3: TIMER MS BIT TOGGLE (64 Hz) 4: RDS DATA CLEARING ENABLE 5: KEY FUNCTION PERFORMED 6: KEY REPEATING 7: NOT JUST POWERED UP
STAT * * * * * * STAT2			0: MODE 1: STATION, 0: FREQ 1: STEP 1: 50KHz, 0: 10KHz 2: CLRQ 1: CLEAR IF NO. KEYED 3: TIMER MS BIT TOGGLE (64 Hz) 4: RDS DATA CLEARING ENABLE 5: KEY FUNCTION PERFORMED 6: KEY REPEATING 7: NOT JUST POWERED UP 0: VALID SYNDROME
STAT * * * * * STAT2	RMB	1	0: MODE 1: STATION, 0: FREQ 1: STEP 1: 50KHz, 0: 10KHz 2: CLEQ 1: CLEAR IF NO. KEYED 3: TIMER MS BIT TOGGLE (64 Hz) 4: RDS DATA CLEARING ENABLE 5: KEY FUNCTION PERFORMED 6: KEY REPEATING 7: NOT JUST POWERED UP 0: VALID SYNDROME 1: VALID GROUP
STAT * * * * * STAT2	RMB	1	0: MODE 1: STATION, 0: FREQ 1: STEP 1: 50KHz, 0: 10KHz 2: CLRQ 1: CLEAR IF NO. KEYED 3: TIMER MS BIT TOGGLE (64 Hz) 4: RDS DATA CLEARING ENABLE 5: KEY FUNCTION PERFORMED 6: KEY REPEATING 7: NOT JUST POWERED UP 0: VALID SYNDROME
STAT * * * * * STAT2	RMB	1	0: MODE 1: STATION, 0: FREQ 1: STEP 1: 50KHz, 0: 10KHz 2: CLEQ 1: CLEAR IF NO. KEYED 3: TIMER MS BIT TOGGLE (64 Hz) 4: RDS DATA CLEARING ENABLE 5: KEY FUNCTION PERFORMED 6: KEY REPEATING 7: NOT JUST POWERED UP 0: VALID SYNDROME 1: VALID GROUP
STAT * * * * * * STAT2 *	RMB	1	0: MODE 1: STATION, 0: FREQ 1: STEP 1: 50KHz, 0: 10KHz 2: CLRQ 1: CLEAR IF NO. KEYED 3: TIMER MS BIT TOGGLE (64 Hz) 4: RDS DATA CLEARING ENABLE 5: KEY FUNCTION PERFORMED 6: KEY REPEATING 7: NOT JUST POWERED UP 0: VALID SYNDROME 1: VALID GROUP 2: RT DISPLAY 3: UPDATE DISPLAY
STAT * * * * * * STAT2 * *	RMB	1	0: MODE 1: STATION, 0: FREQ 1: STEP 1: 50KHz, 0: 10KHz 2: CLRQ 1: CLEAR IF NO. KEYED 3: TIMER MS BIT TOGGLE (64 Hz) 4: RDS DATA CLEARING ENABLE 5: KEY FUNCTION PERFORMED 6: KEY REPEATING 7: NOT JUST POWERED UP 0: VALID SYNDROME 1: VALID GROUP 2: RT DISPLAY 3: UPDATE DISPLAY 4: CLEAR DISPLAY
STAT * * * * STAT2 * *	RMB	1	0: MODE 1: STATION, 0: FREQ 1: STEP 1: 50KHz, 0: 10KHz 2: CLRQ 1: CLEAR IF NO. KEYED 3: TIMER MS BIT TOGGLE (64 Hz) 4: RDS DATA CLEARING ENABLE 5: KEY FUNCTION PERFORMED 6: KEY REPEATING 7: NOT JUST POWERED UP 0: VALID SYNDROME 1: VALID GROUP 2: RT DISPLAY 3: UPDATE DISPLAY 4: CLEAR DISPLAY 5: SPACE FLAG
STAT * * * * STAT2 * * * *	RMB	1	0: MODE 1: STATION, 0: FREQ 1: STEP 1: 50KHz, 0: 10KHz 2: CLRQ 1: CLEAR IF NO. KEYED 3: TIMER MS BIT TOGGLE (64 Hz) 4: RDS DATA CLEARING ENABLE 5: KEY FUNCTION PERFORMED 6: KEY REPEATING 7: NOT JUST POWERED UP 0: VALID SYNDROME 1: VALID GROUP 2: RT DISPLAY 3: UPDATE DISPLAY 4: CLEAR DISPLAY 5: SPACE FLAG 6: NOT ON PROGRAM (AM)
STAT * * * * STAT2 * * * * *	RMB RMB	1	0: MODE 1: STATION, 0: FREQ 1: STEP 1: 50KHz, 0: 10KHz 2: CLRQ 1: CLEAR IF NO. KEYED 3: TIMER MS BIT TOGGLE (64 Hz) 4: RDS DATA CLEARING ENABLE 5: KEY FUNCTION PERFORMED 6: KEY REPEATING 7: NOT JUST POWERED UP 0: VALID SYNDROME 1: VALID GROUP 2: RT DISPLAY 3: UPDATE DISPLAY 4: CLEAR DISPLAY 4: CLEAR DISPLAY 5: SPACE FLAG 6: NOT ON PROGRAM (AM) 7: TA RETUNE DONE
STAT * * * * STAT2 * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	RMB	1	0: MODE 1: STATION, 0: FREQ 1: STEP 1: 50KHz, 0: 10KHz 2: CLRQ 1: CLEAR IF NO. KEYED 3: TIMER MS BIT TOGGLE (64 Hz) 4: RDS DATA CLEARING ENABLE 5: KEY FUNCTION PERFORMED 6: KEY REPEATING 7: NOT JUST POWERED UP 0: VALID SYNDROME 1: VALID GROUP 2: RT DISPLAY 3: UPDATE DISPLAY 4: CLEAR DISPLAY 4: CLEAR DISPLAY 5: SPACE FLAG 6: NOT ON PROGRAM (AM) 7: TA RETUNE DONE 0: NOT ON PROGRAM (FM)
STAT * * * * STAT2 * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	RMB RMB	1	0: MODE 1: STATION, 0: FREQ 1: STEP 1: 50KHz, 0: 10KHz 2: CLRQ 1: CLEAR IF NO. KEYED 3: TIMER MS BIT TOGGLE (64 Hz) 4: RDS DATA CLEARING ENABLE 5: KEY FUNCTION PERFORMED 6: KEY REPEATING 7: NOT JUST POWERED UP 0: VALID SYNDROME 1: VALID GROUP 2: RT DISPLAY 3: UPDATE DISPLAY 4: CLEAR DISPLAY 4: CLEAR DISPLAY 5: SPACE FLAG 6: NOT ON PROGRAM (AM) 7: TA RETUNE DONE 0: NOT ON PROGRAM (FM) 1: TEXTA/TEXTB BIT (RT)
STAT * * * * STAT2 * * * * * * * * * * * * *	RMB RMB	1	0: MODE 1: STATION, 0: FREQ 1: STEP 1: 50KHz, 0: 10KHz 2: CLRQ 1: CLEAR IF NO. KEYED 3: TIMER MS BIT TOGGLE (64 Hz) 4: RDS DATA CLEARING ENABLE 5: KEY FUNCTION PERFORMED 6: KEY REPEATING 7: NOT JUST POWERED UP 0: VALID SYNDROME 1: VALID GROUP 2: RT DISPLAY 3: UPDATE DISPLAY 4: CLEAR DISPLAY 4: CLEAR DISPLAY 5: SPACE FLAG 6: NOT ON PROGRAM (AM) 7: TA RETUNE DONE 0: NOT ON PROGRAM (FM)
STAT * * * STAT2 * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	RMB RMB	1	0: MODE 1: STATION, 0: FREQ 1: STEP 1: 50KHz, 0: 10KHz 2: CLRQ 1: CLEAR IF NO. KEYED 3: TIMER MS BIT TOGGLE (64 Hz) 4: RDS DATA CLEARING ENABLE 5: KEY FUNCTION PERFORMED 6: KEY REPEATING 7: NOT JUST POWERED UP 0: VALID SYNDROME 1: VALID GROUP 2: RT DISPLAY 3: UPDATE DISPLAY 4: CLEAR DISPLAY 4: CLEAR DISPLAY 5: SPACE FLAG 6: NOT ON PROGRAM (AM) 7: TA RETUNE DONE 0: NOT ON PROGRAM (FM) 1: TEXTA/TEXTB BIT (RT)
STAT * * * * STAT2 * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	RMB RMB	1	0: MODE 1: STATION, 0: FREQ 1: STEP 1: 50KHz, 0: 10KHz 2: CLRQ 1: CLEAR IF NO. KEYED 3: TIMER MS BIT TOGGLE (64 Hz) 4: RDS DATA CLEARING ENABLE 5: KEY FUNCTION PERFORMED 6: KEY REPEATING 7: NOT JUST POWERED UP 0: VALID SYNDROME 1: VALID GROUP 2: RT DISPLAY 3: UPDATE DISPLAY 4: CLEAR DISPLAY 5: SPACE FLAG 6: NOT ON PROGRAM (AM) 7: TA RETUNE DONE 0: NOT ON PROGRAM (FM) 1: TEXTA/TEXTB BIT (RT) 2: TA FLAG 3: TP FLAG
STAT * * * * STAT2 * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	RMB RMB	1	0: MODE 1: STATION, 0: FREQ 1: STEP 1: 50KHz, 0: 10KHz 2: CLRQ 1: CLEAR IF NO. KEYED 3: TIMER MS BIT TOGGLE (64 Hz) 4: RDS DATA CLEARING ENABLE 5: KEY FUNCTION PERFORMED 6: KEY REPEATING 7: NOT JUST POWERED UP 0: VALID SYNDROME 1: VALID GROUP 2: RT DISPLAY 3: UPDATE DISPLAY 4: CLEAR DISPLAY 4: CLEAR DISPLAY 5: SPACE FLAG 6: NOT ON PROGRAM (AM) 7: TA RETUNE DONE 0: NOT ON PROGRAM (FM) 1: TEXTA/TEXTB BIT (RT) 2: TA FLAG 3: TP FLAG 4: SHAFT DIRECTION
STAT * * * * STAT2 * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	RMB RMB	1	0: MODE 1: STATION, 0: FREQ 1: STEP 1: 50KHz, 0: 10KHz 2: CLRQ 1: CLEAR IF NO. KEYED 3: TIMER MS BIT TOGGLE (64 Hz) 4: RDS DATA CLEARING ENABLE 5: KEY FUNCTION PERFORMED 6: KEY REPEATING 7: NOT JUST POWERED UP 0: VALID SYNDROME 1: VALID GROUP 2: RT DISPLAY 3: UPDATE DISPLAY 4: CLEAR DISPLAY 4: CLEAR DISPLAY 5: SPACE FLAG 6: NOT ON PROGRAM (AM) 7: TA RETUNE DONE 0: NOT ON PROGRAM (FM) 1: TEXTA/TEXTB BIT (RT) 2: TA FLAG 3: TP FLAG 4: SHAFT DIRECTION 5: SHAFT ROTATION
STAT * * * * STAT2 * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	RMB RMB	1	0: MODE 1: STATION, 0: FREQ 1: STEP 1: 50KHz, 0: 10KHz 2: CLRQ 1: CLEAR IF NO. KEYED 3: TIMER MS BIT TOGGLE (64 Hz) 4: RDS DATA CLEARING ENABLE 5: KEY FUNCTION PERFORMED 6: KEY REPEATING 7: NOT JUST POWERED UP 0: VALID SYNDROME 1: VALID GROUP 2: RT DISPLAY 3: UPDATE DISPLAY 4: CLEAR DISPLAY 4: CLEAR DISPLAY 5: SPACE FLAG 6: NOT ON PROGRAM (AM) 7: TA RETUNE DONE 0: NOT ON PROGRAM (FM) 1: TEXTA/TEXTB BIT (RT) 2: TA FLAG 3: TP FLAG 4: SHAFT DIRECTION 5: SHAFT ROTATION 6: UPDATE DATE
STAT * * * * STAT2 * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	RMB RMB	1 1	0: MODE 1: STATION, 0: FREQ 1: STEP 1: 50KHz, 0: 10KHz 2: CLRQ 1: CLEAR IF NO. KEYED 3: TIMER MS BIT TOGGLE (64 Hz) 4: RDS DATA CLEARING ENABLE 5: KEY FUNCTION PERFORMED 6: KEY REPEATING 7: NOT JUST POWERED UP 0: VALID SYNDROME 1: VALID GROUP 2: RT DISPLAY 3: UPDATE DISPLAY 4: CLEAR DISPLAY 5: SPACE FLAG 6: NOT ON PROGRAM (AM) 7: TA RETUNE DONE 0: NOT ON PROGRAM (FM) 1: TEXTA/TEXTB BIT (RT) 2: TA FLAG 3: TP FLAG 4: SHAFT DIRECTION 5: SHAFT ROTATION 6: UPDATE DATE 7: SHAFT INTERRUPTS
STAT * * * * STAT2 * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	RMB RMB	1	0: MODE 1: STATION, 0: FREQ 1: STEP 1: 50KHz, 0: 10KHz 2: CLRQ 1: CLEAR IF NO. KEYED 3: TIMER MS BIT TOGGLE (64 Hz) 4: RDS DATA CLEARING ENABLE 5: KEY FUNCTION PERFORMED 6: KEY REPEATING 7: NOT JUST POWERED UP 0: VALID SYNDROME 1: VALID GROUP 2: RT DISPLAY 3: UPDATE DISPLAY 4: CLEAR DISPLAY 4: CLEAR DISPLAY 5: SPACE FLAG 6: NOT ON PROGRAM (AM) 7: TA RETUNE DONE 0: NOT ON PROGRAM (FM) 1: TEXTA/TEXTB BIT (RT) 2: TA FLAG 3: TP FLAG 4: SHAFT DIRECTION 5: SHAFT ROTATION 6: UPDATE DATE 7: SHAFT INTERRUPTS 0: DISPLAY (OR TA SWITCH) TRANSIENT
STAT * * * STAT2 * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	RMB RMB	1 1	0: MODE 1: STATION, 0: FREQ 1: STEP 1: 50KHz, 0: 10KHz 2: CLRQ 1: CLEAR IF NO. KEYED 3: TIMER MS BIT TOGGLE (64 Hz) 4: RDS DATA CLEARING ENABLE 5: KEY FUNCTION PERFORMED 6: KEY REPEATING 7: NOT JUST POWERED UP 0: VALID SYNDROME 1: VALID GROUP 2: RT DISPLAY 3: UPDATE DISPLAY 4: CLEAR DISPLAY 5: SPACE FLAG 6: NOT ON PROGRAM (AM) 7: TA RETUNE DONE 0: NOT ON PROGRAM (FM) 1: TEXTA/TEXTB BIT (RT) 2: TA FLAG 3: TP FLAG 4: SHAFT DIRECTION 5: SHAFT ROTATION 6: UPDATE DATE 7: SHAFT INTERRUPTS
STAT * * * * STAT2 * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	RMB RMB	1 1	0: MODE 1: STATION, 0: FREQ 1: STEP 1: 50KHz, 0: 10KHz 2: CLRQ 1: CLEAR IF NO. KEYED 3: TIMER MS BIT TOGGLE (64 Hz) 4: RDS DATA CLEARING ENABLE 5: KEY FUNCTION PERFORMED 6: KEY REPEATING 7: NOT JUST POWERED UP 0: VALID SYNDROME 1: VALID GROUP 2: RT DISPLAY 3: UPDATE DISPLAY 4: CLEAR DISPLAY 4: CLEAR DISPLAY 5: SPACE FLAG 6: NOT ON PROGRAM (AM) 7: TA RETUNE DONE 0: NOT ON PROGRAM (FM) 1: TEXTA/TEXTB BIT (RT) 2: TA FLAG 3: TP FLAG 4: SHAFT DIRECTION 5: SHAFT ROTATION 6: UPDATE DATE 7: SHAFT INTERRUPTS 0: DISPLAY (OR TA SWITCH) TRANSIENT
STAT * * * STAT2 * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	RMB RMB	1 1	0: MODE 1: STATION, 0: FREQ 1: STEP 1: 50KHz, 0: 10KHz 2: CLRQ 1: CLEAR IF NO. KEYED 3: TIMER MS BIT TOGGLE (64 Hz) 4: RDS DATA CLEARING ENABLE 5: KEY FUNCTION PERFORMED 6: KEY REPEATING 7: NOT JUST POWERED UP 0: VALID SYNDROME 1: VALID GROUP 2: RT DISPLAY 3: UPDATE DISPLAY 4: CLEAR DISPLAY 4: CLEAR DISPLAY 5: SPACE FLAG 6: NOT ON PROGRAM (AM) 7: TA RETUNE DONE 0: NOT ON PROGRAM (FM) 1: TEXTA/TEXTB BIT (RT) 2: TA FLAG 3: TP FLAG 4: SHAFT DIRECTION 5: SHAFT ROTATION 6: UPDATE DATE 7: SHAFT INTERRUPTS 0: DISPLAY (OR TA SWITCH) TRANSIENT 1: SLEEP TIMER RUNNING 2: TRAFFIC ENABLED
STAT * * * * STAT2 * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	RMB RMB	1 1	0: MODE 1: STATION, 0: FREQ 1: STEP 1: 50KHz, 0: 10KHz 2: CLRQ 1: CLEAR IF NO. KEYED 3: TIMER MS BIT TOGGLE (64 Hz) 4: RDS DATA CLEARING ENABLE 5: KEY FUNCTION PERFORMED 6: KEY REPEATING 7: NOT JUST POWERED UP 0: VALID SYNDROME 1: VALID GROUP 2: RT DISPLAY 3: UPDATE DISPLAY 4: CLEAR DISPLAY 4: CLEAR DISPLAY 5: SPACE FLAG 6: NOT ON PROGRAM (AM) 7: TA RETUNE DONE 0: NOT ON PROGRAM (FM) 1: TEXTA/TEXTB BIT (RT) 2: TA FLAG 3: TP FLAG 4: SHAFT DIRECTION 5: SHAFT ROTATION 6: UPDATE DATE 7: SHAFT INTERRUPTS 0: DISPLAY (OR TA SWITCH) TRANSIENT 1: SLEEP TIMER RUNNING 2: TRAFFIC ENABLED 3: ALARM DISPLAY
STAT * * * * STAT2 * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	RMB RMB	1 1	0: MODE 1: STATION, 0: FREQ 1: STEP 1: 50KHz, 0: 10KHz 2: CLRQ 1: CLEAR IF NO. KEYED 3: TIMER MS BIT TOGGLE (64 Hz) 4: RDS DATA CLEARING ENABLE 5: KEY FUNCTION PERFORMED 6: KEY REPEATING 7: NOT JUST POWERED UP 0: VALID SYNDROME 1: VALID GROUP 2: RT DISPLAY 3: UPDATE DISPLAY 4: CLEAR DISPLAY 5: SPACE FLAG 6: NOT ON PROGRAM (AM) 7: TA RETUNE DONE 0: NOT ON PROGRAM (FM) 1: TEXTA/TEXTB BIT (RT) 2: TA FLAG 3: TP FLAG 4: SHAFT DIRECTION 5: SHAFT ROTATION 6: UPDATE DATE 7: SHAFT INTERRUPTS 0: DISPLAY (OR TA SWITCH) TRANSIENT 1: SLEEP TIMER RUNNING 2: TRAFFIC ENABLED 3: ALARM DISPLAY 4: ALARM ARMED
STAT * * * * STAT2 * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	RMB RMB	1 1	0: MODE 1: STATION, 0: FREQ 1: STEP 1: 50KHz, 0: 10KHz 2: CLRQ 1: CLEAR IF NO. KEYED 3: TIMER MS BIT TOGGLE (64 Hz) 4: RDS DATA CLEARING ENABLE 5: KEY FUNCTION PERFORMED 6: KEY REPEATING 7: NOT JUST POWERED UP 0: VALID SYNDROME 1: VALID GROUP 2: RT DISPLAY 3: UPDATE DISPLAY 4: CLEAR DISPLAY 4: CLEAR DISPLAY 5: SPACE FLAG 6: NOT ON PROGRAM (AM) 7: TA RETUNE DONE 0: NOT ON PROGRAM (FM) 1: TEXTA/TEXTB BIT (RT) 2: TA FLAG 3: TP FLAG 4: SHAFT DIRECTION 5: SHAFT ROTATION 6: UPDATE DATE 7: SHAFT INTERRUPTS 0: DISPLAY (OR TA SWITCH) TRANSIENT 1: SLEEP TIMER RUNNING 2: TRAFFIC ENABLED 3: ALARM ARMED 5: ALARM ARMED 5: ALARM SET-UP
STAT * * * STAT2 * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	RMB RMB	1 1	0: MODE 1: STATION, 0: FREQ 1: STEP 1: 50KHz, 0: 10KHz 2: CLRQ 1: CLEAR IF NO. KEYED 3: TIMER MS BIT TOGGLE (64 Hz) 4: RDS DATA CLEARING ENABLE 5: KEY FUNCTION PERFORMED 6: KEY REPEATING 7: NOT JUST POWERED UP 0: VALID SYNDROME 1: VALID GROUP 2: RT DISPLAY 3: UPDATE DISPLAY 4: CLEAR DISPLAY 4: CLEAR DISPLAY 5: SPACE FLAG 6: NOT ON PROGRAM (AM) 7: TA RETUNE DONE 0: NOT ON PROGRAM (FM) 1: TEXTA/TEXTB BIT (RT) 2: TA FLAG 3: TP FLAG 4: SHAFT DIRECTION 5: SHAFT ROTATION 6: UPDATE DATE 7: SHAFT INTERRUPTS 0: DISPLAY (OR TA SWITCH) TRANSIENT 1: SLEEP TIMER RUNNING 2: TRAFFIC ENABLED 3: ALARM ARMED 5: ALARM ARMED 5: ALARM HOURS (SET-UP)
STAT * * * * STAT2 * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	RMB RMB	1 1	0: MODE 1: STATION, 0: FREQ 1: STEP 1: 50KHz, 0: 10KHz 2: CLRQ 1: CLEAR IF NO. KEYED 3: TIMER MS BIT TOGGLE (64 Hz) 4: RDS DATA CLEARING ENABLE 5: KEY FUNCTION PERFORMED 6: KEY REPEATING 7: NOT JUST POWERED UP 0: VALID SYNDROME 1: VALID GROUP 2: RT DISPLAY 3: UPDATE DISPLAY 4: CLEAR DISPLAY 4: CLEAR DISPLAY 5: SPACE FLAG 6: NOT ON PROGRAM (AM) 7: TA RETUNE DONE 0: NOT ON PROGRAM (FM) 1: TEXTA/TEXTB BIT (RT) 2: TA FLAG 3: TP FLAG 4: SHAFT DIRECTION 5: SHAFT ROTATION 6: UPDATE DATE 7: SHAFT INTERRUPTS 0: DISPLAY (OR TA SWITCH) TRANSIENT 1: SLEEP TIMER RUNNING 2: TRAFFIC ENABLED 3: ALARM ARMED 5: ALARM ARMED 5: ALARM SET-UP
STAT * * * STAT2 * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	RMB RMB	1 1	0: MODE 1: STATION, 0: FREQ 1: STEP 1: 50KHz, 0: 10KHz 2: CLRQ 1: CLEAR IF NO. KEYED 3: TIMER MS BIT TOGGLE (64 Hz) 4: RDS DATA CLEARING ENABLE 5: KEY FUNCTION PERFORMED 6: KEY REPEATING 7: NOT JUST POWERED UP 0: VALID SYNDROME 1: VALID GROUP 2: RT DISPLAY 3: UPDATE DISPLAY 4: CLEAR DISPLAY 4: CLEAR DISPLAY 5: SPACE FLAG 6: NOT ON PROGRAM (AM) 7: TA RETUNE DONE 0: NOT ON PROGRAM (FM) 1: TEXTA/TEXTB BIT (RT) 2: TA FLAG 3: TP FLAG 4: SHAFT DIRECTION 5: SHAFT ROTATION 6: UPDATE DATE 7: SHAFT INTERRUPTS 0: DISPLAY (OR TA SWITCH) TRANSIENT 1: SLEEP TIMER RUNNING 2: TRAFFIC ENABLED 3: ALARM AIMED 5: ALARM ARMED 5: ALARM HOURS (SET-UP) 7: VALID GROUP 14B RECEIVED
STAT * * * STAT2 * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	RMB RMB RMB	1 1 1	0: MODE 1: STATION, 0: FREQ 1: STEP 1: 50KHz, 0: 10KHz 2: CLRQ 1: CLEAR IF NO. KEYED 3: TIMER MS BIT TOGGLE (64 Hz) 4: RDS DATA CLEARING ENABLE 5: KEY FUNCTION PERFORMED 6: KEY REPEATING 7: NOT JUST POWERED UP 0: VALID SYNDROME 1: VALID GROUP 2: RT DISPLAY 3: UPDATE DISPLAY 4: CLEAR DISPLAY 5: SPACE FLAG 6: NOT ON PROGRAM (AM) 7: TA RETUNE DONE 0: NOT ON PROGRAM (FM) 1: TEXTA/TEXTB BIT (RT) 2: TA FLAG 3: TP FLAG 4: SHAFT DIRECTION 5: SHAFT ROTATION 6: UPDATE DATE 7: SHAFT INTERRUPTS 0: DISPLAY (OR TA SWITCH) TRANSIENT 1: SLEEP TIMER RUNNING 2: TRAFFIC ENABLED 3: ALARM DISPLAY 4: ALARM ARMED 5: ALARM SET-UP 6: ALARM HOURS (SET-UP) 7: VALID GROUP 14B RECEIVED 0: BAND CHANGE TIMEOUT
STAT * * * STAT2 * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	RMB RMB RMB	1 1 1	0: MODE 1: STATION, 0: FREQ 1: STEP 1: 50KHz, 0: 10KHz 2: CLRQ 1: CLEAR IF NO. KEYED 3: TIMER MS BIT TOGGLE (64 Hz) 4: RDS DATA CLEARING ENABLE 5: KEY FUNCTION PERFORMED 6: KEY REPEATING 7: NOT JUST POWERED UP 0: VALID SYNDROME 1: VALID GROUP 2: RT DISPLAY 3: UPDATE DISPLAY 4: CLEAR DISPLAY 4: CLEAR DISPLAY 5: SPACE FLAG 6: NOT ON PROGRAM (AM) 7: TA RETUNE DONE 0: NOT ON PROGRAM (FM) 1: TEXTA/TEXTB BIT (RT) 2: TA FLAG 3: TP FLAG 4: SHAFT DIRECTION 5: SHAFT ROTATION 6: UPDATE DATE 7: SHAFT INTERRUPTS 0: DISPLAY (OR TA SWITCH) TRANSIENT 1: SLEEP TIMER RUNNING 2: TRAFFIC ENABLED 3: ALARM DISPLAY 4: ALARM ARMED 5: ALARM SET-UP 6: ALARM HOURS (SET-UP) 7: VALID GROUP 14B RECEIVED 0: BAND CHANGE TIMEOUT 1: RDS DISPLAYS
STAT * * * STAT2 * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	RMB RMB RMB	1 1 1	0: MODE 1: STATION, 0: FREQ 1: STEP 1: 50KHz, 0: 10KHz 2: CLRQ 1: CLEAR IF NO. KEYED 3: TIMER MS BIT TOGGLE (64 Hz) 4: RDS DATA CLEARING ENABLE 5: KEY FUNCTION PERFORMED 6: KEY REPEATING 7: NOT JUST POWERED UP 0: VALID SYNDROME 1: VALID GROUP 2: RT DISPLAY 3: UPDATE DISPLAY 4: CLEAR DISPLAY 4: CLEAR DISPLAY 5: SPACE FLAG 6: NOT ON PROGRAM (AM) 7: TA RETUNE DONE 0: NOT ON PROGRAM (FM) 1: TEXTA/TEXTB BIT (RT) 2: TA FLAG 3: TP FLAG 4: SHAFT DIRECTION 5: SHAFT DIRECTION 5: SHAFT NTERRUPTS 0: DISPLAY (OR TA SWITCH) TRANSIENT 1: SLEEP TIMER RUNNING 2: TRAFFIC ENABLED 3: ALARM DISPLAY 4: ALARM ARMED 5: ALARM SET-UP 6: ALARM HOURS (SET-UP) 7: VALID GROUP 14B RECEIVED 0: BAND CHANGE TIMEOUT 1: RDS DISPLAYS 2: SLEEP DISPLAY
STAT * * * STAT2 * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	RMB RMB RMB	1 1 1	0: MODE 1: STATION, 0: FREQ 1: STEP 1: 50KHz, 0: 10KHz 2: CLRQ 1: CLEAR IF NO. KEYED 3: TIMER MS BIT TOGGLE (64 Hz) 4: RDS DATA CLEARING ENABLE 5: KEY FUNCTION PERFORMED 6: KEY REPEATING 7: NOT JUST POWERED UP 0: VALID SYNDROME 1: VALID GROUP 2: RT DISPLAY 3: UPDATE DISPLAY 4: CLEAR DISPLAY 4: CLEAR DISPLAY 5: SPACE FLAG 6: NOT ON PROGRAM (AM) 7: TA RETUNE DONE 0: NOT ON PROGRAM (FM) 1: TEXTA/TEXTB BIT (RT) 2: TA FLAG 3: TP FLAG 4: SHAFT DIRECTION 5: SHAFT ROTATION 6: UPDATE DATE 7: SHAFT INTERRUPTS 0: DISPLAY (OR TA SWITCH) TRANSIENT 1: SLEEP TIMER RUNNING 2: TRAFFIC ENABLED 3: ALARM DISPLAY 4: ALARM ARMED 5: ALARM SET-UP 6: ALARM HOURS (SET-UP) 7: VALID GROUP 14B RECEIVED 0: BAND CHANGE TIMEOUT 1: RDS DISPLAYS

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#### For More Information On This Product, Go to: www.freescale.com



## **Application Note**

*			4: RETUNE FLAG (FREQUENCY MODE)
*			5: TA INHIBIT FLAG (NVM)
*			6: STORE MODE 7: WEEKDAY ONLY ALARM
			/ WEEKDAT ONET ALARM
STAT6	RMB	1	BAND/BANK (,MW STEP,COLON, ,A1,A0,,E6)
BCTO	RMB	1	BAND CHANGE TIMEOUT
SCNT	RMB	1	SHAFT DETENT COUNTER
	SECTION .H		
EON	RMB	256	
	SECTION .H	RAM3, COMM	EON DATA (16 NETWORKS)
DISP	RMB	16	LCD MODULE BUFFER
DISPP PSN	RMB RMB	16 8	CURRENT LCD MODULE CONTENTS
RT	RMB	69	RADIOTEXT
	SECTION . H	ROM1	
STRST	JMP	START	RESET VECTOR
TMRB	JMP	TINTB	RTI
IRQ	JMP	SDATA	IRQ
* * * * * * * * *	* * * * * * * * * * * * *	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	* *
*			*
* Res	et routine -	set-up ports etc.	*
	* * * * * * * * * * * * *	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	*
START	LDAA	#\$01	
	STAA	INIT	REGISTERS AT \$1000
	LDAA	#\$10	ENABLE EEPROM WRITE (NOT CONFIG)
	STAA	\$1035	
	LDAA	#\$30	IRQ EDGE SENSITIVE
	STAA	\$1039	-
	LDAA	#\$03	32Hz RTI (8.388MHz XTAL)
	STAA	\$1026 #\$40	PORTA, BITS 3 & 7 INPUTS ENABLE REAL TIME INTERRUPTS
	LDAA STAA	#\$40 \$1024	ENABLE REAL TIME INTERROPTS
	LDAA	#\$00	DWOM = 0, PORTD PUSH-PULL
	STAA	\$1028	
	LDS	#\$02FF	INITIALISE STACK POINTER
	LDY	#\$1000	0,1: BAND INPUTS (FM, FM, MW, SW), 2: FM IF
	LDAA STAA	#\$10 DODWN X	3: IRQ CONTROL, 4: MUTE, 5: TA=TP=1 6: M/S=1, 7: 8/16 LCD MUX
	SIAA	PORTA,Y	6: M/S=1, 7: 8/16 LCD MUX
H2L	LDAA	#\$00	0,1: SERIAL CLOCK/DATA, 5,6,7: LCD CONTROL
	STAA	PORTB,Y	2,3,4: LATCH SIGNALS (VFD, 5157 & 5170)
	CLR LDAA	PORTC,Y #\$FF	0-7: LCD PARALLEL BUS
	STAA	PORTCD,Y	
		,	
	CLR	PORTD,Y	0,1: SCI (DEBUG)
	LDAA	#\$3C	2-4: KEYBOARD OUTPUTS
	STAA	PORTDD,Y	5: STANDBY
*	PORTE		0-3: KEYBOARD INPUTS, 4: SHAFT INPUT (XIRQ)
*	"		5: RDS/SHAFT INPUT, 6: SW BANK, 7: LCD/VFD
		* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	
*	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	*
*	INITIALISE I	CD AND RAM.	*
*			*
******	* * * * * * * * * * * * *	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	* *
	TOD	DROIBIC	MATE 1Eme
	JSR LDAA	DBOUNC #\$30	WAIT 15ms
	JSR	CLOCK	INITIALISE LCD
	JSR	DBOUNC	WAIT 15ms
	LDAA	#\$30	
	JSR	CLOCK	INITIALISE LCD
	TDY	#PMID	INTUTALISE DACE O DAM
CLOOP	LDX CLR	#BMJD 0,X	INITIALISE PAGE 0 RAM
CHOOL		0, A	

AN494

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INX СРХ #SCNT+1 MORE ? BNE CLOOP STAT4,\$04 ENABLE TRAFFIC SWITCHING - DEFAULT ? BSET STATION MODE BSET STAT,\$01 TIDAA #\$30 JSR CLOCK INITIALISE LCD JSR WAIT /8 DISPLAY LDAA #\$30 BRCLR PORTA, Y, \$80, M8 /16 DISPLAY LDAA #\$38 М8 CLOCK JSR LATCH IT JSR WAIT LDAA #\$08 SWITCH DISPLAY OFF JSR CLOCK LATCH IT JSR WAIT LDAA #\$01 CLEAR DISPLAY JSR CLOCK LATCH IT JSR INITD INITIALISE RDS DATA & DISPLAY JSR CLREON AND EON DATA \* Initialise interrupt JMPs JRT1 EQU \$00EB E32 BUFFALO RAM JUMP TABLE \$00EE JIRQ EQU .... JXIRQ EQU \$00F1 п #\$7E LDAA JRTI STAA STAA JIRQ STAA JXIRQ LDD #TINTB STD JRTI+1 RTI #SDATA LDD STD JIRQ+1 IRQ LDD #SHAFTX STD JXIRQ+1 XIRO T-DAA #\$00 ENABLE IRQ & XIRQ TAP \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* Idle loop. \*\*\*\*\* IDLE LDY #\$1000 BRSET STAT, \$08, TBH \$0E,Y,\$80,\* STAT,\$08 BRSET BSET BRA NO2D \$0E,Y,\$80,\* STAT,\$80 TBH BRCLR BCLR NO2D BRCLR STAT4,\$01,NOPS DISPLAY TRANSIENT ? LDAA DIST NOPS YES, TIMED OUT ? BNE JSR CLTR BRCLR NOPS STAT2,\$08,NDU DISPLAY UPDATE REQUIRED ? YES, DO IT JSR MOD BCLR STAT2,\$08 AND CLEAR FLAG NDU BRCLR PORTD, Y, \$20, FULON STANDBY ? NOTSNZ BRSET STAT4, \$10,NNT2 STANDBY, ALARM ARMED ? NT2 NTJ2 JMP NNT2 BRCLR STAT5,\$80,NWA YES, WEEKDAY ALARM ONLY ? DOW LDAA YES SATURDAY OR CMPA #4 BHI NT2J SUNDAY ? NO, COMPARE ALARM HOURS NWA LDAA AOUR WITH TIME CMPA OUR



## **Application Note**

ONAG	BNE LDAA CMPA BNE LDAA BNE BCLR JSR BCLR JSR	NT2J AMIN MIN NT2J SEC NT2 PORTD,Y,\$20 DEL500 PORTA,Y,\$10 P5170	SAME ? YES, COMPARE ALARM MINUTES WITH TIME SAME ? ONLY ALLOW WAKE-UP IN FIRST SECOND TO PREVENT SWITCH-OFF LOCKOUT YES, SWITCH ON, WAIT 500ms, DEMUTE AND TUNE (5170 & 5157)			
FULON	BRCLR LDAA BNE BCLR BSET BSET	STAT4,\$02,FLN SLEPT FLN STAT4,\$02 PORTD,Y,\$20 PORTA,Y,\$10	SLEEP TIMER RUNNING ? YES TIME TO FINISH ? YES, CLEAR FLAG, SWITCH OFF AND MUTE			
	* * * * * * * * *	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	**			
	*	Idle loop (cont.).	* * 			
	*******	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	**			
FLN	BRCLR BRSET BSET CLR LDAA STAA BSET BSET JSR JSR	STAT4,\$80,NT1 STAT2,\$80,NT2 STAT2,\$80 REARET #25 DIST STAT4,\$01 PORTA,Y,\$10 DBNC RETUNE2	14B FLAG HIGH ? YES, BIT AGREES ? NO, SET BIT LOCK OUT RETURN FOR 3 SECONDS SET DISPLAY TRANSIENT FLAG MUTE WAIT 150 ms AND RETUNE			
	BRCLR JSR	STAT4,\$80,NWWS DEL500	PI CODE NOT IN EON LIST ? WAIT 500ms			
*	BRCLR	PORTE,Y,\$10,SOK				
*	LDAA STAA	#2 REARET				
*	BRA	NT1				
SOK	JSR BRSET LDAA STAA BRA	DEL500 STAT3,S08,TPOK #5 REARET NT1	WAIT 500ms TP OK?			
ТРОК	LDAA CMPA BNE LDAA CMPA	PI PION PINOK1 PI+1 PION+1	YES, CHECK PI CODE AGAINST PI (EON)			
PINOK1	BEQ LDAA STAA	NT2 #3 REARET	IF OK STAY SWITCHED			
NT1	BRCLR BCLR BSET JSR	STAT2,\$80,NT2 STAT4,\$80 PORTA,Y,\$10 DBNC	14B FLAG LOW, BIT AGREES ? MAKE SURE 14B CANCELLED MUTE WAIT 150 ms			
NWWS	BCLR LDAA JSR	STAT2,\$80 LED RETUNE2	CLEAR FLAG SELECTED PROG. AND RETURN TO ORIGINAL PROGRAM			
NT2	JSR JSR BRCLR BCLR BRSET JSR BRA	KBD KEYP STAT3,\$20,NSRO STAT3,\$20 STAT3,\$10,ANTI PINC2 NSRO	READ KEYBOARD EXECUTE KEY SHAFT ROTATION PENDING ? YES, CLEAR FLAG DIRECTION ? CLOCKWISE, INCREMENT			
ANTI NSRO	JSR BRCLR JSR	PDEC2 STAT3,\$40,NRDSP MJDAT	ANTI-CLOCKWIRE, DECREMENT UPDATE DATE ? YES, CONVERT FROM MJD			
		*****				
	*	Idle loop (cont.)	* . *			



	* Retune if band or SW bank inputs changed. *				
MDDOD		*************************************	*****		
NRDSP	LDY BRCLR BRCLR BRSET BRSET BRSET BRA	#\$1000 STAT,\$80,BTO PORTA,Y,\$01,L5 STAT6,\$04,CG6 STAT6,\$04 STAT6,\$04 STAT6,\$08,BTO STAT3,\$80 CHE	JUST POWERED UP ? NO, A0 LOW ? NO, HIGH, BIT AGREES ? NO, MAKE IT HIGH BAND ONE ? YES, SHAFT INTERRUPTS AND NOTHING ELSE TO DO		
L5	BRCLR BCLR BRSET BCLR BRA	STAT6,\$04,CG6 STAT6,\$04 STAT6,\$08,BT0 STAT3,\$80 CHE	YES, A0 LOW, BUT AGREES ? NO, MAKE IT LOW BAND ZERO ? YES, RDS INTERRUPTS AND NOTHING ELSE TO DO		
CG6	BRCLR BRSET BSET BRA	PORTA,Y,\$02,L6 STAT6,\$08,CHE STAT6,\$08 BTO	Al LOW ? NO, HIGH, BIT AGREES ? NO, MAKE IT HIGH		
L6	BRCLR BCLR BRSET BCLR BRA	STAT6,\$08,CHE STAT6,\$08 STAT6,\$04,BTO STAT3,\$80 BTO	YES, A1 LOW, BIT AGREES ? NO, MAKE IT LOW BAND ZERO ? YES, RDS INTERRUPTS		
CHE	BRSET BRA	STAT6,\$0C,BD3 OK6	BAND 3 ?		
BD3 CE6	BRCLR BRSET BSET BRA	PORTE,Y,\$40,E6L STAT6,\$01,OK6 STAT6,\$01 BTO	NO, E6 LOW ? NO, HIGH, BIT AGREES ? NO, MAKE IT HIGH		
E6L	BRCLR BCLR	STAT6,\$01,OK6 STAT6,\$01	YES, E6 LOW, BIT AGREES ? NO, MAKE IT LOW		
вто	BSET LDAA STAA BSET	STAT,\$80 #10 BCTO STAT5,\$01	SET POWER-UP FLAG, INITIALISE AND START BAND-CHANGE TIMEOUT		
	* * Idl	**************************************			
OK6	BRCLR DEC BNE BCLR BSR BRCLR BSET	STAT5,\$01,ARI BCTO ARI STAT5,\$01 RCLP STAT6,\$0C,ARI STAT3,\$80	TIMEOUT RUNNING? YES, DECREMENT COUNT FINISHED ? YES, CLEAR FLAG AND RECALL LAST USED PROG. No. BAND 0 ? NO, SHAFT INTERUPTS		
ARI	BRSET BSET BRA	STAT3,\$0C,TATP PORTA,Y,\$20 IOOK	TA=TP=1 ?		
TATP	BCLR	PORTA,7,\$20	YES, A5 LOW		
IOOK	BRSET BSET BRA	STAT5,\$08,MSH PORTA,Y,\$40 IDLJ	M/S=1 ?		
MSH	BCLR	PORTA,Y,\$40	YES, A6 LOW		
IDLJ	JMP	IDLE			
RCLP	BSET LDAB JSR STAA	PORTA,Y,\$10 #120 READ1 LED	MUTE GET STORED PROG. No.		

## **Application Note**

	JMP	RETUNE2	PROGRAM 145170/57		
		***************************************			
	* Shaft *	rotation interrupts. *			
	* ************************************				
SHAFT	BRSET BCLR	PORTE,Y,\$20,SEM STAT3,\$10	IRQ,SHAFT I/O HIGH (E5) ? NO, CLEAR DIRECTION BIT		
SEM	BRA BSET	TEM STAT3,\$10	YES, SET DIRECTION BIT		
TEM	BSET RTI	STAT3,\$20	SET FLAG TO INDICATE ROTATION		
SHAFTX	BRSET BCLR BRA	PORTE,Y,\$10,XEM STAT3,\$10 YEM	XIRQ, SHAFT I/O HIGH (E4) ? NO, CLEAR DIRECTION BIT		
XEM	BSET	STAT3,\$10	YES, SET DIRECTION BIT		
YEM	BSET RTI	STAT3,\$20	SET FLAG TO INDICATE ROTATION		
	* * * * * * * * * * * *	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *			
	* Key	yboard routine. *			
	* * * * * * * * * * * *	**************************************			
KBD	CLR LDY	W1 #\$1000			
_	LDX	#7			
KEY1	LDAB ADDB	W1 #\$04	SELECT COLUMN		
	STAB	W1			
	LDAB	PORTD,Y			
	ANDB ADDB	#\$20 W1	PRESERVE OTHER PORTD DATA		
	STAB	PORTD,Y			
	LDAA	PORTE, Y	READ KEYBOARD		
	BITA BNE	#\$0F L1	ANY INPUT LINE HIGH ?		
	DEX BNE	KEY1	NO, TRY NEXT COLUMN LAST COLUMN ?		
	CLR	KEY	YES, NO KEY PRESSED		
L1	BRA	EXIT W1			
ЦТ	LDAB LSLB	Wl			
	LSLB				
	LDAA	PORTE,Y	READ KEYBOARD		
	ANDA ABA	#\$0F			
	CMPA	KEY	SAME AS LAST TIME ?		
	BEQ STAA	EXIT KEY	NO, SAVE THIS KEY		
	CLR	KOUNT	NO, DAVE THID KET		
EXIT	INC	KOUNT	YES, THE SAME		
	LDAA BRCLR	KOUNT STAT,\$40,NRML	REPEATING ?		
	LDAB	PSNP	YES		
	BEQ	NOTCH	CHARACTER CHANGE ?		
	CMPA BRA	#8 GON2	YES, REPEAT AT 8 Hz		
NOTCH	CMPA	#16	NO, REPEAT AT 4 Hz		
	BRA	GON2			
NRML	CMPA BLO	#3 KCLC	NO, 3 THE SAME ? IF NOT DO NOTHING		
	BEQ	GOON	IF 3 THEN PERFORM KEY FUNCTION		
	CMPA	#47	MORE THAN 3, MORE THAN 47 (750mS) ?		
GON2	BHI LDAA	GOON2 KEY	TIME TO DO SOMETHING ? NO		
	BEQ	RKEY	NO KEY PRESSED ?		
	CLC				
000370	RTS		YES BUT DO NOTHING		
GOON2	LDAA CMPA	KEY #\$54	DEC. PROG.		
	BEQ	H\$54 GOON3	DEC. PROG.		
	~				



Inc.
ctor,
npuo
Semic
scale
Free

	CMPA	#\$58	INC.PROG.
	BEQ	GOON3	
	CMPA BNE	#\$52 DNT2	SLEEP IF NOT A REPEAT KEY, DO NOTHING
GOON3	BSET	STAT,\$40	SET REPEAT FLAG
~ ~ ~ ~ ~	CLR	KOUNT	
GOON	LDAA BEQ	KEY RKEY	SOMETHING TO DO ?
	SEC	RKEI	YES, SET C
	RTS		
RKEY	BCLR	STAT,\$20	NO, CLEAR DONE FLAG
DNT2	BCLR CLR	STAT , \$40 KOUNT	CLEAR REPEAT FLAG CLEAR COUNTER
KCLC	CLC	ROONT	CHEAR COUNTER
DNT	RTS		
	********	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	
	*	*	
		xecute key. *	
	*	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	
KEYP	BCC	DNT	ANYTHING TO DO ?
KEYP2	LDAA	KEY	YES, GET KEY
	CMPA BEQ	#\$54 RPT	DEC. PROG. (M)
	CMPA	#\$58	INC. PROG. (S)
	BEQ	RPT	
	CMPA BEO	#\$52 RPT	SLEEP
	BRSET	STAT, \$20, DNT	NOT A REPEAT KEY, FLAG SET ?
RPT RJ	CLRB LDX	#CTAB	
I(U	ABX	#CIAB	
	LDAA	0 , X	FETCH KEYCODE
	CMPA	KEY	THIS ONE ?
	BEQ CMPA	PJ LAST	YES NO, LAST CHANCE ?
	BEQ	DNT	YES, ABORT
	ADDB	#4	NO TRY THE NEXT KEY
рт	BRA	RJ STAT COO	
PJ	BSET JSR	STAT,\$20 1,X	
	JMP	P5170	
	********	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	
	*	*	
		ard jump table. *	
	*	*	
CTAB	FCB	\$11	0
	JMP FCB	DIGIT \$21	1
	JMP	DIGIT	1
	FCB	\$22	2
	JMP	DIGIT	2
	FCB JMP	\$24 DIGIT	3
	FCB	\$31	4
	JMP	DIGIT	
	FCB	\$32 DICIT	5
	JMP FCB	DIGIT \$34	6
	JMP	DIGIT	
	FCB	\$41	7
	JMP FCB	DIGIT \$42	8
	JMP	DIGIT	
	FCB	\$44	9
	JMP FCB	DIGIT \$48	ALARM
	FCB JMP	\$48 ALARM	וואנומ
	FCB	\$38	STORE/SET
	JMP	SAVE	



#### **Application Note**

	FCB	\$18	ON/OFF
	JMP FCB	ONOFF \$14	CLEAR/STEP
	JMP FCB	CLEAR \$12	MODE (PROG./FREQ.)
	JMP FCB	MODE \$52	SLEEP TIMER START
	JMP FCB	SLEEP \$54	DEC. PROG./FREQ./CHAR.
	JMP FCB	PDEC \$58 DINC	INC. PROG./FREQ./CHAR.
	JMP FCB	PINC \$61	RDS DISPLAYS
	JMP FCB JMP	RTDSP \$62 TPEN	TRAFFIC ENABLE (TOGGLE)
	FCB JMP	\$64 T910	MW STEP 9/10kHz (TOGGLE)
	FCB JMP	\$51 TFCC	COLON CONTROL
LAST	FCB JMP	\$68 TEST	TA TEST
		*******************	
	*	*	
	*	Alarm key. *	
	* * * * * * * * * * *	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	
ALARM	BRCLR	STAT4, \$08, ADON	ALARM DISPLAY ON ?
	BRCLR BCLR BRA	STAT4,\$10,ALOF STAT4,\$10	YES, ALARM ON ? YES, SWITCH OFF
ALOF	BSET	UDCNT STAT4,\$10	NO, SWITCH ON
	BRA	UDCNT	
ADON	JSR BSET	CLTR STAT4,\$08	NO, ENABLE ALARM DISPLAY ALARM DISPLAY FLAG
UDCNT	BCLR LDAA	STAT4,\$20 #25	CANCEL SET-UP 3 SECONDS TIMEOUT
	STAA BSET	DIST STAT4,\$01	SET DISPLAY TRANSIENT FLAG
ABOA	RTS		
	**********	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	
		On/off key. *	
	* * * * * * * * * * * *	*	
ONOFE	TCD		CLEAR DISPLAY TRANSIENTS
ONOFF	JSR BCLR BCLR	CLTR STAT4,\$82 STAT5,\$40	CANCEL SLEEP TIMER & TA SWITCH FLAG CANCEL STORE MODE
SODM	BRCLR BCLR	PORTD,Y,\$20,ALRON PORTD,Y,\$20	ON ? NO, SWITCH ON
	JSR	DEL500	WAIT 500ms
	BCLR RTS	PORTA,Y,\$10	AND DEMUTE
ALRON	BSET BSET RTS	PORTD,Y,\$20 PORTA,Y,\$10	YES, SWITCH OFF AND MUTE
	* * * * * * * * * *	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	
	*	*	
	* E	PS name clear. *	
		*****	
PSC	LDX	#PSN	
CDGI	LDAA	#\$FF 0 X	
CPSL	STAA INX	0 , X	
	CPX BNE	#PSN+8 CPSL	
	RTS	0101	



	* * * * * * * * * * * *	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	
	*	*	
	*	TP. *	
		*	
TPEN	BRSET	PORTD,Y,\$20,HIGH	STANDBY ?
	BRSET	STAT, \$01,NS1	NO, NORMAL MODE ?
	BRSET BSET	STAT5 , \$20 , TAEH STAT5 , \$20	NO, FREQ. MODE, NVM DISABLE FLAG SET ? NO, SET IT
	RTS	51A15,020	NO, BEI II
TAEH	BCLR	STAT5,\$20	YES, CLEAR IT
HIGH	RTS		
NS1	BRCLR	STAT4,\$04,TPOF	NORMAL MODE, TRAFFIC ON ?
1.01	BCLR	STAT4,\$04	YES, DISABLE
	RTS		
TPOF	BSET	STAT4,\$04	NO, ENABLE
	RTS		
	* * * * * * * * * * *	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	
	*	*	
	* (	Sleep timer. *	
	******	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	
SLEEP	BRSET	STAT5,\$04,DECS	ALREADY SLEEP DISPLAY ?
TNOT D	BRSET	STAT4,\$02,STR	NO, SLEEP TIMER ALREADY RUNNING ?
INSLP SLEP	LDAA STAA	#60 SLEPT	NO, INITIALISE SLEEP TIMER
0000	BSET	STAT4,\$02	START SLEEP TIMER
STR	JSR	CLTR	YES, CLEAR DISPLAY TRANSIENTS
	BSET	STAT5,\$04	SLEEP DISPLAY
DECS	BRA LDAA	SLPTOK SLEPT	NO DECREMENT IF FIRST TIME DECREMENT SLEEP TIMER
DICD	SUBA	#5	DECREMENT DEBET TIMER
	STAA	SLEPT	
	BMI	INSLP	
SLPTOK	LDAA	#25	
022 2010	STAA	DIST	
	BSET	STAT4,\$01	START DISPLAY TRANSIENT
	BRSET	PORTD,Y,\$20,SODM	ALREADY ON ?
	BCLR RTS	PORTA,Y,\$10	YES, JUST DEMUTE
	* * * * * * * * * * * * *	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	
		per entry routine. *	
	*	- *	
	* * * * * * * * * * * *	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	
DIGIT	BRSET	PORTD,Y,\$20,AB03	STANDBY ?
	JSR	CLTR	NO, CLEAR DISPLAY TRANSIENTS
	LSRB		
	LSRB BRSET	STAT,\$01,SKP	STATION MODE ?
	BRSET	STAT5,\$40,SKP	NO, STORE MODE ?
	BSET	STAT5,\$10	NO, SET RETUNE FLAG (FREQUENCY MODE)
	BLCR	STAT5,\$20	AND CLEAR TA INHIBIT BIT (NVM)
	STAB BRCLR	W3 STAT,\$04,SHIFT	CLEAR Q ?
	BCLR	STAT, \$04, SHIFT	YES, CLEAR FLAG
	JSR	CLQ	AND CLEAR Q
SHIFT	BSR	DR1	W1: MSD, W2: LSD
AGS	LDX LDAA	W1 1,X	MOVE ALL DIGITS
AGD	STAA	1,X	UP ONE PLACE
	INX		-
	CPX	W2	
	BNE LDAA	AGS W3	DONE ? YES, RECOVER NEW DIGIT
	STAA	W 5 0, X	AND PUT IT IN LSD
	RTS		

# NP

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**Application Note** 

SKP		PORTA,Y,\$10	MUTE
		LED RETUNE	
	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	
	*	ers & 500ms delay. * *	
		~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~	
DR1		‡RQ V1	STORE POINTERS
	ABX	‡5	
ABO3	STX W RTS	N2	
DEL500		‡255 SKDB	
	LDX #	‡255 SKDB	
		****	
	*	*	
	* Increment *	t key (& knob). * *	
	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	
PINC2	BRSET S	STAT4,\$20,ALSU1	ALARM SET-UP ?
1 11/02		STAT4,\$08,TOG57	NO, ALARM DISPLAY ?
		PORTD,Y,\$20,DMI PSNP	NO,STANDBY ?
	BNE F	PSN0 JP	NO,PS EDIT MODE ? NO, STEP UP
PINC TOG57J		STAT4,\$20,ALSU1 STAT4,#08,TOG57	ALARM SET-UP ? NO, ALARM DISPLAY ?
	BRSET F	PORTD,Y,\$20,DMI	NO, STANDBY ?
		STAT,\$01,NACS JP	NO, FREQ. MODE ? YES, STEP UP
	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	
	* Alarm inc. *	(hours/minutes). *	
	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	
ALSU1		STAT4,\$40,IHR AMIN	YES, SET-UP HOURS ? NO, MINUTES
		‡59	
		FOOH AMIN	
<b>T</b> 001-	BRA I	r5S	
TOOH		AMIN F5S	
IHR	LDAA A	AOUR	
		‡23 HTOH	
	CLR A	AOUR	
нтон		r5s Aour	
T5S		400R \$80	10 SECOND TIMEOUT
		DIST STAT4,\$01	כביי הופהואט הסאוכובאות היאס
		PORTA,Y,\$10	SET DISPLAY TRANSIENT FLAG DEMUTE
DMI	RTS		
NACS		PSNP CONTI	NO, PS EDIT MODE ?



	*****			
	* *			
	* P-S Edit inc. (ASCII) and 5/7 day toggle *			
	* *************************************			
	*******	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	* * * * * * * * * * * * *	
PSN0	LDX	#PSN-1		
	ABX			
	LDAA	0 , X	YES	
	INCA		INCREMENT ASCII VALUE	
	CMPA	#\$20	SPACE	
	BLS CMPA	MAK20 #\$2E	LESS OR EQUAL ? NO, .	
	BLS	MAK2E	LESS OR EQUAL ?	
	CMPA	#\$30	NO, 0	
	BLO	MAK30	LESS ?	
	CMPA	#\$39	NO, 9	
	BLS	CNTB	LESS OR EQUAL ?	
	CMPA BLO	#\$41 MAK41	NO, A LESS ?	
	CMPA	#\$5A	NO, Z	
	BLS	CNTB	LESS OR EQUAL ?	
	CMPA	#\$61	NO, a	
	BLO	MAK61	LESS ?	
	CMPA	#\$7A CNTB	NO, Z	
MAK20	BLS LDAA	#\$20	LESS OR EQUAL ? MAKE SPACE	
MAICZO	BRA	CNTB	MARE DIACE	
MAK2E	LDAA	#\$2E	MAKE .	
	BRA	CNTB		
MAK30	LDAA	#\$30	MAKE 0	
MAK41	BRA LDAA	CNTB #\$41	MAKE A	
MAR41	BRA	CNTB	MARE A	
MAK61	LDAA	#\$61	MAKE a	
CNTB	STAA	0, X		
	LDAA	#80		
	JMP	OUTCH		
TOG57	BRCLR	STAT4,\$10,DMI	ALARM ARMED ?	
10057	BRCLR	STAT5,\$80,A7	YES, 7-DAY ALARM ?	
	BCLR	STAT5,\$80	NO, MAKE IT 7 DAY	
	BRA	T5S		
A7	BSET	STAT5,\$80	YES, MAKE IT 5 DAY	
	BRA	T5S		
	*******	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *		
	* *			
	* Program	number increment. *		
	* *			
	********	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *		
CONTI	BSET	PORTA,Y,\$10	MUTE	
CONIT	BSET	STAT2,\$08	PROG. No. INCREMENT, UPDATE DISPLAY	
	LDAA	LED	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	BRSET	STAT2,\$80,IOK	IF SWITCHED TO TA DON'T INCREMENT	
	INCA		NEXT PROG.	
	CMPA BLS	#9 IOK	TOO HIGH ?	
	CLRA	IOK	YES, BACK TO ZERO	
IOK	STAA	LED		
	JMP	RETUNE		
	**********	***************************************		
		ement key (& knob). *		
	*	*		
	*******	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *		
PDEC2	BRSET	STAT4,\$20,ALSU2	ALARM SET-UP ?	
	BRSET	STAT4,\$08,TOG57	NO, ALARM DISPLAY ?	
	BRSET LDAB	PORTD,Y,\$20,DMD PSNP	NO, STANDBY ?	
	BNE	PSN1	NO, PS EDIT MODE ?	
	JMP	DOWN	NO, STEP DOWN	

# NP

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#### **Application Note**

PDEC	BRSET BRSET BRSET JMP	STAT4,\$20,ALSU2 STAT4,\$08,TOG57 PORTD,Y,\$20,DMD STAT,\$01,NACS2 DOWN	ALARM SET-UP ? NO, ALARM DISPLAY ? NO, STANDBY ? NO, FREQ. MODE ? YES, STEP DOWN
		****************************	
	*	<pre>dec. (hours/minutes).*     * </pre>	
	* * * * * * * * * *	******	
ALSU2	BRSET TST BEQ DEC BRA	STAT4,\$40,IHRD AMIN MZ AMIN T5SD	YES, SET-UP HOURS ? NO, MINUTES
MZ	LDAA STAA BRA	#59 AMIN T5SD	
IHRD	TST BNE LDAA	AOUR HZ #24	
HZ	STAA DEC	AOUR AOUR	
T5SD	LDAA	#80	10 SECOND TIMEOUT
	STAA BSET	DIST STAT4,\$01	SET DISPLAY TRANSIENT FLAG
	BCLR	PORTA,Y,\$10	DEMUTE
DMD	RTS		
NACS2	LDAB BEQ	PSNP CONTD	PS EDIT CHARACTER CHANGE ?
		*****	
	* * P-S	* Edit dec. (ASCII). *	
	*	***********************	
PSN1	LDX ABX	#PSN-1	
	LDAA	0,X	YES
	DECA	#\$20	DECREMENT ASCII VALUE SPACE
	CMPA BLS	#\$20 MKE7A	LESS OR EQUAL ?
	CMPA	#\$2E	NO, .
	BLS CMPA	MKE20 #\$30	LESS OR EQUAL ? NO, 0
	BLO	MKE2E	LESS ?
	CMPA BLS	#\$39 CNTS	NO, 9 LESS OR EQUAL ?
	CMPA	#\$41	NO, A
	BLO	MKE39 #\$5A	LESS ?
	CMPA BLS	H S SA CNTS	NO, Z LESS OR EQUAL ?
	CMPA	#\$61	NO, a
	BLO CMPA	MKE5A #\$7A	LESS ? NO, z
	BLS	CNTS	LESS OR EQUAL ?
MKE20	LDAA BRA	#\$20 CNTS	MAKE SPACE
MKE2E	LDAA	#\$2E	MAKE .
	BRA	CNTS	MAKE Z
MKE5A	LDAA BRA	#\$5A CNTS	MARE Z
MKE7A	LDAA BRA	#\$7A CNTS	MAKE z
MKE39	LDAA	#\$39	MAKE A
CNTS	STAA	0, X	
	LDAA	#80	
OUTCH	STAA	DIST	
	BSET BCLR RTS	STAT4,\$01 STAT4,\$08	SET DISPLAY TRANSIENT FLAG NOT ALARM DISPLAY MODE



		******	
	* Progr	* am number decrement. *	
	*	*	
CONTD	BSET LDAA BRSET	PORTA,Y,\$10 LED STAT2,\$80,RETUNE	MUTE PROG. No. DECREMENT IF SWITCHED TO TA DON'T DECREMENT
PNM1	DECA BPL LDAA	SK2P #9	DECREMENT PROGRAM NUMBER TOO FAR ?
SK2P RETUNE	STAA PSHA	LED	SAVE NEW PROGRAM NUMBER
	LDAB JSR PULA	#120 WRITE1	CHANGE PROGRAM NUMBER IN NVM
	BRCLR BCLR LDAA STAA RTS	STAT4,\$80,RETUNE2 STAT4,\$80 #9 REARET	TA SWITCHED ? YES, MANUAL RETURN FROM TA
RETUNE2	JSR JSR	DOIT P5170	NEW PROGRAM
	LDX JSR	#64 SKDB	WAIT 100ms
	BCLR BCLR BCLR BCLR RTS	PORTA,Y,\$10 STAT2,\$02 STAT3,\$01 STAT,\$10	DEMUTE KILL ANY PENDING RDS GROUP AND INHIBIT FM PS-NAME CLEARING RE-ENABLE RDS DATA CLEARING
FOK	LDAB	#10	
	MUL ADDB STAB ADCA STAA JMP	#\$5C SMEM #\$26 SMEM+1 NEW	
	* * Tune to TA	* (using EEPROM data)*	
	*	***********************	
TASW TPIC	CLRB ADDB JSR	#10 READ1	FIND PI
	INCB CMPA BNE DECB	PION TNP	MSB OK ?
	JSR CMPA BNE	READ1 PION+1 TNP	LSB OK ?
	SUBB JSR PSHA	#12 READ1	YES, FOUND IT
	ANDA BEQ	#\$80 TASOK	NVM INHIBIT FLAG SET ?
TASOK	LDAA BRA PULA	#8 АВТА	NVM INHIBIT MESSAGE
TABOK	STAA JSR JMP	SMEM+1 NEWSUB2 NEW	
TNP	CMPB BLO PSHA	#252 TPIC	TRY NEXT RECORD
ABTA	LDAA STAA PULA	#7 REARET	

#### **Application Note**

	BCLR	STAT4,\$80	PI MATCH NOT FOUND, FORGET IT
	RTS		
	*******	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	
	*	*	
	* Dr	ogram store/recall.	
	*	ogram score/recarr.	
	* * * * * * * * *	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	
DOIT	BRSET	STAT2,\$80,TASW	
	LDAB	#12	
	MUL		
	BRSET	STAT5,\$40,STORE	
	JMP	RECALL	
		* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	
	*	<del>ار</del>	
	* NVW wri	te, sub-address in X. *	
	********	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	•
STORE	BCLR	SMEM+1,\$80	
STOKE	BRCLR	STAT5,\$20,SKTA	TA NVM INHIBIT FLAG SET ?
	BSET	SMEM+1, \$80	IA NVM INHIDII FEAG SEI .
SKTA	LDAA	SMEM+1	BINARY FREQUENCY MSB
Ditili	JSR	WRITE1	Billing Insgebildi insb
	LDAA	SMEM	BINARY FREQUENCY LSB
	JSR	WRITE1	~ ~ ~
	LDAA	PSN	
	CMPA	#\$A0	PS NAME OK ?
	BEQ	PSNOK	
	CMPA	#\$FF	PERHAPS, TRY FF
	BNE	PSOK	
PSNOK	LDAA	#\$FF	
	JSR	WRITE1	
	LDAA	DISP+10	
	JSR	WRITE1	
	LDAA	DISP+11	
	JSR LDAA	WRITE1 DISP+12	
	JSR	WRITE1	
	LDAA	DISP+13	
	JSR	WRITE1	
	LDAA	DISP+14	
	JSR	WRITE1	
	LDAA	DISP+15	
	JSR	WRITE1	
	LDAA	#\$20	
	JSR	WRITE1	
	LDAA	#\$00	DUMMY PI CODE
	JSR	WRITE1	
	LDAA	#\$00	
	BRA	FINST	
PSOK	JRS	WRITE1	
PSOK	LDAA	PSN+1	
	JSR	WRITE1	
	LDAA	PSN+2	
	JSR	WRITE1	
	LDAA	PSN+3	
	JSR	WRITE1	
	LDAA	PSN+4	
	JSR	WRITE1	
	LDAA	PSN+5	
	JSR	WRITE1	
	LDAA	PSN+6	
	JSR	WRITE1	
	LDAA	PSN+7	
	JSR	WRITE1	57 0055
	LDAA	PI	PI CODE
	JSR	WRITE1	
TINOT	LDAA	PI+1	
FINST	JSR	WRITE1	CIEND CTODE MODE
	BCLR RTS	STAT5,\$40	CLEAR STORE MODE
	1(10		



		******	
	* * NVW rea	d, sub-address in X. *	
	* * * * * * * * * * * * *	*	
RECALL	BSR JMP	NEWSUB NEW	
NEWSUB	JSR STAA BCLR BRCLR BSET	READ1 SMEM+1 STAT5,\$20 SMEM+1,\$80,NEWSUB2 STAT5,\$20	
NEWSUB2	JSR CMPA BNE LDAA STAA	READ1 #\$FF NOTFF2 #\$26 SMEM+1	\$04
NOTFF2	* * NVW rea *	<pre>#\$5C SMEM READ1 PSN READ1 PSN+1 READ1 PSN+2 READ1 PSN+3 READ1 PSN+4 READ1 PSN+5 READ1 PSN+6 READ1 PSN+6 READ1 PSN+7 ************************************</pre>	\$2E
READ1	JSR LDAA INCB RTS	GETAD 0,X	
WRITE1	LDY BSET BSR JSR BSET DECB	#\$1000 PPROG,Y,\$16 WBYTE DBOUNC PPROG,Y,\$02	SET EELAT, ERASE & BYTE ERASE BITS ERASE BYTE WAIT 15 ms SET EELAT TO WRITE BYTE
WBYTE	JSR STAA BSET JSR CLR INCB RTS	GETAD 0,x PPROG,Y,\$01 DBOUNC PPROG,Y	LATCH DATA SET EEPGM BIT TO START PROGRAMMING WAIT 15 ms STOP
GETAD	PSHA PSHB JSR LDX TBA CMPA BLS LDAB ABX CMPA BEQ	BAND #\$B618 #1 FMB #122 #2 FMB	GET BAND EEPROM START ADDRESS FM ? NO, AM MW ?

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#### **Application Note**

	ABX BRCLR ABX	PORTE,Y,\$40,SWB2	NO, SW SECOND BANK ? YES
SWB2 * * FMB	BRCLR ABX ABX PULB PULA ABX RTS	PORTE,Y,\$80,FMB	SECOND PAIR OF BANKS ? YES
	* * * * * * * * * * *	*********************	**
	*	RDS displays.	*
	* * * * * * * * * * *	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	*
RTDSP	BRSET BRSET BRCLR	PORTD,Y,\$20,SRT STAT5,\$02,NOTRT STAT2,\$04,NORT	STANDBY ? ALREADY RDS DISPLAY ? ALREADY RT DISPLAY ?
NOTRT	BSET LDAA INCA CMPA BEQ STAA LDAA STAA BSET	STAT5,\$02 RTDIS #26 NORT RTDIS #100 DIST STAT4,\$01	SET RDS DISPLAY FLAG YES, MOVE ON RE-START TRANSIENT TIMEOUT
	RTS	SIALA, QUI	KE STAKI IKANSIENI IIMEOOT
NORT	JSR BSET LDAA STAA LDAA STAA RTS	CLTR STAT2,\$04 #9 DISP1 #1 DISP2	SET RT DISPLAY FLAG
		* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	*****
	* * Increme	ent and decrement routi	nes *
	*	****	*
UP	BSR	LDXR	
IF	INC BNE	SMEM TT1	NO, INCREMENT LSB DID IT WRAP ROUND
TT1	INC DECB	SMEM+1	YES, INCREMENT MSB
	BNE BRA	IF NEWJ	ALL DONE ?
DOWN DF	BSR TST BNE DEC	LDXR SMEM TT2 SMEM+1	NO, IS LSB ZERO ? IF NOT LEAVE MSD DECREMENT MSB
TT2	DEC DECB	SMEM	DECREMENT LSB
NEWJ	BNE JSR JSR BCLR	DF NEW P5170 PORTA,Y,\$10	ALL DONE ? DEMUTE
	RTS		
LDXR	BRCLR BSET	STAT6,\$08,LDXR2 STAT2,\$40	AM ? YES, CLEAR PS NAME
2 פעת ז	BRA	NFMB STAT3,\$01	
LDXR2 NFMB	BSET JSR	BAND	NO, FM, ENABLE PS NAME CLEARING GET BAND
	TBA LDAB BRCLR CMPA	#1 STAT,\$02,SRT #3	SINGLE STEP (1,5,10 kHz FOR MW,SW,FM) LARGE STEPS SELECTED ? YES, BAND 3 (SW) ?



Application Note Code Listing

SRT	BEQ LDAB CMPA BNE LDAB BRCLR INCB RTS	SRT #5 #2 SRT #9 STAT6,\$40,SRT	NO, x5 STEP (50 kHz FOR FM) MW ? YES, 9kHz OR SHOULD IT BE 10kHz YES	
		***************************************		
	*	TA test. *		
	* * * * * * * * * * * *	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *		
TEST	BRSET LDD STD	PORTD,Y,\$20,AOB #\$C5B1 PION	STANDBY ? CLYDE 1	
	BRSET LDAA STAA	STAT4,\$04,NABT #1 REARET	TA SWITCHING ENABLED ? NO, SET RETURN REASON	
AOB NABT	RTS BSET	STAT4,\$80	YES, DO IT	
NAD I	RTS	51A14,900	1ES, DO 11	
	* * * * * * * * * * * * *	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *		
	*	Store key. *		
	* * * * * * * * * * * *	*		
SAVE	BRCLR	STAT4,\$08,NAME	ALARM DISPAY ?	
	BRCLR BRSET	STAT4,\$10,NTB2 STAT4,\$20,AISM	YES, ALARM ARMED ?	
	BSET	STAT4,\$60	YES, ALREADY SET-UP MODE ? NO, ENTER SET-UP MODE, HOURS	
A5SD	LDAA	#80		
AISM	BRA BRSET	SDT STAT4,\$40,MSM	YES, SET-UP HOURS ?	
	BCLR BRA	STAT4,\$20 A5SD	NO, CANCEL SET-UP	
MSM	BCLR BRA	STAT4,\$40 A5SD	YES, MAKE IT MINUTES	
NAME	BRSET	PORTD, Y, \$20, NTB2	STANDBY ?	
	BRSET	STAT,\$01,NFM	NO, FREQUENCY MODE ?	
	BRSET BSET	STAT5,\$40,ASM STAT5,\$40	YES, STORE MODE ? NO, ENTER STORE MODE	
	RTS			
ASM	LDAA JMP	LED DOIT	SAVE	
	0111	2011	SHVE	
NFM	LDAA BNE	PSNP SKPCLR	NOT FREQUENCY MODE SET	
	JSR	CLTR	UP DO NAME CHANCE MODE	
SKPCLR	INC LDAA	PSNP PSNP	PS-NAME CHANGE MODE	
	CMPA	#8		
	BLS CLR	NTB3 PSNP		
NTB3	LDAA	#80		
SDT	STAA	DIST	SET DISPLAY TRANSIENT FLAG	
NTB2	BSET RTS	STAT4,\$01	SEI DISPLAY IRANSIENI FLAG	
	******	*****	****	
	*		*	
		* PROG, the displayed number is added to * * the IF offset, converted to binary and *		
		n SMEM & SMEM+1.	- *	
	* * NFM + >b~>	s binary working freque	* nov *	
		& SMEM+1 converts it to		
		s the IF offset.	*	
	^ * * * * * * * * * * *	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *		

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#### **Application Note**

PROG	BRSET JSR JSR	STAT,\$01,NEW IFO ADB	STATION MODE ? P < IF OFFSET Q < FREQ + IF
	JSR BNE JSR LDX	BAND ONE ADD #5	BAND 3 (SW) ? YES, DIVIDE BY 5, Q < 2 X (FREQ + IF)
LPP	LDAA STAA DEX BNE	RQ-1,X RQ,X LPP	MOVE ALL DIGITS IN Q DOWN ONE PLACE TO DEVIDE BY 10 (Q < Q/5)
ONE	JSR	BCON	CONVERT Q TO BINARY
NEW	JSR	DCON	CONVERT TO BCD IN Q
	JSR BNE STX LDX JSR LDX STX LDX JSR LDX JSR	BAND STIF NUM1 #RP ADD #RP NUM1 #RQ ADD #RQ ADD	BAND 3 (SW) ? YES P < 2Q Q < 3Q Q < 5Q
STIF	JSR BSET JMP	IFO STAT,\$04 SUB	P < IF OFFSET Q < (RATIO X STEP) -IF
	* * The IF off * the requir *	**************************************	* ing to * "RP." * *
IPO	BSR BRSET CMPB BHI	BAND PORTA,Y,\$04,NOTN #1 NOTN	FIND BAND NEGATIVE FM IF ? YES BUT IS IT FM ?
NOTN	LDAB LDAA MUL LDX ABX	#4 #6 #1FS	YES, FIFTH IS FROM TABLE TIMES 6
LP6	LDY LDAA STAA INX	#RР 0,Х 0,Y	TRANSFER INTO RP
	INY CPY BLO LDY LDX STX LDX STX RTS	#RP+6 LP6 #\$1000 #RP NUM2 #RQ NUM1	DONE ? RE-INITIALISE Y SET-UP POINTERS
IFS	FCB FCB FCB FCB FCB	0,0,1,0,7,0 0,0,1,0,7,0 0,0,0,4,5,5 0,1,0,7,0,0 9,9,8,9,3,0	10.70 MHz FM OSC HIGH 10.70 MHz FM OSC HIGH 455 kHz SW/MW 10.70 MHz SW (EXT/5 FOR 5157) -10.70 MHz FM OSC LOW
BAND	LDAB ANDB LDX STX CMPB RTS	PORTA,Y #\$03 #RQ NUM2 #3	GET BAND BAND 3 (SW, /5) ?



	***************************************								
	* Mode change & clear routines.*								
	*	*							
MODE	BRSET JSR	PORTD,Y,\$20,CLP CLTR	STANDBY ?						
SKIP	JSR BRCLR	PROG STAT,\$01,SK	SEND DISPLAYED FREQUENCY FREQUENCY MODE ?						
	BCLR RTS	STAT,\$01	NO, SET TO FREQUENCY MODE						
SK	BCLR BRCLR	STAT5,\$40 STAT5,\$10,NNTR	FREQ. MODE, CLEAR STORE MODE NEW FREQUENCY ENTERED ?						
	BSET JSR JSR	PORTA,Y,\$10 DBNC P5170	YES, MUTE WAIT 15ms						
	LDX	#64							
	JSR BCLR	SKDB PORTA,Y,\$10	WAIT 100ms DE-MUTE						
avav	BCLR	STAT2,\$02	AND KILL ANY PENDING RDS GROUP						
SKSM	BCLR RTS	STAT5,\$10	CLEAR RETUNE FLAG						
NNTR	BSET BCLR RTS	STAT,\$01 STAT5,\$40	NO, RETURN TO STATION MODE CANCEL STORE MODE						
CLEAR	BRSET BRSET	PORTD,Y,\$20,CLP STAT,\$01,SM	STANDBY ? NO, STATION MODE ?						
CLAL	BSET BSR	STAT5,\$10 CLQ	FREQUENCY CHANGED NO, CLEAR O						
SM	LDAA	PSNP							
	BEQ JSR	SPCC PSC							
SPCC	JSR	CLTR	CLEAR DISPLAY TRANSIENTS						
	BRSET BSET RTS	STAT,\$02,KHZ STAT,\$02	9 (MW), 50 (FM) kHz STEPS						
KHZ CLP	BCLR RTS	STAT,\$02	1 (MW), 10 (FM) kHz STEPS						
CLQ	LDX	#RQ	CLEAR RQ						
CLRAS	LDAA STAA	#06 COUNT	CLEAR 6 BYTES STARTING AT X						
CR	CLR	0, X							
	INX DEC	COUNT							
	BNE CR		DONE ?						
	RTS								
CLTR CLTR2	BCLR BCLR CLR	STAT4,\$01 STAT2,\$04 RTDIS	CLEAR DISPLAY TRANSIENT FLAG CANCEL RT DISPLAY						
	BCLR	STAT4,\$28	NOT ALARM (DISPLAY OR SET-UP)						
	BCLR CLR	STAT5,\$06 PSNP	NOT RT OR SLEEP DISPLAY NOT PS-EDIT						
	RTS	FONE							
	* * * * * * * * * * * * *	*****	* * * * * * * * *						
		ary conversion. No, in							
	* converted *	to binary in SMEM & SMI	EM+1. *						
	* * * * * * * * * * * * *	*****	* * * * * * * * *						
BCON	CLR	SMEM	CLEAR WORKING						
	CLR LDX	SMEM+1 #0	FREQUENCY LOCATIONS						
L2	LDAA	SMEM	LS BYTE						
	LSLA STAA	Wl	2xLSB SAVE 2xLSB						
	ROL	SMEM+1	2xMS BYTE						
	LDAA STAA	SMEM+1 W2	SAVE 2xMSB						



**Application Note** 

	LDAA	Wl	2xLSB
	LSLA	CMENA 1	4xLSB
	ROL LSLA	SMEM+1	4xMSB 8xLSB
	ROL	SMEM+1	8xMSB
	ADDA	Wl	10xLSB
	STAA	SMEM	
	LDAA ADCA	SMEM+1 W2	
	STAA	SMEM+1	
	ADCA	W2	10xMSB
	STAA	SMEM+1	
	INX LDAA	RQ,X	FETCH NEXT
	ADDA	SMEM	DIGIT
	STAA	SMEM	AND
	LDAA	#0	(CLRA CLEARS THE C BIT)
	ADCA STAA	SMEM+1 SMEM+1	ADD IT TO WORKING FREQUENCY
	CPX	#5	DONE ?
	BNE	L2	
	RTS		
		* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	
	* Clea	r NVM - not used. *	
	*	*	
CLRNVW	CLR	COUNT	
CLOP	LDAA LDAB	#\$FF COUNT	
	JSR	WRITE1	
	INC	COUNT	
	BNE	CLOP	
	CLRA LDAB	#120	CLEAR MAX. PROG. No.
	JMP	WRITE1	CHEAR MAX. FROG. NO.
	* * * * * * * * * * * *	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	* * * * * * * * *
	*		*
	* Addition a	and subtraction of BCD :	numbers. *
		* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	
SUB	STX	W5	ANSWER POINTER
COM2 COMP	LDX LDAB	NUM2 #\$06	9S COMPLIMENT SECOND NUMBER
LOOP3	LDAA	#\$09	Bleene nonen
	SUBA	5,X	SUBTRACT FROM 9
	STAA	5,X	AND PUT IT BACK
	DEX DECB		
	BNE	LOOP3	
	CLR	CARRY	SET CARRY TO ONE
	INC	CARRY	BEFORE ADDING
	BRA	AD	ADD FIRST NUMBER
ADD	CLR	CARRY	
	STX	W5	ANSWER POINTER
AD	LDAB LDX	#\$06 NUM1	lst No. POINTER
	STX	W3	ISC NO. POINIER
	LDX	NUM2	2nd No. POINTER
	STX	W4	
LOOP	LDX	W3 5,X	
	LDAA DEX	J , A	
	STX	W3	
	LDX	W4	
	ADDA	5,X	ADD
	DEX STX	W4	
	ADDA	CARRY	SET ON ADDITION OVERFLOW
	CLR	CARRY	OR POS. RESULT SUBTRACTION
	BSR	ADJ	DECIMAL ADJUST



	LDX STAA DEX STX	W5 5,X W5	SAVE ANSWER						
	DECB BNE RTS	LOOP	DONE ?						
AJ	SUBA INC	#10 CARRY	YES, SUBTRACT 10 AND RECORD CARRY						
ADJ	CMPA #10		10 OR MORE ?						
	BHS RTS	AJ	NO						
	* * * * * * * * *	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	****						
	* Curre: * SMEM+1	nt binary divide rati is converted to deci	o in SMEM & * mal in RQ. *						
		* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	******						
DCON	LDAA	SMEM+1	TRANSFER CURRENT						
	STAA	W2	FREQUENCY DIVIDE						
	LDAA STAA	SMEM Wl	RATIO INTO WORKING AREA						
DCON2	LDX	#RR	CLEAR						
	STX	NUM1							
	JSR	CLRAS	RR						
	INC	RR+5	RR <- 1						
	JSR LDAA	CLQ #14	CLEAR RQ 14 BITS TO CONVERT						
	STAA	W6	II BIIS IO CONVERI						
LOOP2	LSR	W2	MOVE OUT						
	ROR	Wl	FIRST (LS) BIT						
	BCC	NXT #DO	ZERO						
	LDX STX	#RQ NUM2	ONE, ADD CURRENT VALUE						
	BSR	ADD	OF RR						
NXT	LDX	#RR	ADD RR						
	STX	NUM2	TO						
	BSR DEC	ADD W6	ITSELF ALL						
	BNE	LOOP2	DONE ?						
	RTS								
	* * * * * * * * *	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	***						
	*	Delay (X x 1.5mS).	*						
	*	_	*						
	******	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	***						
DBNC	LDX	#100	150mS						
5501310	BRA	SKDB							
DBOUNC SKDB	LDX STX	#10 W6	APPROX 15mS WITH A 8.388 MHz XTAL X x 1.5mS						
DLP	LDX	#\$FF	PAUSE						
DLOOP	BRN		256X12						
	BRN	н	CYCLES						
	DEX	DI COD							
	BNE DEC	DLOOP W6+1							
	BNE	DLP							
ABO	RTS								
	* * * * * * * * *	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * *						
	* Seria	l output routine to t	he MC145170. *						
	*	****	*						
DE1 60									
P5170	BCLR BCLR	PORTB,Y,\$01 PORTB,Y,\$10	CLOCK LOW						
	LDAA	#0	LE LOW CLEAR						
	BSR	SQU8I	CONTROL REGISTER						
	BSET	PORTB,Y,\$10	LATCH IT						



**Application Note** 

	BCLR	PORTB,Y,\$10	LE LOW
	LDAA ANDA	SMEM+1 #\$7F	
	BSR	SQU8I	SEND MSBYTE
	LDAA	SMEM	AND LSBYTE OF
	BSR	SQU8I	NEW FREQUENCY
	BSET	PORTB,Y,\$10	LATCH IT
	BCLR	PORTB,Y,\$10	LE LOW
	LDAA BSR	#\$03 SOU7I	SEND REFERENCE
	LDAA	#\$20	DIVIDE RATIO
	BSR	SQU8I	800 = 8MHz/10kHz
	BSET	PORTB,Y,\$10	LATCH IT
	* * * * * * * * * * * *	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	*****
		utput routine to the MC	* 1/5157 *
	*	acput foutine to the Mc	*
	* * * * * * * * * * *	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	* * * * * * *
P5157			
	LDAA	SMEM	TRANSFER SMEM AND
	LSLA		MEM+1 TO TEMPORARY
	STAA LDAA	W4 SMEM+1	LOCATIONS AND MOVE UP ONE BIT TO INCLUDE
	ROLA	SMEMTI	THE 5157 CONTROL BIT.
	BSR	SQU7	SEND MSBYTE (7 BITS)
	LDAA	w4	AND LSBYTE OF
	BSR	~	NEW FREQUENCY
	BSET	PORTB,Y,\$08	LATCH
	BCLR	PORTB,Y,\$08	
	LDAA BSR	#\$4E SQU7	SEND 15 BIT (14+1) REFERENCE
	LDAA	#\$21	DIVIDE RATIO
	BSR	SQU8	
	BSET	PORTB,Y,\$08	LATCH IT
	BCLR	PORTB,Y,\$08	ALL LOW (5157/70 SWITCHED OFF)
	BCLR RTS	PORTB,Y,\$08	ALL LOW (5157/70 SWITCHED OFF)
	RTS	PORTB,Y,\$08	
	RTS		
	RTS *********** * * Subroutin		****
	RTS *********** * * Subroutin *	**************************************	**** * 0. * *
	RTS *********** * * Subroutin *	*****	**** * 0. * *
SQU8I	RTS *********** * * Subroutin *	**************************************	**** * 0. * *
	RTS ************ * Subroutin * *********** LDAB BRA	**************************************	**** * 0. * * * * SEND 8 BITS
SQU8I SQU7I	RTS ************ * Subroutin * *********** LDAB BRA LSLA	**************************************	**** * 0. * * **** SEND 8 BITS MOVE OUT MS BIT
SQU7I	RTS ************************************	**************************************	**** * 0. * * * * SEND 8 BITS MOVE OUT MS BIT AND SEND OTHER 7
	RTS ***************** * Subroutin * LDAB BRA LSLA LDAB LSLA	**************************************	**** * 0. * * * SEND 8 BITS MOVE OUT MS BIT AND SEND OTHER 7 MOVE I BIT INTO "C"
SQU7I	RTS ************************************	**************************************	**** * 0. * * * * SEND 8 BITS MOVE OUT MS BIT AND SEND OTHER 7
SQU7I	RTS ************************************	**************************************	**** * 0. * **** SEND 8 BITS MOVE OUT MS BIT AND SEND OTHER 7 MOVE I BIT INTO "C" ZERO ?
SQU7I S1I	RTS *********** * Subroutin * *********** LDAB BRA LSLA LSLA LSLA LSLA BSET BSET BSET BSET BCLR	**************************************	**** * 0. * * * SEND 8 BITS MOVE OUT MS BIT AND SEND OTHER 7 MOVE I BIT INTO "C" ZERO ? NO
SQU7I S1I	RTS ************************************	**************************************	**** * 0. * * * SEND 8 BITS MOVE OUT MS BIT AND SEND OTHER 7 MOVE I BIT INTO "C" ZERO ? NO CLOCK
SQU7I S1I	RTS ************************************	<pre>************************************</pre>	**** * * * SEND 8 BITS MOVE OUT MS BIT AND SEND OTHER 7 MOVE I BIT INTO "C" ZERO ? NO CLOCK IT
SQU7I S1I	RTS ************************************	**************************************	**** * 0. * * * SEND 8 BITS MOVE OUT MS BIT AND SEND OTHER 7 MOVE I BIT INTO "C" ZERO ? NO CLOCK
SQU7I S1I S21	RTS *********** * Subroutin * *********** LDAB BRA LSLA LDAB LSLA LDAB LSLA BCC BSET BSET BSET BCLR BCLR BCLR BCLR BCLR BCLR BCLR BCLR	<pre>************************************</pre>	**** **** SEND 8 BITS MOVE OUT MS BIT AND SEND OTHER 7 MOVE I BIT INTO "C" ZERO ? NO CLOCK IT ANY MORE ?
SQU7I S1I	RTS ************************************	<pre>************************************</pre>	**** * * * SEND 8 BITS MOVE OUT MS BIT AND SEND OTHER 7 MOVE I BIT INTO "C" ZERO ? NO CLOCK IT
SQU7I S1I S21 SQU8	RTS ************************************	<pre>************************************</pre>	**** * * * * * SEND 8 BITS MOVE OUT MS BIT AND SEND OTHER 7 MOVE I BIT INTO "C" ZERO ? NO CLOCK IT ANY MORE ? SEND 8 BITS
SQU7I S1I S21	RTS ************************************	<pre>************************************</pre>	**** **** SEND 8 BITS MOVE OUT MS BIT AND SEND OTHER 7 MOVE I BIT INTO "C" ZERO ? NO CLOCK IT ANY MORE ?
SQU7I S1I S21 SQU8	RTS ************************************	<pre>************************************</pre>	**** * * * * * SEND 8 BITS MOVE OUT MS BIT AND SEND OTHER 7 MOVE I BIT INTO "C" ZERO ? NO CLOCK IT ANY MORE ? SEND 8 BITS MOVE OUT MS BIT
SQU7I S1I S21 SQU8 SQU7	RTS ************************************	<pre>************************************</pre>	**** **** SEND 8 BITS MOVE OUT MS BIT AND SEND OTHER 7 MOVE I BIT INTO "C" ZERO ? NO CLOCK IT ANY MORE ? SEND 8 BITS MOVE OUT MS BIT AND SEND OTHER 7 MOVE 1 BIT INTO "C" ZERO ?
SQU7I S1I S21 SQU8 SQU7 S1	RTS ************************************	<pre>************************************</pre>	**** * **** SEND 8 BITS MOVE OUT MS BIT AND SEND OTHER 7 MOVE I BIT INTO "C" ZERO ? NO CLOCK IT ANY MORE ? SEND 8 BITS MOVE OUT MS BIT AND SEND OTHER 7 MOVE 1 BIT INTO "C" ZERO ? NO
SQU7I S1I S21 SQU8 SQU7	RTS ************************************	<pre>************************************</pre>	**** * **** SEND 8 BITS MOVE OUT MS BIT AND SEND OTHER 7 MOVE I BIT INTO "C" ZERO ? NO CLOCK IT ANY MORE ? SEND 8 BITS MOVE OUT MS BIT AND SEND OTHER 7 MOVE 1 BIT INTO "C" ZERO ? NO CLOCK
SQU7I S1I S21 SQU8 SQU7 S1	RTS ************************************	<pre>************************************</pre>	**** * **** SEND 8 BITS MOVE OUT MS BIT AND SEND OTHER 7 MOVE I BIT INTO "C" ZERO ? NO CLOCK IT ANY MORE ? SEND 8 BITS MOVE OUT MS BIT AND SEND OTHER 7 MOVE 1 BIT INTO "C" ZERO ? NO
SQU7I S1I S21 SQU8 SQU7 S1	RTS ************************************	<pre>************************************</pre>	**** * **** SEND 8 BITS MOVE OUT MS BIT AND SEND OTHER 7 MOVE I BIT INTO "C" ZERO ? NO CLOCK IT ANY MORE ? SEND 8 BITS MOVE OUT MS BIT AND SEND OTHER 7 MOVE 1 BIT INTO "C" ZERO ? NO CLOCK
SQU7I S1I S21 SQU8 SQU7 S1	RTS ************************************	<pre>************************************</pre>	**** * **** SEND 8 BITS MOVE OUT MS BIT AND SEND OTHER 7 MOVE I BIT INTO "C" ZERO ? NO CLOCK IT ANY MORE ? SEND 8 BITS MOVE OUT MS BIT AND SEND OTHER 7 MOVE 1 BIT INTO "C" ZERO ? NO CLOCK
SQU7I S1I S21 SQU8 SQU7 S1	RTS ************************************	<pre>#8 sli #7 s21 PORTB,Y,\$02 PORTB,Y,\$01 PORTB,Y,\$01 PORTB,Y,\$02 sli #8 sl #7 \$2 PORTB,Y,\$02 PORTB,Y,\$01 PORTB,Y,\$01 PORTB,Y,\$02 PORTB,Y,\$01 PORTB,Y,\$01 PORTB,Y,\$01 PORTB,Y,\$01 PORTB,Y,\$01 PORTB,Y,\$01 PORTB,Y,\$02 </pre>	**** * **** SEND 8 BITS MOVE OUT MS BIT AND SEND OTHER 7 MOVE I BIT INTO "C" ZERO ? NO CLOCK IT ANY MORE ? SEND 8 BITS MOVE OUT MS BIT AND SEND OTHER 7 MOVE 1 BIT INTO "C" ZERO ? NO CLOCK IT



	* * * * * * * * * *	*****			
	*	*			
	* Toggl *	e 9/10 kHz step (MW). *			
	*******	*****			
Т910	BRSET BSET	STAT6,\$40,CBH STAT6,\$40			
СВН	RTS BCLR RTS	STAT6,\$40			
	*******	****	* * * * * * * *	*******	**
	* I	INK batch files (RLE.BA	ſ&RDE.	LD) and PCBUG11 Vectors.	*
	*			,	*
			.O -MKUF	E32.MAP -G RDE -O RDE.OUT	*
		HEX RDE.OUT -O RDE.O			*
	*	TYPE E32.MAP			*
		ection .RAM1 BSS origin	0.220000		*
	~	section .RAM1 BSS origin			*
		section .RAM3 BSS origin		E32	*
		section .ROM1 origin 0xD0		\$9000	*
		section .ROM2 origin 0xE		\$900	*
		ection .ROM3 origin 0xF(		\$A000	*
	* 5	ection .VECT origin 0xBB	FC1	-	*
	* S	ection .VECT2 origin 0x1	FFD6	(\$FFD6)	*
	*				*
	********	*****	* * * * * * * *	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	***
*	SECTION	.VECT			
*	JMP	START	SCI		
*	JMP	START	SPI		
*	JMP	START		ACCUMULATOR EDGE	
*	JMP	START	"	" OVER	
*	JMP	START	TIMER		
*	JMP	START		1C4/0C5	
*	JMP JMP	START START		0C4 0C3	
*	JMP	START		0C2	
*	JMP	START		0C1	
*	JMP	START	"	IC3	
*	JMP	START	"	IC2	
*	JMP	START	"	IC1	
*	JMP	TINTB	RTI		
*	JMP	SDATA	IRQ		
*	JMP	SHAFTX		SED, XIRQ USED BY PCbug11	
*	JMP	START	SWI		
*	JMP	START		AL OP CODE	
*	JMP	START	COP	NONTEOD	
*	JMP	START		MONITOR	
	JMP	START	RESET		
	********	*****			
*	*	*			
*	* M	C68HC11E32 Vectors. *			
*	*	*			
	*******	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *			
	0000000				
*	SECTION ORG	.VECT2 \$FFD6			
	HDD		COT		
	FDB	START	SCI		
	FDB	START	SPI	ACCUMULATOR EDGE	
	FDB FDB	START START	PULSE "		
	FDB FDB	START	TIMER	OVER	
	FDB	START	I IMER	IC4/OC5	
	FDB	START		0C4	
	FDB	START	н	0C3	
	FDB	START	"	0C2	
	FDB	START	"	OC1	
	FDB	START	"	IC3	
	FDB	START	"	IC2	



#### **Application Note**

"	IC1
RT	I
IR	2
XII	RQ
SW	I
IL	LEGAL OP CODE
CO	P
CL	OCK MONITOR
RE	SET

FDB END

FDB

FDB

FDB FDB

FDB FDB

FDB

FDB

174) 256) 109) 2889)	Section synopsis .RAM1 .RAM2 .RAM3 .ROM1
42)	.VECT2

START

TINTB SDATA SHAFTX

START START START

START START START

Symbol table         .RAM1       1 0000000       CONTD       4 00005df       INSLP       4 00003fe       NNTR       4 00000968       RECALL       4 0000         .RAM2       2 00000000       CONTI       4 0000529       IOK       4 0000053c       NO2D       4 00000c6       RETUNE       4 0000         .RAM3       3 0000000       COUNT       1 000009a       IOOK       4 000002e       NOPS       4 0000001       RETUNE2       4 0000         .ROM1       4 0000000       CPSL       4 000003cc       IRQ       4 0000006       NORT       4 000007c0       RJ       4 00000         .VECT2       5 00000000       CRA       4 00000325       KBD       4 000026f       NOTFF2       4 00000723       RP       1 00000	5f0 603 30a 2ea 07c 309 076 082 028
.RAM2         2 00000000         CONTI         4 00000529         IOK         4 0000053c         NO2D         4 000000c6         RETUNE         4 00000           .RAM3         3 00000000         COUNT         1 0000009a         IOOK         4 0000022e         NOPS         4 000000d1         RETUNE2         4 00000           .ROM1         4 00000000         CPSL         4 000003cc         IRQ         4 0000006         NORT         4 000007c0         RJ         4 00000           .VECT2         5 00000000         CR         4 0000099a         ITMP1         1 0000069         NOTCH         4 000002bc         RKEY         4 00000	5f0 603 30a 2ea 07c 309 076 082 028
.RAM3         3 00000000         COUNT         1 0000009a         IOOK         4 0000022e         NOPS         4 0000001         RETUNE2         4 0000           .ROM1         4 00000000         CPSL         4 000003cc         IRQ         4 0000006         NORT         4 000007c0         RJ         4 0000           .VECT2         5 00000000         CR         4 000099a         ITMP1         1 0000069         NOTCH         4 000002bc         RKEY         4 0000	603 30a 2ea 07c 309 076 082 028
.ROM1         4 00000000         CPSL         4 000003cc         IRQ         4 0000006         NORT         4 000007c0         RJ         4 0000           .VECT2         5 00000000         CR         4 000009a         ITMP1         1 0000069         NOTCH         4 000002bc         RKEY         4 00000	30a 2ea 07c 309 076 082 028
.VECT2 5 00000000 CR 4 000009a ITMP1 1 00000069 NOTCH 4 000002bc RKEY 4 0000	2ea 07c 309 076 082 028
	07c 309 076 082 028
	309 076 082 028
A7 4 00000524 DAT 1 000004b KCLC 4 000002f3 NOTN 4 000008e0 RPT 4 0000	076 082 028
ABO 4 00000aa7 DBNC 4 00000a8e KEY 1 00000096 NOTRT 4 000007ac RO 1 0000	082 028
ABO3 4 00000470 DBOUNC 4 00000a93 KEY1 4 00000279 NOTSNZ 4 000000e0 RR 1 0000	028
ABOA 4 000003a3 DCON 4 00000a58 KEYP 4 000002f5 NRDSP 4 0000019b RT 3 0000	
ABTA 4 0000065c DCON2 E 4 00000a60 KEYP2 4 000002f7 NRML 4 000002c0 RTDIS 1 0000	
AD 4 00000a24   DECS 4 0000040d   KHZ 4 0000098f   NS1 4 000003ea   RTDSP 4 0000	
ADD 4 00000alf   DEL500 4 00000471   KOUNT 1 00000097   NSRO 4 00000194   S1 4 0000	
ADJ 4 00000a53 DF 4 000007e0 L1 4 00000298 NT1 4 00000165 S1I 4 0000	
ADON 4 00000393 DI 1 000000a4 L2 4 000009bf NT2 4 0000017b S2 4 0000	
AGS 4 0000044e   DIG2 1 0000098   L5 4 000001b8   NT2J 4 00000e4   S2I 4 0000	b0f
AISM 4 0000084b   DIGIT 4 0000426   L6 4 000001d6   NTB2 4 00000889   SAVE 4 0000	
AJ 4 00000a4e DISP 3 0000000 LAST 4 0000037d NTB3 4 00000882 SCHAN 1 0000	0a5
ALARM 4 00000381   DISP1 1 0000074   LDRX 4 00000759   NUM1 1 0000009b   SCNT 1 0000	0ad
ALOF 4 0000038e DISP2 1 0000075 LDXR2 4 00000802 NUM2 1 0000009d SDATA I 0 0000	000
ALRON 4 000003be DISPP 3 0000010 LED 1 0000009f NWA 4 00000061 SDT 4 0000	884
ALSUI 4 000004a5   DIST 1 0000047   LEV 1 0000067   NWWS 4 00000173   SEC 1 0000	06f
ALSU2 4 00000569 DLOOP 4 00000a9b LOOP 4 00000a2e NXT 4 00000a81 SEM 4 0000	257
AMIN 1 00000072   DLP 4 00000a98   LOOP2 4 00000a72   OK6 4 0000020b   SHAFT E 4 0000	24d
ANTI 4 00000191 DMD 4 00000594 LOOP3 4 00000a0d ONAG 4 00000101 SHAFTX 4 0000	25e
AOB 4 00000833 DMI 4 000004d2 LP6 4 000008eb ONE 4 000008a6 SHIFT 4 0000	44a
AOUR 1 00000073 DNT 4 000002f4 LPP 4 0000089f ONOFF 4 000003a4 SK 4 0000	946
ARI 4 00000220   DNT2 4 000002ed   M8 4 00000079   OUR 1 00000071   SK2P 4 0000	5ee
ASM 4 0000086a DOIT 4 00000663 MAK20 4 000004fe OUTCH 4 000005d6 SKDB 4 0000	a96
BAND 4 00000926 DOM 1 0000044 MAK2E 4 00000502 P 1 00000015 SKIP 4 0000	93e
BCON 4 000009b6 DOW 1 0000046 MAK30 4 00000506 P5157 4 00000ada SKP 4 0000	45c
BCTO 1 000000ac   DOWN 4 000007de   MAK41 4 0000050a   P5170 4 00000aa8   SKPCLR 4 0000	876
BD3 4 000001ec   DR1 4 00000466   MAK61 4 0000050   PDEC 4 00000555   SKSM 4 0000	964
BIT 1 00000068   E6L 4 000001fa   MIN 1 0000070   PDEC2 4 00000541   SKTA 4 0000	67b
BMJD 1 00000000   EON 2 0000000   MJD 1 0000030   PI 1 00000061   SLEEP 4 0000	3£6
BTO 4 0000201   EXIT 4 00002ab   MJDAT I 0 0000000   PIN 1 00000065   SLEP 4 0000	400
CARRY 1 00000099   FINST 4 000006fb   MKE20 4 000005c0   PINC 4 00000491   SLEPT 1 0000	048
CBCD         I         0         00000000           FLN         4         00000122           MKE2E         4         000005c4           PINC2         4         0000047d           SLPTOK         4         00000	415
CBH         4 00000b45         FMB         4 0000079b         MKE39         4 000005d0         PINOK1         4 00000161         SM         4 00000	
CE6 4 000001ec   FOK 4 0000061d   MKE5A 4 000005c8   PION 1 0000063   SMEM 1 0000	
CG6 4 000001c8   FULON 4 0000010f   MKE7A 4 000005cc   PJ 4 0000031d   SODM 4 0000	
CHE 4 000001e6   GETAD 4 00000780   MNTH 1 00000042   PNM1 4 000005e9   SOK 4 0000	
CLAL         4 0000097b         GON2         4 000002c8         MOD         I         0 00000000         PROC         0 00000000         SPCC         4 00000	
CLEAR         4         0000096f         GOON         4         000002e4         MODE         4         00000933         PROG         4         0000088a         SQU7         4         0000	
CLOCK I 0 00000000   GOON2 4 000002d0   MSH 4 00000238   PSC 4 000003c7   SQU7I 4 0000	
CLOOP 4 0000005a GOON3 4 000002de MSM 4 00000854 PSN 3 00000020 SQU8 4 0000	
CLOP         4 000009f5         GROUP         1 0000057         MZ         4 00000577         PSN0         4 000004d7         SQU81         4 0000	
CLP         4         00000992         H2L         4         0000032         NABT         4         00000834         PSN1         4         00000599         SRT         4         00000	
CLQ 4 00000993   HIGH 4 000003e9   NACS 4 000004d3   PSNOK 4 00000690   START 4 0000	
CLRAS         4         00000996         HTOH         4         000004c4         NACS2         4         00000595         PSNP         1         000004a         STAT         1         0000	
CLREON I 0 00000000   HZ 4 0000586   NAME 4 0000859   PSOK 4 0000667   STAT2 1 0000	
CLRNVM         4 000009f2         IDLE         4 000000ac         NDU         4 000000db         PTY         1 0000005f         STAT3         1 0000	Ua8

AN494

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Application Note Code Listing

CLTR E CLTR2 CNTB CNTS COM2 COMP CONF SUB	4 000009a3 4 000009a6 4 00000510 4 000005d2 4 00000a0b 1 00000a0b 1 0000006c 4 00000a07	IDLJ   IF   IFO   IFS   IHR   IHRD   INITD   I   TATP	4 0000023c 4 000007d1 4 000008d3 4 00000908 4 000004b9 4 0000057d 0 00000000 4 0000022a	NEW E   NEWJ   NEWSUB   NEWSUB2   NFM   NFMB   NNT2   TMPGRP	4 000008a9 4 000007ee 4 00000707 4 00000716 4 0000805 4 00000805 4 000000e7 1 0000004f	PTYCMP   Q   R   RCLP   RDSTO   READ1   REARET   TPOF		L 00000060 L 0000003 L 0000027 4 0000023f L 0000049 4 00000756 L 000000a2	STAT4 STAT5 STAT6 STIF STORE STR STRST		1 4 4 4 4	000000a9 000000aa 000000ab 000008ca 00000671 00000405 00000000
SWB2 SYN T5S T5SD T910 TAEH TASOK TASW TATP	4 0000079b 1 000006a 4 000004c7 4 00000b3d 4 00000b3d 4 000003e6 4 0000062b 4 0000062b	TBH TEM TEST TFCC I TH32 TH8 TINTB I TMP	4 000000be 4 000025a 4 0000821 0 0000000 1 0000006d 1 0000006e 0 00000000 1 0000001e	TMQ TMRB TNP TOG57 TOG57J TOOH TPEN TPIC	1 0000000c 4 0000003 4 0000055 4 00000517 4 00000495 4 000004b4 4 000003d5 4 0000062c	TPOK TT1 TT2 UDCNT UP W1 W2 W3	•	4 00000155 4 000007d9 4 000007e8 4 000007e8 4 000007cf 0 000007cf 0 000008a 0 000008a	W5   W6   W7   WAIT   WBYTE   WRITE1   XEM   YEM	I	1 1 0 4 4 4	00000090 0000092 00000094 00000000 0000076f 0000075d 00000268



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