# AN13031 Recommendations for SD Connections to 1.8 V SDHC Interfaces

Rev. 0 — February 5, 2021

by: NXP Semiconductors

Application Note

### 1 Introduction

The enhanced Security Digital Host Controller (eSDHC) in the LX216x and LS208xA conform to the SD Host Controller Standard Specification version 3.0. They are compatible with the SD Memory Card Specification version 3.01

(SDXC SDHC, SD cards), and the SDIO Card Specification version 3.0. And they are also compatible with the JESD84-B51 (eMMC/MMC cards) and JESD84-B45 respectively. The eSDHC interface can be used to get the Reset Configuration Word (RCW), Pre-Boot Initialization (PBI), booting images from an SD card or from an eMMC. eSDHC can also be used as an interface of storage. There is no issue for the eSDHC interface when it works with an 1.8-volt eMMC as it is an 1.8 V interface on both parts. However, a voltage translator must be used if it interfaces with any type of SD card, such as SDXC, SDHC, and SD cards. It is the requirement of the SD Specification Part 1 Physical Layer Specification 3.0 that the starting voltage is 3.3 V for any type of SD card.

This application note gives an example design when the eSDHC is interfaced with an SD card. Schematics for connecting to a voltage translator will be discussed.

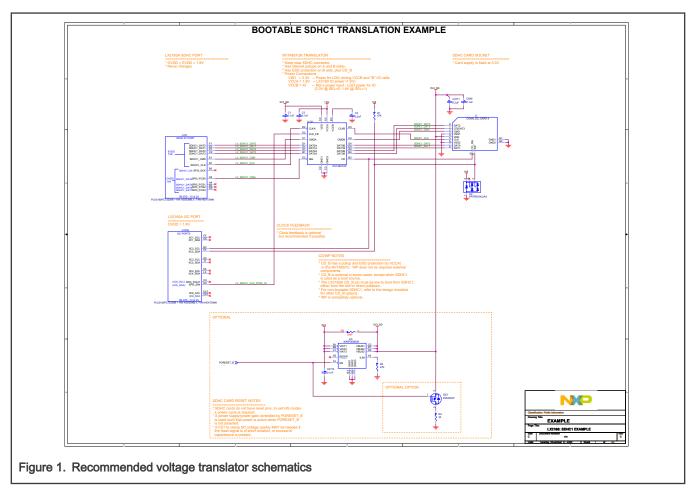
## 2 Recommended schematics

Several voltage translators on the market can be used for the eSDHC interface. NXP recommends to use NVT4857UK as it supports High Speed (HS) and UHS-I speeds. It supports up to 208 MHz clock rate. Figure 1 shows the recommended circuit when SDR speeds are needed.

### Contents

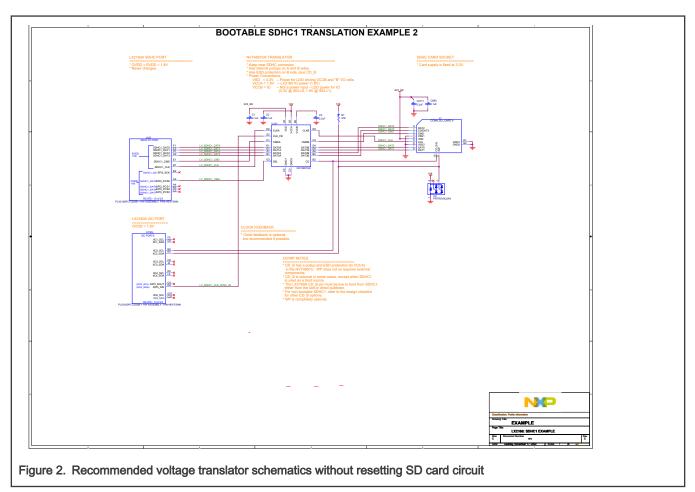
- 1 Introduction.....1 2 Recommended schematics......1
- 4 References......6





The SD card signaling voltage is 1.8 V when it is configured to run at an SDR speed. Based on the SD specification, **once signal** voltage is swithced to 1.8 V, the card continues 1.8 V signalling regardless of CMD0. Power cycle reset the signal voltage to 3.3 V. Therefore, a period of power-off is needed for the SD after a reset.

The power-off design can be avoided if HS mode can meet system requirements. Figure 2 shows the recommended circuit when only HS speed is needed. In this case, no power-off SD card circuit is needed as the signaling voltage runs at 3.3 V.



As you can see from Figure 1 and Figure 2, the difference between these two designs is the power-off circuit. The design of this circuit should meet the SD specification requirement of keeping power level less than 0.5 V and more than 1 ms.

## 3 AC timing considerations

eSDHC interface on LX2160xA supports both SDR50 and DDR50 modes. This section gives the AC timing specifications for SDR50 and DDR50 based on the recommended NVT4857UK part.

Table 1 provides the eSDHC AC timing specifications for SDR50 mode.

Table 1.	eSDHC SDR50 r	node AC timina	specifications with	a voltage translator
	000110 001001	nous Ao unning	specifications with	a voltago translator

Parameter	Symbol <sup>1</sup>	Min.	Max.	Unit	Notes
SDHC_CLK clock frequency	f <sub>sнscк</sub>	0.0	100.0	MHz	_
SDHC_CLK rise and fall times	t <sub>SHSCKR</sub> / t <sub>SHSCKF</sub>	_	2.0	ns	2
SDHC_CLK duty cycle	t <sub>SHSCK</sub>	47.0	53.0	%	3
Input setup times (SDHC_CMD, SDHC_DATx to SDHC_CLK_SYNC_IN),	t <sub>sнsivкн</sub>	1.9	_	ns	2, 4, 5

Table continues on the next page...

Parameter	Symbol <sup>1</sup>	Min.	Max.	Unit	Notes
Input hold times (SDHC_CMD, SDHC_DATx to SDHC_CLK_SYNC_IN)	t <sub>SHSIXKH</sub>	0.7	_	ns	2, 4, 5
Output hold time (SDHC_CLK to SDHC_CMD, SDHC_DATx valid)	t <sub>sнsкнох</sub>	1.6	_	ns	2, 5, 6
Output delay time (SDHC_CLK to SDHC_CMD, SDHC_DATx valid)	t <sub>SHSKHOV</sub>	_	5.7	ns	2, 5, 6

Table 1. eSDHC SDR50 mode AC timing specifications with a voltage translator (continued)

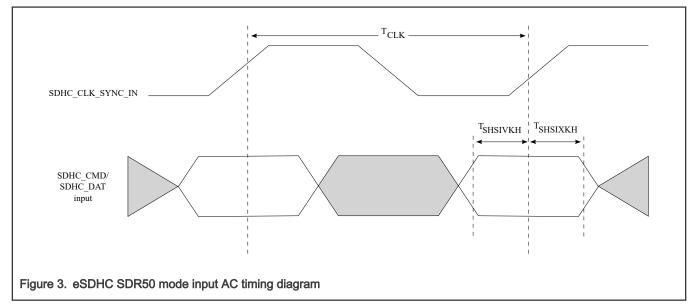
The symbols used for timing specifications herein follow the pattern of t<sub>(first two letters of functional block)(signal)(state)</sub> (reference)(state) for inputs and t<sub>(first two letters of functional block)(reference)(state)(signal)(state)</sub> for outputs. For example, t<sub>SHKHOX</sub> symbolizes eSDHC highspeed mode device timing (SH) clock reference (K) going to the high (H) state, with respect to the output (O) reaching the invalid state (X) or output hold time. Note that in general, the clock reference symbol is based on five letters representing the clock of a particular functional. For rise and fall times, the latter convention is used with the appropriate letter: R (rise) or F (fall).

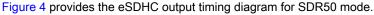
2.  $C_{CARD} \le 10 \text{ pF}$ , (1 card), and  $C_L = C_{BUS} + C_{HOST} + C_{CARD} \le 30 \text{ pF}$ .

- 3. Sampled and not 100% tested
- 4. See Figure 3
- 5. The voltage translator parameters are based on:
  - Channel-to-channel skew is min -0.5 ns, max +0.5 ns.
  - CLK\_Feedback to DAT/CMD delay is min -0.5 ns, max +0.5 ns.

#### 6. See Figure 4

Figure 3 provides the eSDHC input AC timing diagram for SDR50 mode.





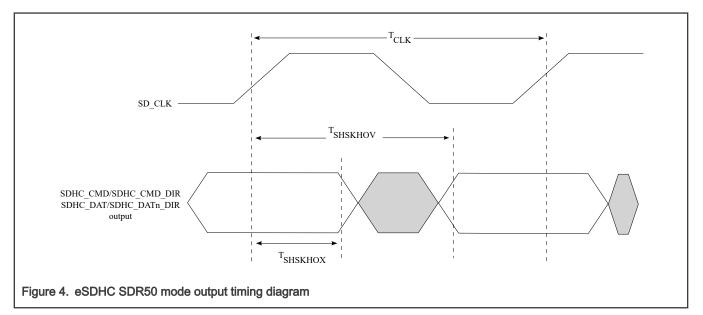


Table 2 provides the eSDHC AC timing specifications for DDR50 mode with a voltage translator.

Parameter	Symbol <sup>1</sup>	Min.	Max.	Unit	Notes
SDHC_CLK clock frequency	f <sub>SHCK</sub>	0.0	50.0	MHz	2
SDHC_CLK rise and fall times	t <sub>SHCKR</sub> / t <sub>SHCKF</sub>	_	4.0	ns	2, 3
SDHC_CLK duty cycle	t <sub>SHCK</sub>	47.0	53.0	%	2, 4
Input setup times (SDHC_DATx to SDHC_CLK_SYNC_IN)	t <sub>SHDIVKH</sub>	1.6	_	ns	2, 3, 5, 6
Input hold times (SDHC_DATx to SDHC_CLK_SYNC_IN)	t <sub>SHDIXKH</sub>	0.7	_	ns	2, 3, 5, 6
Output hold time (SDHC_CLK to SDHC_DATx valid)	t <sub>SHDKHOX</sub>	2.2	_	ns	2, 3, 6, 7
Output delay time (SDHC_CLK to SDHC_DATx valid)	t <sub>SHDKHOV</sub>	_	5.6	ns	2, 3, 6, 7
Input setup times (SDHC_CMD to SDHC_CLK_SYNC_IN)	tsнсіvкн	4.8	_	ns	2, 3, 5, 6
Input hold times (SDHC_CMD to SDHC_CLK_SYNC_IN)	t <sub>sнсіхкн</sub>	0.7	_	ns	2, 3, 5, 6
Output hold time (SDHC_CLK to SDHC_CMD valid)	tsнскнох	2.2	_	ns	2, 3, 6, 7
Output delay time (SDHC_CLK to SDHC_CMD valid)	tsнскноv	_	12.6	ns	2, 3, 6, 7

The symbols used for timing specifications herein follow the pattern of t<sub>(first two letters of functional block)(signal)(state)</sub> (reference)(state) for inputs and t<sub>(first two letters of functional block)(reference)(state)(signal)(state)</sub> for outputs. For example, t<sub>SHKHOX</sub> symbolizes eSDHC highspeed mode device timing (SH) clock reference (K) going to the high (H) state, with respect to the output (O) reaching the invalid state (X) or output hold time. Note that in general, the clock reference symbol is based on five letters

representing the clock of a particular functional. For rise and fall times, the latter convention is used with the appropriate letter: R (rise) or F (fall).

- 2.  $C_L = C_{BUS} + C_{HOST} + C_{CARD} \le 25pF$  for Input Data of DDR50,  $\le 30pF$  for Input CMD of DDR50.
- 3.  $C_{CARD} \le 10 \text{ pF}$ , (1 card)
- 4. Sampled and not 100% tested
- 5. See eSDHC DDR50/DDR mode input AC timing diagram in Qor/Q LX2162A/LX2122A/LX2082A Data Sheet.
- 6. The voltage translator parameters are based on:
  - Channel-to-channel skew is min -0.5 ns, max +0.5 ns.
  - CLK\_Feedback to DAT/CMD delay is min -0.5 ns, max +0.5 ns.
- 7. See eSDHC DDR50/DDR mode output AC timing diagram in Qor/Q LX2162A/LX2122A/LX2082A Data Sheet.

### 4 References

SD Specifications, Part 1, Physical Layer Specification Version 3.01

QorIQ LX216xA Data Sheet, where x can be either 0 or 2

QorIQ LS20xyA Data Sheet, where x can be either 8 or 4, y can be 0, 1, 4 or 8

QorIQ LS2088A Reference Manual

QorIQ LX2160A Reference Manual

QorIQ LX2162A Reference Manual

JESD84-B51, Embedded Multi-Media Card (eMMC) Electrical Standard (5.1)

How To Reach Us Home Page: nxp.com Web Support: nxp.com/support Information in this document is provided solely to enable system and software implementers to use NXP products. There are no express or implied copyright licenses granted hereunder to design or fabricate any integrated circuits based on the information in this document. NXP reserves the right to make changes without further notice to any products herein.

NXP makes no warranty, representation, or guarantee regarding the suitability of its products for any particular purpose, nor does NXP assume any liability arising out of the application or use of any product or circuit, and specifically disclaims any and all liability, including without limitation consequential or incidental damages. "Typical" parameters that may be provided in NXP data sheets and/or specifications can and do vary in different applications, and actual performance may vary over time. All operating parameters, including "typicals," must be validated for each customer application by customer's technical experts. NXP does not convey any license under its patent rights nor the rights of others. NXP sells products pursuant to standard terms and conditions of sale, which can be found at the following address: nxp.com/SalesTermsandConditions.

**Right to make changes** - NXP Semiconductors reserves the right to make changes to information published in this document, including without limitation specifications and product descriptions, at any time and without notice. This document supersedes and replaces all information supplied prior to the publication hereof.

Security — Customer understands that all NXP products may be subject to unidentified or documented vulnerabilities. Customer is responsible for the design and operation of its applications and products throughout their lifecycles to reduce the effect of these vulnerabilities on customer's applications and products. Customer's responsibility also extends to other open and/or proprietary technologies supported by NXP products for use in customer's applications. NXP accepts no liability for any vulnerability. Customer should regularly check security updates from NXP and follow up appropriately. Customer shall select products with security features that best meet rules, regulations, and standards of the intended application and make the ultimate design decisions regarding its products and is solely responsible for compliance with all legal, regulatory, and security related requirements concerning its products, regardless of any information or support that may be provided by NXP. NXP has a Product Security Incident Response Team (PSIRT) (reachable at PSIRT@nxp.com) that manages the investigation, reporting, and solution release to security vulnerabilities of NXP products.

NXP, the NXP logo, NXP SECURE CONNECTIONS FOR A SMARTER WORLD, COOLFLUX, EMBRACE, GREENCHIP, HITAG, ICODE, JCOP, LIFE, VIBES, MIFARE, MIFARE CLASSIC, MIFARE DESFire, MIFARE PLUS, MIFARE FLEX, MANTIS, MIFARE ULTRALIGHT, MIFARE4MOBILE, MIGLO, NTAG, ROADLINK, SMARTLX, SMARTMX, STARPLUG, TOPFET, TRENCHMOS, UCODE, Freescale, the Freescale logo, AltiVec, CodeWarrior, ColdFire, ColdFire+, the Energy Efficient Solutions logo, Kinetis, Layerscape, MagniV, mobileGT, PEG, PowerQUICC, Processor Expert, QorlQ, QorlQ Qonverge, SafeAssure, the SafeAssure logo, StarCore, Symphony, VortiQa, Vybrid, Airfast, BeeKit, BeeStack, CoreNet, Flexis, MXC, Platform in a Package, QUICC Engine, Tower, TurboLink, EdgeScale, EdgeLock, elQ, and Immersive3D are trademarks of NXP B.V. All other product or service names are the property of their respective owners. AMBA, Arm, Arm7, Arm7TDMI, Arm9, Arm11, Artisan, big.LITTLE, Cordio, CoreLink, CoreSight, Cortex, DesignStart, DynamIQ, Jazelle, Keil, Mali, Mbed, Mbed Enabled, NEON, POP, RealView, SecurCore, Socrates, Thumb, TrustZone, ULINK, ULINK2, ULINK-ME, ULINK-PLUS, ULINKpro, µVision, Versatile are trademarks or registered trademarks of Arm Limited (or its subsidiaries) in the US and/or elsewhere. The related technology may be protected by any or all of patents, copyrights, designs and trade secrets. All rights reserved. Oracle and Java are registered trademarks of Oracle and/or its affiliates. The Power Architecture and Power.org word marks and the Power and Power.org logos and related marks are trademarks and service marks licensed by Power.org.

© NXP B.V. 2021.

#### All rights reserved.

For more information, please visit: http://www.nxp.com For sales office addresses, please send an email to: salesaddresses@nxp.com

> Date of release: February 5, 2021 Document identifier: AN13031

# arm