

Software Emulation of DDC1 hardware using HC05BD3

Introduction

Data Display Channel (DDC) is a new standard defined by VESA for monitor devices in 1994 (Ref.1). There are two levels of DDC, namely, DDC level 1 (DDC1) and DDC level 2 (DDC2). DDC2 is a bidirectional communications protocol between host computer and monitor. It is based on the IIC protocol.

DDC1 is an unidirectional protocol. The monitor will continue to send out Extended Display Identification Data (EDID) to the host computer. It is a serial communication interface, with a clock and a data line. The vertical sync from the host is used as the clock input. Data will be clocked out to host from the monitor. Every nine clock pulses will complete one byte data transmission. Figure 1 shows block diagram of the DDC1 operation.

If monitor manufacturers need to include the DDC1 features into their designs, they have two alternatives. One is to built-in the DDC1 hardware into MCU. The other is to use a special EEPROM with DDC1 function. The first method will increase the MCU cost and not flexible for external EEPROM MCU. The second method requires a special EEPROM, which will also increase the cost. It is because the price for a special EEPROM may be as high as US\$2.0. In this application, we will use the low cost HC05BD3 MCU to implement the DDC1 features. Since the HC05BD3 also has built-in IIC, it fully supports the DDC standard for both DDC1 and DDC2.

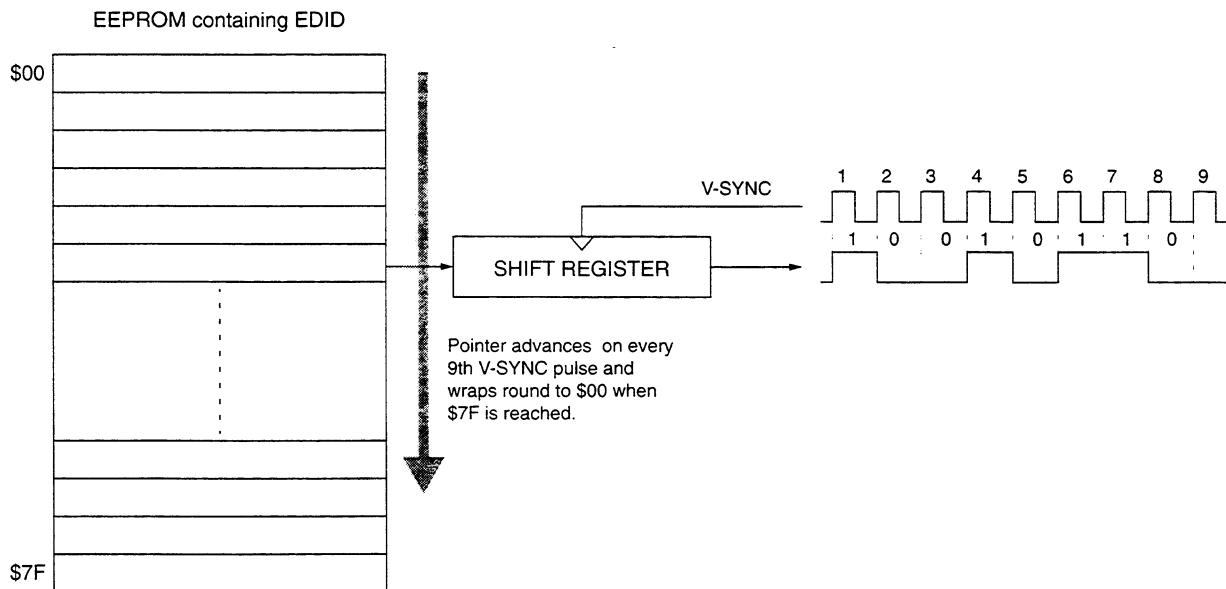


Figure 1 Block Diagram of DDC1 Operation

DDC1 Specification Summary (Ref.1)

Electrical

For DDC1, the VCLK signal should start at the normal frame frequency. Once data is sensed on the data line, then VCLK can be increased to a maximum rate of 25KHz. If no data is received at the normal video frame frequency, the display may be of type OLD. OLD type monitors may be damaged if a higher than normal vertical frequency is applied.

Timing

Data is clocked on the rising edge of the VCLK and shall be valid 30 μ s after the rising edge. It shall remain valid until the next rising edge. The minimum time between falling edge to the next rising edge is 20 μ s. Pulse width shall have a minimum of 20 μ s. The DDC1 data shall be clocked with nine clocks per byte. The data bit generated on the ninth clock pulse is an acknowledge bit that should be discarded by the host. Figure 2 shows the timing graphically.

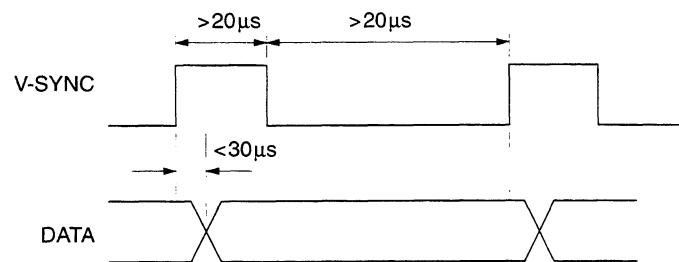


Figure 2 Timing Diagram for V-SYNC and DATA

Hardware Configurations

In this application, we will use the vertical sync interrupt provided by HC05BD3 and also the IIC bus to interface with an external 128bytes normal EEPROM. Figure 3 shows the configuration. PA0 will be used to be the DATA output from MCU. Actually, any PORT pin can be used to replace PA0. This horizontal sync (or H-sync) and vertical sync (or V-sync) is connected to the H-sync and V-sync input of HC05BD3.

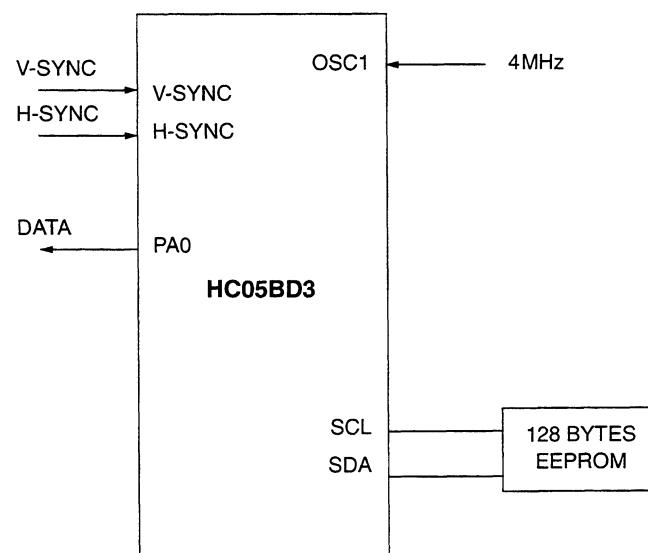


Figure 3 Hardware Connection

HC05BD3 is operated at 5V with 4MHz, and the IIC module is set to the highest speed of about 90KHz SCL.

Programming Procedures

initialize the MCU and IIC bus

```
bit_count = 9
```

get first data byte from EE at address \$00 by

```
send start signal  
send slave address (write mode)  
send EE data address  
send repeat start  
send slave address (read mode)  
get data from MCU data register and put into DATA
```

wait for v-sync interrupt

when v-sync interrupt occur, do

```
if bit_count not zero then do  
    decrease bit_count  
    rotate left DATA, if carry set then high PA0, otherwise low PA0  
else read next data byte from EE and put into DATA and bit_count = 9  
return interrupt
```

Since the EDID requires 128 bytes data, we used a 128 serial EEPROM. The EEPROM address will wrap round from 128 to 0 automatically. So that there is no need to reset the address pointer when the address reaches \$7F. It is very important because we must read one byte from EEPROM within 40 μ s.

Results

Figure 4 shows the part of the transmission and the timing relationship between V-sync and DATA. The following results are observed:

- 1) The data will be valid within 20 μ s after the rising edge of V-sync.
- 2) It takes approx. 24 μ s to read a new data byte from external EEPROM. This time occurs during the 9th clock and NO data update on PA0 is required.
- 3) The total code size is below 180 bytes.

Considerations

- 1) During normal operation, the V-sync should be less than 1KHz or 1ms. So every vertical period, the CPU will have (1000-15) or 985 μ s to do other jobs. The efficiency will be 98.5% at 1KHz V-sync input.
- 2) Since IIC is used, we can connect two external EEPROMs at the same time. One for EDID data and one for video mode information. However, no EDID information will be output to the HOST PC if the CPU accesses the video mode EEPROM for more than 8 V-sync periods. 8 V-sync periods because we can pending the video mode info access until the 9th clock is completed. The monitor will access the video EEPROM in two conditions: 1. is during factory testing, 2. is during video mode change. During condition 1, no EDID info will be output, so no conflict. During condition 2, the time is long enough for the CPU to wait for the 9th clock.

Summary

It is shown that by using the V-sync interrupt and IIC features provided by HC05BD3, it is possible to emulate the DDC1 hardware. The CPU efficiency is greater than 98.5% during normal operation. The code size is below 180 bytes. The user can also use the built-in IIC to implement the DDC2 standard.

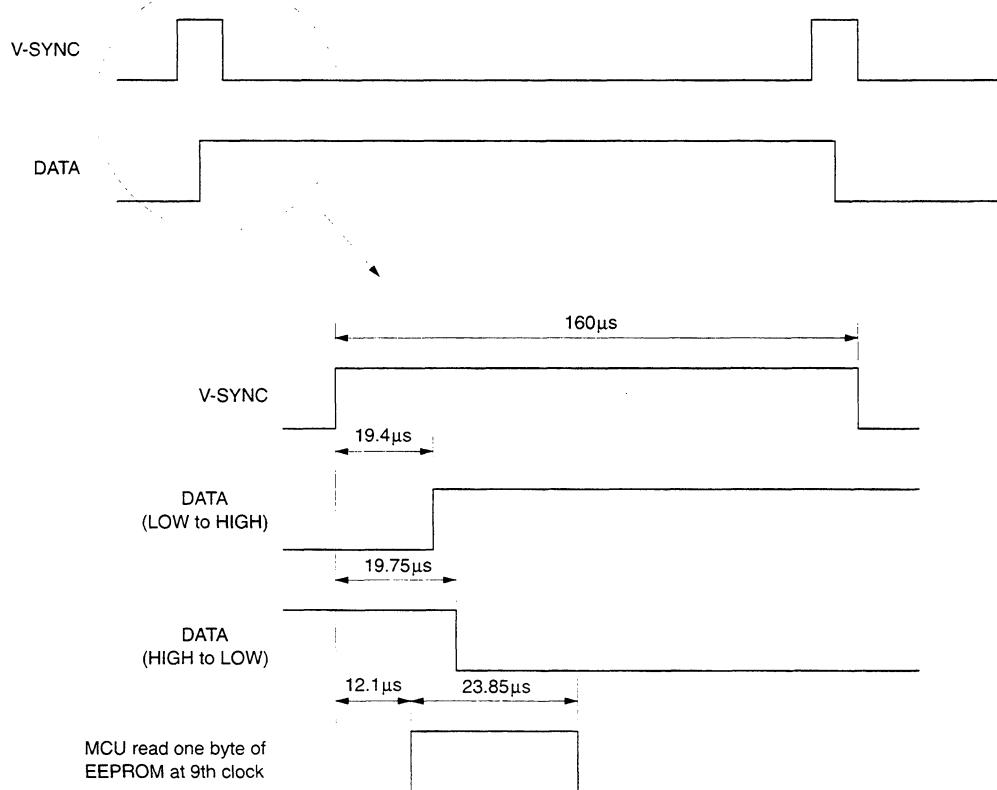


Figure 4 Timing Relationship between V-SYNC and DATA achieved by this application

Reference Documents

- 1) "Display Data Channel Proposal", version 1.0p 1994 by VESA
- 2) "MC68HC06T16 Product Preview", version 1.1 1994 by Motorola
- 3) "MC68HC05BD3 Product Preview", version 1.1 1994 by Motorola
- 4) Philips IIC bus specification (Data Handbook IIC Peripherals for Microcontroller 1/92)

Appendix A - Program Listing (T16 version)

```

0001 ****
0002 *
0003 * MOTOROLA SEMICONDUCTORS HK LTD
0004 * A/P MCU TECHNICAL MARKETING
0005 *
0006 * DATA DISPLAY CHANNEL 1 DEMO
0007 *
0008 * TARGET MCU : MC68HC05T16
0009 * ALSO APPLICABLE
0010 * OTHER MCU WITH V-SYNC INT AND IIC
0011 * CLOCK SPEED : 4MHZ
0012 *
0013 * AUTHOR : C.P. CHEN
0014 * DATE : 10, AUG 1994
0015 *
0016 ****
0017
0018 ****
0019 * SYSTEM EQUATES *

```

```

0020 ****
0021
0022 0050 RAMST1 EQU $50 * START OF 1ST PART OF RAM
0023 0100 RAMST2 EQU $100 * START OF 2ND PART OF RAM
0024
0025 A000 ROMST EQU $A000 * START OF USER ROM
0026
0027 0000 PORTA EQU $00 * PORT A
0028 0001 PORTB EQU $01 * PORT B
0029 0006 DDRA EQU $06 * PORT A DDR
0030 0007 DDRB EQU $07 * PORT B DDR
0031 000D CFG_F EQU $0D * PORT F CONFIG REG
0032
0033 001D OSD_CTL1 EQU $1D * OSD FRAME CONTROL 1
0034 0007 PLLLEN EQU $7 * PLL ENABLE
0035 0004 ONOFF EQU $4 * OSD ON/OFF
0036 002B OSD_CTL3 EQU $2B * OSD FRAME CONTROL 3
0037 0007 VFINTE EQU $7 * V-SYNC INT ENABLE
0038 0004 VFLB EQU $4 * V-SYNC INT FLAG
0039
0040 0050 MASADR EQU $50 *MASTER ADDRESS
0041 00A0 SLV_W EQU $A0 *SLAVE WRITE ADDRESS
0042 00A1 SLV_R EQU $A1 *SLAVE READ ADDRESS
0043 0000 PRESCAL EQU $00 *PRESCALAR
0044 0001 READ EQU $1 *READ MASK
0045 00FE WRITE EQU $FE *WRITE MASK
0046
0047 0037 MADR EQU $37 *M-BUS ADDRESS REGISTER
0048 0038 FDR EQU $38 *FREQ DIVIDER REG
0049 0039 MCR EQU $39 *M-BUS CONTROL REG
0050 003A MSR EQU $3A *M-BUS STATUS REG
0051 003B MDR EQU $3B *M-BUS DATA REG
0052
0053 0007 MEN EQU 7 *MCR BIT7 - M-BUS ENABLE
0054 0006 MIEN EQU 6 *MCR BIT6 - M-BUS INTERRUPT ENABLE
0055 0005 MSTA EQU 5 *MCR BIT5 - MASTER/SLAVE MODE SELECT
0056 0004 MTX EQU 4 *MCR BIT4 - TX/RX MODE SELECT
0057 0003 TXAK EQU 3 *MCR BIT3 - TRANSMIT ACK ENABLE BIT
0058
0059 0007 MCF EQU 7 *MSR BIT7 - M-BUS DATA TRANSMITTING
0060 0006 MAAS EQU 6 *MSR BIT6 - M-BUS ADDRESSED AS SLAVE
0061 0005 MBB EQU 5 *MSR BIT5 - M-BUS BUSY
0062 0001 MIF EQU 1 *MSR BIT1 - M-BUS INTERRUPT PENDING
0063 0000 RXAK EQU 0 *MSR BIT0 - M-BUS RECEIVED ACKNOWLEDGE
0064 ****
0065 * VARIABLE DEFINITIONS *
0066
0067 ****
0068
0069 *
0070 * RAM USEAGE :
0071 *
0072 0050 ORG RAMST1
0073 0050 SAVE_X RMB 1 * TEMP X
0074 0051 SAVE_A RMB 1 * TEMP A
0075 0052 EEP_AD RMB 1 * EEPROM BYTE ADDRESS
0076 0053 BYTE_CNT RMB 1 * EDID COUNTER 0-128
0077 0054 DATA RMB 1 * RECEIVE DATA SHIFT REGISTER
0078 0055 BIT_CNT RMB 1 * COUNT NUMBER OF BIT RECEIVED
0079
0080 ****
0081 * MAIN PROGRAM *
0082 ****
0083 A000 ORG ROMST
0084
0085 *
0086 * PORT AND DATA INIT
0087 *
0088 A000 9B MAIN SEI
0089 A001 4F CLRA * INIT
0090 A002 B7 52 STA EEP_AD * EEP_AD = 0
0091 A004 B7 53 STA BYTE_CNT * BYTE_CNT = 0
0092 A006 B7 00 STA PORTA * PORT A DATA = 0
0093 A008 B7 01 STA PORTB * PORT B DATA = 0
0094 A00A A6 07 LDA #$7 * PORTA 0,1 & 2 SET TO OUTPUT

```

```

0095 A00C B7 06      STA    DDRA      * PORT A DDR = $FF (ALL OUTPUT)
0096 A00E A6 60      LDA    #$60     * CONFIG PF5 AND PF6 TO BE SDA AND SCL RESP.
0097 A010 B7 0D      STA    CFG_F_
0098 A012 A6 09      LDA    #9
0099 A014 B7 55      STA    BIT_CNT
0100 A016 A6 90      LDA    #$90      * ENABLE PLL AND OSD
0101 A018 B7 1D      STA    OSD_CTRL1
0102 A01A A6 80      LDA    #$80      * ENABLE V-SYNC INT
0103 A01C B7 2B      STA    OSD_CTRL3
0104
0105 A01E CD A0 6C      JSR    INIT_MB      * INIT M-BUS
0106 A021 5F      CLRX
0107 A022 CD A0 7D      JSR    CALL       * SEND SLAVE ADDRESS & GET DATA
0108 A025 B7 54      STA    DATA
0109 A027 3C 53      INC    BYTE_CNT   * COUNT FOR NUMBER OF BYTE READ
0110
0111 A029 9A      CLI
0112 A02A 20 FE      LOOP   BRA    LOOP
0113
0114 A02C      OSD_ISR EQU    *
0115 A02C 09 2B 29      BRCLR VFLL,OSD_CTRL3,EX OSD  *CHECK IF V-SYNC INT
0116 A02F 3A 55      DEC    BIT_CNT    *DECREASE BIT_CNT
0117 A031 27 0F      BEQ    NXT_R      *IF 0 THEN READ NEXT BYTE
0118 A033 B6 54      LDA    DATA       *OTHERWISE ROTATE DATA 1BIT LEFT
0119 A035 49      ROLA
0120 A036 B7 54      STA    DATA
0121 A038 24 04      BCC    LOW        *IF MSB LOW THEN OUTPUT LOW
0122 A03A 10 00      BSET  0,PORTA   *OTHERWISE OUTPUT HIGH
0123 A03C 20 1A      BRA    EX OSD    *RETURN INT
0124 A03E 11 00      LOW    BCLR 0,PORTA
0125 A040 20 16      BRA    EX OSD
0126
0127
0128
0129 A042      NXT_R EQU    *
***** THIS PART IS ONLY REQUIRED FOR EXTERNAL EEPROM IS GREATER THAN 128 BYTES *****
0130
0131
0132
0133
0134 A042 BE 53      LDX    BYTE_CNT   *CHECK IF 128 BYTES READ
0135 A044 5C      INCX
0136 A045 A3 80      CPX    #$80
0137 A047 27 12      BEQ    NXT_CYC   *IF SO RESET EEPROM ADDRESS TO $00
0138 A049 BF 53      STX    BYTE_CNT
0139 ***** OTHERWISE GET 1 BYTE FROM EEPROM *****
0140 A04B 03 3A 64      BRCLR MIF,MSR,W_RB1  *WAIT UNTIL DATA RECEIVED
0141 A04E 13 3A      BCLR  MIF,MSR   *RESET INTERRUPT FLAG
0142 A050 B6 3B      LDA    MDR       *GET RECEIVED DATA
0143 A052 B7 54      STA    DATA
0144 A054 A6 09      INIT_BIT LDA #9      *RESET BIT_CNT
0145 A056 B7 55      STA    BIT_CNT
0146 A058 19 2B      EX OSD BCLR VFLL,OSD_CTRL3  *RESET INT FLAG
0147 A05A 80      RTI
0148
0149 ***** THIS PART IS ONLY REQUIRED FOR EXTERNAL EEPROM IS GREATER THAN 128 BYTES *****
0150
0151
0152
0153 A05B      NXT_CYC EQU    *
0154 A05B 1A 39      BSET  MSTA,MCR   *GENERATE (STOP)
0155 A05D 1B 39      BCLR  MSTA,MCR
0156 A05F CD A0 BA      JSR    DELAY     *DELAY REQUIRED BETWEEN STOP/START
0157 A062 5F      CLRX
0158 A063 BF 53      STX    BYTE_CNT
0159 A065 CD A0 7D      JSR    CALL
0160 A068 B7 54      STA    DATA
0161 A06A 20 E8      BRA    INIT_BIT
0162
0163 -----
0164 *INIT_MB: INIT M-BUS
0165 *      - SET PRESCALAR
0166 *      - SET MASTER ADDRESS
0167 *      - RELEASE M-BUS IF IN USE
0168 * SIDE EFF: A
0169 -----

```

```

0170 A06C A6 00      INIT_MB LDA      #PRESCAL ;SET CLOCK PRESCALAR
0171 A06E B7 38      STA      FDR
0172 A070 A6 50      LDA      #MASADR ;SET MASTER ADDRESS
0173 A072 B7 37      STA      MADR
0174 A074 1E 39      BSET    MEN,MCR ;ENABLE M-BUS
0175 A076 17 39      BCLR    TXAK,MCR ;ENABLE ACKNOWLEDGE
0176 A078 1A 39      BSET    MSTA,MCR ;GENERATE (STOP)
0177 A07A 1B 39      BCLR    MSTA,MCR
0178 A07C 81          RTS
0179
0180 A07D 0A 3A FD    CALL    BRSET   MBB,MSR,CALL ;WAIT UNTIL THE M-BUS IS NOT BUSY
0181 A080 18 39      BSET    MTX,MCR ;SET TRANSMIT MODE (START)
0182 A082 1A 39      BSET    MSTA,MCR ;SET MASTER MODE
0183 A084 13 3A      BCLR    MIF,MSR ;CLEAR M-BUS INTERRUPT FLAG
0184 A086 A6 A0      LDA     #SLV_W ;GET SLAVE ADDRESS
0185 A088 B7 3B      STA     MDR    ;SEND OUT SLAVE ADDRESS
0186 A08A 03 3A FD    W_CALL  BRCLR  MIF,MSR,W_CALL ;WAIT UNTIL SLAVE ADDRESS IS SENT
0187 A08D 13 3A      BCLR    MIF,MSR ;RESET INTERRUPT FLAG
0188 A08F 00 3A 31      BRSET  RXAK,MSR,ERROR ;CHECK THE ACNOWLEDGE FLAG
0189 A092 BF 3B      STX     MDR    ;SEND BYTE ADDRESS
0190 A094 03 3A FD    W_CALL1 BRCLR  MIF,MSR,W_CALL1 ;WAIT UNTIL SLAVE ADDRESS IS SENT
0191 A097 13 3A      BCLR    MIF,MSR ;RESET INTERRUPT FLAG
0192 A099 00 3A 27      BRSET  RXAK,MSR,ERROR ;CHECK THE ACNOWLEDGE FLAG
0193
0194
0195 A09C 18 39      READ_B BSET   MTX,MCR ;SET TRANSMITE MODE (START)
0196 A09E 1B 39      BCLR    MSTA,MCR ;GENERATE REPEAT START/START
0197 A0A0 1A 39      BSET    MSTA,MCR ;SET MASTER MODE
0198 A0A2 A6 A1      LDA     #SLV_R ;GET SLAVE ADDRESS
0199 A0A4 B7 3B      STA     MDR    ;SEND OUT SLAVE ADDRESS
0200 A0A6 03 3A FD    W_RB   BRCLR  MIF,MSR,W_RB ;WAIT UNTIL SLAVE ADDRESS IS SENT
0201 A0A9 13 3A      BCLR    MIF,MSR ;RESET INTERRUPT FLAG
0202 A0AB 00 3A 15      BRSET  RXAK,MSR,ERROR ;CHECK THE ACNOWLEDGE FLAG
0203 A0AE 19 39      BCLR    MTX,MCR ;SET RECEIVE MODE
0204 A0B0 B6 3B      LDA     MDR    ;DUMMY READ FOR RECEIVE TIMING
0205 A0B2 03 3A FD    W_RB1  BRCLR  MIF,MSR,W_RB1 ;WAIT UNTIL DATA RECEIVED
0206 A0B5 13 3A      BCLR    MIF,MSR ;RESET INTERRUPT FLAG
0207 A0B7 B6 3B      LDA     MDR    ;GET RECEIVED DATA
0208 A0B9 81          RTS
0209
0210 A0BA B7 51      DELAY  STA     SAVE_A
0211 A0BC 4F          CLRA
0212 A0BD 4C          DELAY1 INCA
0213 A0BE 26 FD      BNE    DELAY1
0214 A0C0 B6 51      LDA     SAVE_A
0215 A0C2 81          RTS
0216
0217 A0C3 20 FE      ERROR  BRA    ERROR ;ERROR ENCOUNTERED
0218
0219
0220 A0C5 80          MFT_ISR RTI
0221 A0C6 80          PAC_ISR RTI
0222 A0C7 80          IIC_ISR RTI
0223 A0C8 80          IC_ISR  RTI
0224 A0C9 80          IRQ_ISR RTI
0225 A0CA 80          NUL_ISR RTI
0226
***** * RESET AND INTERRUPT VECTORS *
0227
0228
***** * RESET AND INTERRUPT VECTORS *
0229 FFFF00            ORG    $FFFF0
0230 FFFF0 A0 C5      MFT_VEC FDB    MFT_ISR
0231 FFFF2 A0 C6      PAC_VEC FDB    PAC_ISR
0232 FFFF4 A0 C7      IIC_VEC FDB    IIC_ISR
0233 FFFF6 A0 C8      TIM_VEC FDB    IC_ISR
0234 FFFF8 A0 C9      IRQ_VEC FDB    IRQ_ISR
0235 FFFFA A0 2C      OSD_VEC FDB    OSD_ISR
0236 FFFFC A0 CA      SWI_VEC FDB    NUL_ISR
0237 FFFE A0 00      RESET_VE FDB    MAIN
0238
0239          END

```

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